



Safety Data Sheet

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Document Group:	09-5451-1	Version Number:	26.00
Issue Date:	06/20/14	Supersedes Date:	08/18/13

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M Brand Fire Barrier CP-25WB+

Product Identification Numbers

42-0016-4710-8, 42-0016-4715-7, 42-0016-4716-5, 98-0400-5380-7, 98-0400-5381-5, 98-0400-5382-3, 98-0400-5383-1, 98-0400-5406-0, 98-0400-5456-5, 98-0400-5562-0, 98-0400-5573-7, 98-0400-5610-7, 98-0400-5629-7

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Fire Protection, Used as Firestop in buildings.

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER:	3M
DIVISION:	Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division
ADDRESS:	3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA
Telephone:	1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2B.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Warning

Symbols

Not applicable

Pictograms

Not applicable

Hazard Statements

Causes eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements

General:

Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response:

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

None.

25% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Zinc Borate 2335	138265-88-0	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
Polymer (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7270)	Trade Secret*	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
Water	7732-18-5	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
Sodium Silicate	1344-09-8	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
Ethylhexyldiphenyl phosphate	1241-94-7	3 - 7 Trade Secret *
Oxide glass chemicals	65997-17-3	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Iron oxide	1309-37-1	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Polyethylene Glycol	25322-68-3	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Triphenyl phosphate	115-86-6	< 1.0 Trade Secret *
Di-2-ethylhexylphenyl phosphate	16368-97-1	< 1.0 Trade Secret *
Polyoxyethylene monooctylphenyl ether	9036-19-5	< 1.0 Trade Secret *
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone	55965-84-9	< 0.001 Trade Secret *

NJTS or NJTSRN: New Jersey Trade Secret Registry Number.

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**5.1. Suitable extinguishing media**

Non-combustible. Use a fire fighting agent suitable for surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

No special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Avoid eye contact. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Keep cool. Store away from heat. Store away from areas where product may come into contact with food or pharmaceuticals. Store in a dry place.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1. Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Triphenyl phosphate	115-86-6	ACGIH	TWA:3 mg/m3	
Triphenyl phosphate	115-86-6	OSHA	TWA:3 mg/m3	

Iron oxide	1309-37-1	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3	
Iron oxide	1309-37-1	OSHA	TWA(as fume):10 mg/m3	
ROUGE	1309-37-1	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3;TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3	
Polyethylene Glycol	25322-68-3	AIHA	TWA(as particulate):10 mg/m3	
Oxide glass chemicals	65997-17-3	Manufacturer determined	TWA(as dust):10 mg/m3	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Butyl Rubber

Neoprene

Nitrile Rubber

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form: Solid

Specific Physical Form: Paste

Odor, Color, Grade: Red with negligible odor

Odor threshold *No Data Available*

Melting point *No Data Available*

Flash Point No flash point

Flammability (solid, gas) Not Classified

Flammable Limits(LEL) *Not Applicable*

Flammable Limits(UEL) *Not Applicable*

Specific Gravity 1.35 [*Ref Std: WATER=1*]

Solubility in Water Complete

Solubility- non-water *No Data Available*

Autoignition temperature *Not Applicable*

Decomposition temperature *No Data Available*

Volatile Organic Compounds < 1 g/l

VOC Less H₂O & Exempt Solvents < 1 g/l

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None known.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None known.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Carbon monoxide	Not Specified
Carbon dioxide	Not Specified
Oxides of Phosphorus	Not Specified

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient

classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye Contact:

Moderate Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Ingestion:

May be harmful if swallowed.

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Polymer (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7270)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Zinc Borate 2335	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Zinc Borate 2335	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Sodium Silicate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 4,640 mg/kg
Sodium Silicate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 500 mg/kg
Ethylhexyldiphenyl phosphate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 7,940 mg/kg
Ethylhexyldiphenyl phosphate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 24,000 mg/kg
Iron oxide	Dermal	Not available	LD50 3,100 mg/kg
Iron oxide	Ingestion	Not available	LD50 3,700 mg/kg
Polyethylene Glycol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 20,000 mg/kg
Polyethylene Glycol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 32,770 mg/kg
Oxide glass chemicals	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Oxide glass chemicals	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Polyoxyethylene mono-octylphenyl ether	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Polyoxyethylene mono-octylphenyl ether	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 500 mg/kg
Triphenyl phosphate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 7,900 mg/kg
Triphenyl phosphate	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 50 mg/l
Triphenyl phosphate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 87 mg/kg
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 0.33 mg/l

3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 40 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Polymer (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7270)	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Sodium Silicate	Rabbit	Corrosive
Iron oxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Polyethylene Glycol	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Oxide glass chemicals		No significant irritation
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone	Rabbit	Corrosive

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Polymer (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7270)		Mild irritant
Sodium Silicate	Rabbit	Corrosive
Iron oxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Polyethylene Glycol	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Oxide glass chemicals		No significant irritation
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone	Rabbit	Corrosive

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Sodium Silicate	Mouse	Not sensitizing
Iron oxide	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Polyethylene Glycol	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone	Human and animal	Sensitizing

Photosensitization

Name	Species	Value
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone	Human and animal	Not sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Sodium Silicate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Sodium Silicate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Iron oxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Polyethylene Glycol	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Polyethylene Glycol	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Oxide glass chemicals	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone	In vivo	Not mutagenic
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Iron oxide	Inhalation	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not

			sufficient for classification
Polyethylene Glycol	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Oxide glass chemicals	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Sodium Silicate	Ingestion	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Polyethylene Glycol	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,125 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Polyethylene Glycol	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 5699 +/- 1341 mg/kg/day	5 days
Polyethylene Glycol	Not Specified	Some positive reproductive/developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOEL N/A	
Polyethylene Glycol	Ingestion	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 562 mg/animal/day	during gestation
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 10 mg/kg/day	2 generation
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 10 mg/kg/day	2 generation
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 15 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Sodium Silicate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	official classification	NOAEL Not available	
Polyethylene Glycol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.008 mg/l	2 weeks
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Sodium Silicate	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	LOAEL 2,400 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
Sodium Silicate	Ingestion	endocrine system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 804 mg/kg/day	3 months
Sodium Silicate	Ingestion	blood	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 804	3 months

					mg/kg/day	
Sodium Silicate	Ingestion	heart liver	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 1,259 mg/kg/day	8 weeks
Iron oxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis pneumoconiosis	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Polyethylene Glycol	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.008 mg/l	2 weeks
Polyethylene Glycol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 5,640 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Polyethylene Glycol	Ingestion	heart endocrine system hematopoietic system liver nervous system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 5,640 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Oxide glass chemicals	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL not available	occupational exposure

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information**Ecotoxicological information****Test Organism**

Water flea, Daphnia magna

Green algae, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Test Type

48 hours Aquatic Toxicity - Acute

72 hours Aquatic Toxicity - Chronic

Result

27 mg/l

2.6 mg/l

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1. Disposal methods**

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit <http://3M.com/Transportinfo> or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>C.A.S. No</u>	<u>% by Wt</u>
Zinc Borate 2335 (ZINC COMPOUNDS)	138265-88-0	10 - 30

15.2. State Regulations

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Australia National Industrial Chemical Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS). Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this product are in compliance with the new substance notification requirements of CEPA.

The components of this material are in compliance with the China "Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substance". Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of the Korean Toxic Chemical Control Law. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

15.4. International Regulations

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

HMIS Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X - See PPE section.

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS® III) hazard ratings are designed to inform employees of chemical hazards in the workplace. These ratings are based on the inherent properties of the material under expected conditions of normal use and are not intended for use in emergency situations. HMIS® III ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® III program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the American Coatings Association (ACA).

Document Group:	09-5451-1	Version Number:	26.00
Issue Date:	06/20/14	Supersedes Date:	08/18/13

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3M USA SDSs are available at www.3M.com

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form	: Substance
Substance name	: Acetone
CAS No	: 67-64-1
Product code	: LC10420, LC10425
Formula	: C ₃ H ₆ O
Synonyms	: 2-propanone / beta-ketopropane / dimethyl formaldehyde / dimethyl ketone / dimethylketal / DMK (=dimethyl ketone) / keto propane / methyl ketone / pyroacetic acid / pyroacetic ether / pyroacetic spirit
BIG no	: 10001

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture	: Solvent Cleansing product Chemical raw material

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

LabChem Inc
Jackson's Pointe Commerce Park Building 1000, 1010 Jackson's Pointe Court
Zelienople, PA 16063 - USA
T 412-826-5230 - F 724-473-0647
info@labchem.com - www.labchem.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number	: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 or 011-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Flam. Liq. 2 H225
Eye Irrit. 2A H319
STOT SE 3 H336

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks. - No smoking
P233 - Keep container tightly closed
P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge
P261 - Avoid breathing mist, spray, vapours
P264 - Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves
P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P312 - Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/.../if you feel unwell
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO₂) for extinction
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Acetone

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

P405 - Store locked up
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations
P235 - Keep cool

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : None.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Acetone (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 67-64-1	100	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with laboured breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash immediately with lots of water. Soap may be used. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents. Remove clothing before washing. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth with water. Immediately after ingestion: give lots of water to drink. Do not give milk/oil to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Give activated charcoal. Call Poison Information Centre (www.big.be/antigif.htm). Consult a doctor/medical service if you feel unwell. Ingestion of large quantities: immediately to hospital. Doctor: gastric lavage.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries : Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Feeling of weakness. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Nausea. Vomiting. Headache. Central nervous system depression. Dizziness. Narcosis. Excited/restless. Drunkenness. Disturbed motor response. Respiratory difficulties. Disturbances of consciousness.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Dry skin. Cracking of the skin.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Irritation of the eye tissue.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Dry/sore throat. Risk of aspiration pneumonia. Symptoms similar to those listed under inhalation. AFTER ABSORPTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Irritation of the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Change in the haemogramme/blood composition. Change in urine output. Affection of the renal tissue. Enlargement/affection of the liver.

Symptoms/injuries upon intravenous administration : Not available.

Chronic symptoms : ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Red skin. Skin rash/inflammation. Dry/sore throat. Headache. Nausea. Feeling of weakness. Loss of weight. Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical assistance.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Preferably: alcohol resistant foam. Water spray. Polyvalent foam. BC powder. Carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Solid water jet ineffective as extinguishing medium.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : DIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Highly flammable. Gas/vapour flammable with air within explosion limits. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD. May be ignited by sparks. Gas/vapour spreads at floor level: ignition hazard. Reactions involving a fire hazard: see "Reactivity Hazard".

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Explosion hazard	: DIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. Gas/vapour explosive with air within explosion limits. INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. Heat may cause pressure rise in tanks/drums: explosion risk. may be ignited by sparks. Reactions with explosion hazards: see "Reactivity Hazard".
Reactivity	: Upon combustion: CO and CO ₂ are formed. Violent to explosive reaction with many compounds. Prolonged storage: on exposure to light: release of harmful gases/vapours. Reacts violently with (strong) oxidizers: peroxidation resulting in increased fire or explosion risk.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions	: Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. Physical explosion risk: extinguish/cool from behind cover. Do not move the load if exposed to heat. After cooling: persistent risk of physical explosion.
Protection during firefighting	: Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	: Gloves. Protective goggles. Protective clothing. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: compressed air apparatus.
Emergency procedures	: Keep upwind. Mark the danger area. Consider evacuation. Seal off low-lying areas. Close doors and windows of adjacent premises. Stop engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks. Spark- and explosionproof appliances and lighting equipment. Keep containers closed. Wash contaminated clothes.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment	: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent spreading in sewers.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment	: Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers. Consult "Material-handling" to select material of containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the liquid spill. Try to reduce evaporation. Measure the concentration of the explosive gas-air mixture. Dilute/disperse combustible gas/vapour with water curtain. Provide equipment/receptacles with earthing. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills.
Methods for cleaning up	: Take up liquid spill into inert absorbent material, e.g.: sand, earth, vermiculite. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. See "Material-handling" for suitable container materials. Spill must not return in its original container. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Damaged/cooled tanks must be emptied. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling	: Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Handle uncleaned empty containers as full ones. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Do not use compressed air for pumping over. Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Take precautions against electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Avoid prolonged and repeated contact with skin. Keep container tightly closed. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Work under local exhaust/ventilation.
Hygiene measures	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions	: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Heat sources, Direct sunlight, incompatible materials. Keep container closed when not in use.
Incompatible products	: Strong bases. Strong acids.
Incompatible materials	: Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.
Storage temperature	: 15 - 20 °C
Heat and ignition sources	: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources. ignition sources.
Prohibitions on mixed storage	: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: oxidizing agents. reducing agents. (strong) acids. (strong) bases. halogens. amines.

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Storage area	: Store in a cool area. Keep out of direct sunlight. Store in a dry area. Store in a dark area. Ventilation at floor level. Fireproof storeroom. Provide for an automatic sprinkler system. Provide for a tub to collect spills. Provide the tank with earthing. Meet the legal requirements.
Special rules on packaging	: SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: closing. with pressure relief valve. clean. opaque. correctly labelled. meet the legal requirements. Secure fragile packagings in solid containers.
Packaging materials	: SUITABLE MATERIAL: steel. stainless steel. carbon steel. aluminium. iron. copper. nickel. bronze. glass. MATERIAL TO AVOID: synthetic material.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Acetone (67-64-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	500 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	750 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	2400 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.
Materials for protective clothing	: GIVE EXCELLENT RESISTANCE: No data available. GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: butyl rubber. tetrafluoroethylene. GIVE LESS RESISTANCE: chlorosulfonated polyethylene. natural rubber. neoprene. polyurethane. PVA. styrene-butadiene rubber. GIVE POOR RESISTANCE: nitrile rubber. polyethylene. PVC. viton. nitrile rubber/PVC.
Hand protection	: Gloves.
Eye protection	: Protective goggles.
Skin and body protection	: Head/neck protection. Protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	: Wear gas mask with filter type A if conc. in air > exposure limit.
Other information	: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Liquid.
Molecular mass	: 58.08 g/mol
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Aromatic odour. Sweet odour. Fruity odour.
Odour threshold	: 306 - 653 ppm 737 - 1574 mg/m ³
pH	: 7
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: 6
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: 2
Melting point	: -95 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 56 °C
Flash point	: -18 °C
Critical temperature	: 235 °C
Self ignition temperature	: 465 °C
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: 247 hPa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C	: 828 hPa
Critical pressure	: 47010 hPa
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: 2.0
Relative density	: 0.79
Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture	: 1.2
Density	: 786 kg/m ³

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Solubility	: Soluble in water. Soluble in ethanol. Soluble in ether. Soluble in dimethyl ether. Soluble in petroleum spirit. Soluble in chloroform. Soluble in dimethylformamide. Soluble in oils/fats. Water: Complete Ethanol: Complete Ether: Complete
Log Pow	: -0.24 (Test data)
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 0.417 mm ² /s
Viscosity, dynamic	: 0.00033 Pa.s
Explosive properties	: No data available.
Oxidising properties	: None.
Explosive limits	: 2 - 12.8 vol % 60 - 310 g/m ³

9.2. Other information

Minimum ignition energy	: 1.15 mJ
Specific conductivity	: 500000 pS/m
Saturation concentration	: 589 g/m ³
VOC content	: 100 %
Other properties	: Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Clear. Highly volatile. Substance has neutral reaction.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Upon combustion: CO and CO₂ are formed. Violent to explosive reaction with many compounds. Prolonged storage: on exposure to light: release of harmful gases/vapours. Reacts violently with (strong) oxidizers: peroxidation resulting in increased fire or explosion risk.

10.2. Chemical stability

Unstable on exposure to light.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Acetone (1f)67-64-1	
LD50 oral rat	5800 mg/kg (Rat; Experimental value,Rat; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	20000 mg/kg (Rabbit; Experimental value,Rabbit; Experimental value)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	71 mg/l/4h (76 mg/l/4h; Rat; Rat; Experimental value; Experimental value,76 mg/l/4h; Rat; Rat; Experimental value; Experimental value)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	30000 ppm/4h (Rat; Experimental value,Rat; Experimental value)

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified pH: 7
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation. pH: 7
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

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Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Feeling of weakness. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Nausea. Vomiting. Headache. Central nervous system depression. Dizziness. Narcosis. Excited/restless. Drunkenness. Disturbed motor response. Respiratory difficulties. Disturbances of consciousness.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Dry skin. Cracking of the skin.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Irritation of the eye tissue.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Dry/sore throat. Risk of aspiration pneumonia. Symptoms similar to those listed under inhalation. AFTER ABSORPTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Irritation of the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Change in the haemogramme/blood composition. Change in urine output. Affection of the renal tissue. Enlargement/affection of the liver.
Symptoms/injuries upon intravenous administration	: Not available.
Chronic symptoms	: ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Red skin. Skin rash/inflammation. Dry/sore throat. Headache. Nausea. Feeling of weakness. Loss of weight. Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: Classification concerning the environment: not applicable.
Ecology - air	: TA-Luft Klasse 5.2.5.
Ecology - water	: Not harmful to fishes (LC50(96h) >1000 mg/l). Not harmful to invertebrates (Daphnia). Not harmful to algae (EC50 >1000 mg/l). Not harmful to plankton. Inhibition of activated sludge.

Acetone (67-64-1)	
LC50 fishes 1	6210 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas; NOMINAL CONCENTRATION)
EC50 Daphnia 1	8800 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia pulex)
LC50 fish 2	5540 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
TLM fish 1	13000 ppm (96 h; Gambusia affinis; TURBULENT WATER)
TLM fish 2	> 1000 ppm (96 h; Pisces)
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1	3000 mg/l (Plankton)
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 2	28 mg/l (Protozoa)
Threshold limit algae 1	7500 mg/l (Scenedesmus quadricauda; PH = 7)
Threshold limit algae 2	3400 mg/l (48 h; Chlorella sp.)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Acetone (67-64-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.43 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.92 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	2.20 g O ₂ /g substance

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Acetone (67-64-1)	
BCF fish 1	0.69 (Pisces)
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	3
Log Pow	-0.24 (Test data)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Acetone (67-64-1)	
Surface tension	0.0237 N/m

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information	: Avoid release to the environment.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations	: Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Recycle by distillation. Remove to an authorized waste incinerator for solvents with energy recovery. Do not discharge into drains or the environment.
Additional information	: LWCA (the Netherlands): KGA category 03. Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

14.1. UN number

UN-No.(DOT)	: 1090
DOT NA no.	UN1090

14.2. UN proper shipping name

DOT Proper Shipping Name	: Acetone
Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes	: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 3 - Flammable liquids



Packing group (DOT)	: II - Medium Danger
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = $97 / (1 + a (tr - tf))$ Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 150
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 242

14.3. Additional information

Other information	: No supplementary information available.
State during transport (ADR-RID)	: as liquid.

Overland transport

Packing group (ADR)	: II
Class (ADR)	: 3 - Flammable liquids
Hazard identification number (Kemler No.)	: 33
Classification code (ADR)	: F1
Danger labels (ADR)	: 3 - Flammable liquids



Orange plates	:

Tunnel restriction code	: D/E

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Transport by sea

DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.
EmS-No. (1)	: F-E
EmS-No. (2)	: S-D

Air transport

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 5 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 60 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Acetone (67-64-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) :	5000 lb

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Acetone (67-64-1)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flam. Liq. 2 H225
Eye Irrit. 2 H319
STOT SE 3 H336

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

F; R11
Xi; R36
R66
R67

Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

15.2.2. National regulations

Acetone (67-64-1)	
Listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List	

15.3. US State regulations

No additional information available

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes	: Revision - See : *
Other information	: None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids, Category 2

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STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness

NFPA health hazard

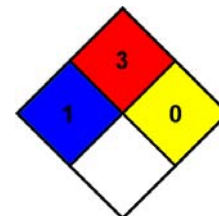
: 1 - Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual injury even if no treatment is given.

NFPA fire hazard

: 3 - Liquids and solids that can be ignited under almost all ambient conditions.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



HMIS III Rating

Health

: 1 Slight Hazard - Irritation or minor reversible injury possible

Flammability

: 3 Serious Hazard

Physical

: 0 Minimal Hazard

Personal Protection

: C

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

Information in this SDS is from available published sources and is believed to be accurate. No warranty, express or implied, is made and LabChem Inc assumes no liability resulting from the use of this SDS. The user must determine suitability of this information for his application.

Acetylene, dissolved

Safety Data Sheet P-4559

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 02/03/2016 Supersedes: 01/12/2015

SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance
Name : Acetylene, dissolved
CAS No : 74-86-2
Formula : C₂H₂
Other means of identification : Acetylen, ethine, ethyne, narycylene

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use. Use as directed.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.
39 Old Ridgebury Road
Danbury, CT 06810-5113 - USA
T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146
www.praxair.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24 hr/day 7 days/week
— Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887
(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Flam. Gas 1 H220
Dissolved gas H280

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS02

GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) :

DANGER

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :

H220 - EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS
H231 - MAY REACT EXPLOSIVELY EVEN IN THE ABSENCE OF AIR AT ELEVATED PRESSURE AND/OR TEMPERATURE
H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED
OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION
CGA-HG04 - MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) :

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P210 - Keep away from Heat, Open flames, Sparks, Hot surfaces. - No smoking
P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place
P377 - Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely
P381 - Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container Supplier/owner instructions
CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping
CGA-PG13 - Fusible plugs in the top, bottom, or valve melt at 98°C to 107°C (208°F to 224°F). Do not discharge at pressures above 15 psig (103 kPa)
CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty

Acetylene, dissolved

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CGA-PG11 - Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles
CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F)

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : For safety reasons, the acetylene is dissolved in acetone (CAS no. 67-64-1; Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3) in the gas container. Vapour of the solvent is carried away as impurity when the acetylene is extracted from the gas container. The concentration of the solvent vapour in the gas is lower than the concentration limits to change the classification of the acetylene.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Name	Product identifier	%
Acetylene, dissolved (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 74-86-2	100

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

First-aid measures after skin contact : The liquid may cause frostbite. For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an ophthalmologist immediately. Get immediate medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical assistance.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : See below. See CGA Pamphlet SB-4, Handling Acetylene Cylinders in Fire Situations, for further information.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. If venting or leaking gas catches fire, do not extinguish flames. Flammable vapors may spread from leak, creating an explosive reignition hazard. Vapors can be ignited by pilot lights, other flames, smoking, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from product handling point. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering an area, especially a confined area, check the atmosphere with an appropriate device.

Explosion hazard : EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. Forms explosive mixtures with air and oxidizing agents.

Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

Acetylene, dissolved

Safety Data Sheet P-4559

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 02/03/2016 Supersedes: 01/12/2015

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.
- Protection during firefighting : Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.
- Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
- Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems
- Stop flow of product if safe to do so
- Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible
- Continue water spray from protected position until container stays cool.
- Other information : Acetylene containers are provided with pressure relief devices designed to vent contents when exposed to elevated temperature.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- General measures : Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Evacuate area. Ensure adequate ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water pollution. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Precautions for safe handling : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only explosion-proof equipment
- Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post "No Smoking" or "Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g., NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

Storage area : Acetylene trailers are designed and intended for outdoor use. Acetylene storage in excess of 2.500 cu ft (70.79 cubic meters) is prohibited in buildings and other occupancies.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : An explosion-proof local exhaust system or a mechanical system is acceptable if it can prevent oxygen deficiency and keep hazardous fumes and gases below all applicable exposure limits in the worker's breathing area. During welding, ensure that there is adequate ventilation to keep worker exposure below applicable limits for fumes, gases, and other by-products of welding. Do not breathe fumes or gases. Short-term overexposure to fumes may cause dizziness, nausea, and dryness or irritation of the nose, throat, and eyes, or may cause other similar discomfort.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Skin and body protection : As needed for welding, wear hand, head, and body protection to help prevent injury from radiation and sparks. (See ANSI Z49.1.) At a minimum, this includes welder's gloves and protective goggles, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, and shoulder protection as well as substantial clothing.

Respiratory protection : When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure (e.g., an organic vapor cartridge). For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Thermal hazard protection : Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.

Environmental exposure controls : Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.

Other information : Consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing. Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas

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Appearance	: Colorless, odorless gas.
Molecular mass	: 26 g/mol
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Garlic like. Poor warning properties at low concentrations.
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: Not applicable.
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: -80.8 °C (-113.4°F)
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: -84 °C (-119.2°F)
Flash point	: -17 °C (1.4°F)
Critical temperature	: 36 °C (97°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: 305 °C (581°F)
Decomposition temperature	: 635 °C (1175°F)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: 2.5 - 100 vol %
Vapour pressure	: 44 bar (623 psig)
Critical pressure	: 61.38 bar (875 psig)
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: Not applicable.
Density	: 0.0012 g/cm ³ (at 0 °C)
Relative gas density	: 0.9
Solubility	: Water: 1185 mg/l
Log Pow	: 0.37
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidising properties	: None.
Explosive limits	: No data available

9.2. Other information

Sublimation point	: -83.3 °C
Gas group	: Dissolved gas

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

10.2. Chemical stability

Dissolved in a solvent supported in a porous mass. Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May react explosively even in the absence of air. May decompose violently at high temperature and/or pressure or in the presence of a catalyst. Can form explosive mixture with air. May react violently with oxidants.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

High temperature. High pressure. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Forms explosive acetylides with copper, silver and mercury. Do not use alloys containing more than 65% copper. Air, Oxidiser. Do not use alloys containing more than 43% silver.

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10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition or burning may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and hydrogen. The welding and cutting process may form reaction products such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Other decomposition products of normal operation originate from the volatilization, reaction, or oxidation of the material being worked.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: No known ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Will rapidly degrade by indirect photolysis in air. Will not undergo hydrolysis.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)	
Log Pow	0.37
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4). Refer to section 9.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer	: No known effects from this product
Effect on the global warming	: No known effects from this product

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1001 Acetylene, dissolved
UN-No.(DOT) : UN1001
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Acetylene, dissolved
Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.1 - Flammable gas



DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : N86 - UN pressure receptacles made of aluminum alloy are not authorized
N88 - Any metal part of a UN pressure receptacle in contact with the contents may not contain more than 65% copper, with a tolerance of 1%

Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 116 (UN1001)
Other information : No supplementary information available.
Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1001
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : Acetylene, dissolved
Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases
MFAG-No : 116

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1001
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Acetylene, dissolved
Class (IATA) : 2
Civil Aeronautics Law : Gases under pressure/Gases flammable under pressure(Hazardous materials notice Appended Table 1 Article 194 of the Enforcement Regulations)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Sudden release of pressure hazard Reactive hazard Fire hazard

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

This product or mixture does not contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

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15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

15.2.2. National regulations

Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on CIGR (Turkish Inventory and Control of Chemicals)

15.3. US State regulations

Acetylene, dissolved(74-86-2)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

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SECTION 16: Other information

Other information

: When using this product in welding and cutting, read and understand the manufacturer's instructions and the precautionary label on the product. Ask your welding products supplier for a copy of Praxair's free safety booklet, P-2035, Precautions and Safe Practices for Gas Welding, Cutting, and Heating, and for other manufacturers' safety publications. For a detailed treatment, get ANSI Z49.1, Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes, published by the American Welding Society (AWS), www.aws.org. Order AWS documents from Global Engineering Documents, global.ihs.com. Arcs and sparks can ignite combustible materials. Prevent fires. Refer to NFPA 51B, Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hotwork. Do not strike an arc on the container. The defect produced by an arc burn may lead to container rupture

Fumes and gases produced during welding and cutting processes can be dangerous to your health and may cause serious lung disease. KEEP YOUR HEAD OUT OF FUMES. DO NOT BREATHE FUMES AND GASES. Use enough ventilation, local exhaust, or both to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. Short-term overexposure to fumes may cause dizziness, nausea, and dryness or irritation of the nose, throat, and eyes; or may cause other similar discomfort. Contaminants in the air may add to the hazard of fumes and gases

When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product

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NFPA health hazard

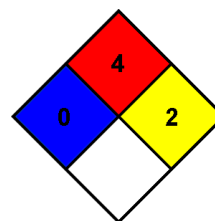
: 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

NFPA fire hazard

: 4 - Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal pressure and temperature, or is readily dispersed in air and will burn readily.

NFPA reactivity

: 2 - Normally unstable and readily undergo violent decomposition but do not detonate. Also: may react violently with water or may form potentially explosive mixtures with water.



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HMIS III Rating

Health	: 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	: 4 Severe Hazard
Physical	: 2 Moderate Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

E61AC132

Section 1. Identification

Product name : Acrylic Enamel Primer
Light Gray

Product code : E61AC132

Other means of identification : Not available.

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.

Manufacturer : THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY
101 Prospect Avenue N.W.
Cleveland, OH 44115

Emergency telephone number of the company : (216) 566-2917

Product Information Telephone Number : Not available.

Regulatory Information Telephone Number : (216) 566-2902

Transportation Emergency Telephone Number : (800) 424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 9.2%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapor. - Harmful if inhaled. - Causes serious eye irritation. - Causes skin irritation. - May cause an allergic skin reaction. - Suspected of causing cancer. - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. - May cause respiratory irritation. - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
<u>Precautionary statements</u>	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture
Other means of identification : Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Xylene	≥25 - ≤50	1330-20-7
Titanium Dioxide	≤10	13463-67-7
Ethylbenzene	≤10	100-41-4
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≤5	95-63-6
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	≤5	64742-95-6
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	≤3	108-67-8
Cumene	<1	98-82-8
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	<1	96-29-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Section 4. First aid measures

- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Titanium Dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
Cumene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime

Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours.

TWA: 245 mg/m³ 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 245 mg/m³ 8 hours.

AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). Skin sensitizer.

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

- : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

- : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

- : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

- : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

- : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

- : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

- : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
pH	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: 136°C (276.8°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	: 0.8 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 0.7% Upper: 7%
Vapor pressure	: 0.13 kPa (0.946 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor density	: 3.66 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 1.22
Solubility	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): <0.205 cm ² /s (<20.5 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm ² /s (<20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.
Aerosol product	
Heat of combustion	: 14.95 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 milligrams	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
Cumene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	86 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Xylene	-	3	-
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
Cumene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Cumene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Cumene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	10729.7 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	17328.1 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	390.5 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6530 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp. - Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pecteniscus - Adult	48 hours
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 13000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
Cumene	Acute LC50 12520 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Acute EC50 2600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7400 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp. - Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 10600 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Acute LC50 2700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 843000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Xylene	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Xylene	-	8.1 to 25.9	low
Titanium Dioxide	-	352	low
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	-	243	low
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	high
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	-	161	low
Cumene	-	94.69	low
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	-	2.5 to 5.8	low

Section 12. Ecological information

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3 	3 	3 	3 
Packing group	III	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Special provisions Not Applicable ERG No. 128	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3). Special provisions Not Applicable ERG No. 128	Special provisions Not Applicable ERG No. 128	Special provisions Not Applicable	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-E, S-E Special provisions Not Applicable

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code : Not available.

Proper shipping name : Not available.
Ship type : Not available.
Pollution category : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	2
Flammability		3
Physical hazards		0

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Justification

On basis of test data
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method

History

Section 16. Other information

Date of printing	: 5/6/2016
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/6/2016
Date of previous issue	: 3/28/2016
Version	: 3.01
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

P64WH18

Section 1. Identification

Product name : Acrylic Enamel (HAPS Complying)
Masonry White

Product code : P64WH18

Other means of identification : Not available.

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.

Manufacturer : THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY
101 Prospect Avenue N.W.
Cleveland, OH 44115

Emergency telephone number of the company : (216) 566-2917

Product Information Telephone Number : Not available.

Regulatory Information Telephone Number : (216) 566-2902

Transportation Emergency Telephone Number : (800) 424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 18.6%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Danger

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
<u>Precautionary statements</u>	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Ethyl Acetate	34.9	141-78-6
Isobutyl Acetate	12.5	110-19-0
Titanium Dioxide	10.8	13463-67-7
n-Butyl Acetate	7.0	123-86-4
Xylene	2.1	1330-20-7
Ethylbenzene	0.4	100-41-4
Pentamethyliperidyl Sebacate	0.3	41556-26-7
Amino Polymer	0.2	162627-17-0
Toluene	0.1	108-88-3

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pentamethyliperidyl Sebacate	0.1	82919-37-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Section 4. First aid measures

- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions :

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Ethyl Acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1440 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1400 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Isobutyl Acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 713 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 700 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 700 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Titanium Dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
n-Butyl Acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Toluene	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 300 ppm AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 10 hours.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
- Individual protection measures**
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Not available.
- Odor** : Not available.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Melting point** : Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Boiling point	: 72°C (161.6°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 8°C (46.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	: 3.91 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 1% Upper: 10.7%
Vapor pressure	: 1.5 kPa (11.465 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor density	: 3.04 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 1.09
Solubility	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): >0.07 cm ² /s (>7 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.07 cm ² /s (>7 cSt)

Aerosol product

Heat of combustion	: 0.00001532 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Ethyl Acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
Isobutyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13400 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl Acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-

Section 11. Toxicological information

Toluene	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral	Rat Rat Rat	3500 mg/kg 49 g/m ³ 636 mg/kg	- 4 hours -

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Isobutyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent	-
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
Ethylbenzene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Toluene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250 microliters	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-
Xylene	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
Toluene	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Toluene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Toluene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	166035.2 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	4456.9 ppm

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Ethyl Acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 2400 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp. Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	96 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 21 days 32 days
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina - Nauplii	48 hours
Xylene	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Pimephales promelas Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	96 hours 48 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours 72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6530 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp. - Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Toluene	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours 72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry Daphnia - Daphnia magna	96 hours 21 days

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Ethyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Xylene	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
Toluene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	Log _P _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Ethyl Acetate	-	30	low
Titanium Dioxide	-	352	low
Xylene	-	8.1 to 25.9	low
Toluene	-	90	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3 	3 	3 	3 
Packing group	II	II	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	<u>Special provisions</u> Not Applicable	<u>Special provisions</u> Not Applicable	<u>Special provisions</u> (ERG#128)	<u>Special provisions</u> Not Applicable	<u>Emergency schedules (EmS)</u> F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

[U.S. Federal regulations](#) :

[State regulations](#)

[California Prop. 65](#)

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

[Hazardous Material Information System \(U.S.A.\)](#)

Health	*	2
Flammability		3
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

[Notice to reader](#)

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

**KANO LABORATORIES, INC.
SAFETY DATA SHEET**

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: AEROKROIL

Product Use: Penetrant/Lubricant for Industrial Use

Manufacturer: Kano Laboratories, Inc.
1000 E. Thompson Lane
Nashville, TN 37211

Emergency Phone Number: Chemtrec 1 (800) 424-9300

Manufacturer Phone Number: 615-833-4101

Website: www.kanolaboratories.com

SDS Date of Preparation: April 15, 2016

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS / HAZCOM 2012 Classification:

Health	Physical
Skin Irritation Category 2 Eye Irritation Category 2A Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure Category 3 (Respiratory Irritation, CNS) Aspiration Hazard Category 1	Flammable Aerosol Category 2 Gas Under Pressure: Compressed Gas

Label Elements

Danger!



Flammable aerosol.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Pressurized container. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Avoid breathing mist, vapors or spray.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves, eye protection and face protection.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER if you feel unwell.

In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam to extinguish.

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Store in a well-ventilated place.

Store locked up.

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local and national regulations.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS#	%
Severely Hydrotreated Petroleum Distillates	64742-52-5	30-50
Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-95-6 64742-88-7 64742-47-8 64742-96-7	30-50
Proprietary Ingredients	Proprietary	1-10
Dipropylene Glycol Monopropyl Ether	29911-27-1	1-5
Diisobutyl Ketone	108-83-8	0-15
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	88917-22-0	0-5
Aliphatic Alcohol #1	123-42-2	<3
Aliphatic Alcohol #2	78-83-1	<3
Carbon Dioxide Propellant	124-38-9	1-15

The specific identity and/or exact percentage has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye: Rinse thoroughly with water for several holding the eye lids open to be sure the material is washed out. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contact area thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation or symptoms of exposure develop. Launder clothing before re-use.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if needed. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms develop.

Ingestion: DO NOT induce vomiting. Keep the victim calm and warm. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or drowsy person. Get immediate medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, acute and delayed: May cause eye and skin irritation. Inhalation of vapors or mist may cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects such as headache, dizziness, nausea and vomiting. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Aspiration into the lungs during ingestion or vomiting may cause lung damage.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment, if needed: If swallowed, get immediate medical attention.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable (and Unsuitable) Extinguishing Media: Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers and structures.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical: Contents under pressure. Keep away from heat and open flames. Container may rupture or explode in the heat of a fire. Prolonged exposure to temperatures above 120°F may cause cans to burst. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along surfaces to remote ignition sources and flash back.

Never use welding or cutting torch on or near containers (even empty) because product can ignite explosively. Combustion products may be hazardous: Oxides of carbon, organic compounds, smoke and fumes.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters: Wear NIOSH approved positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. Cool fire exposed containers with water. Protect against bursting cans.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, Protective equipment, and Emergency procedures: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent eye and skin contact including impervious gloves, safety goggles and respirator if needed.

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Report spills and releases as required to appropriate authorities.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up: Remove all ignition sources such as open flames, spark producing equipment, pilot lights, etc. Ventilate area. Cover with an inert absorbent material and collect into an appropriate container for disposal.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling: Avoid breathing vapors, aerosols and mists. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with the eyes, skin and clothing. Wash exposed skin thoroughly with soap and water after use. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Do not cut, braze, solder, grind or weld on or near containers. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities: Store in a cool, well ventilated area at temperatures below 120°F. Do not store in direct sunlight. Store as a Level 3 aerosol.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Chemical Name	Exposure Limits
Severely Hydrotreated Petroleum Distillates	5 mg/m ³ TWA OSHA PEL 5 mg/m ³ TWA ACGIH TLV(inhalable fraction)
Light Petroleum Distillates	500 ppm TWA OSHA PEL (As stoddard solvent) 200 ppm TWA ACGIH TLV (as kerosene)
Dipropylene Glycol Monopropyl Ether	None Established
Proprietary Ingredients	None Established
Diisobutyl Ketone	25 ppm TWA OSHA PEL 50 ppm TWA ACGIH TLV
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	None Established
Aliphatic Alcohol #1	50 ppm OSHA TWA PEL- 50 ppm TWA ACGIH TLV
Aliphatic Alcohol #2	100 ppm TWA OSHA PEL 50 ppm TWA ACGIH TLV
Carbon Dioxide Propellant	5000 ppm OSHA PEL-TWA 5000 ppm ACGIH TLV-TWA 30000 ppm ACGIH TLV-STEL

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Use with adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to maintain concentrations below the occupational exposure limits. Use explosion proof electrical equipment and wiring where required.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Respiratory Protection: If the exposure limits listed above are exceeded, a NIOSH approved respirator with organic vapor cartridges may be used. For higher exposures, a supplied air respirator may be required. Respirator selection and use should be based on contaminant type, form and concentration. Follow OSHA 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2 and good Industrial Hygiene practice.

Hand protection: Impervious gloves are recommended when needed to avoid skin contact. Based on available test data, 4H or Silver Shield gloves are suggested.

Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles recommended.

Skin Protection: Impervious clothing as required to prevent skin contact and contamination of personal clothing.

Hygiene measures: Suitable eye wash and washing facilities should be available in the work area.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Slightly reddish liquid packaged as an aerosol	Odor:	Solvent
Odor Threshold:	Not available	pH:	Not available
Melting/Freezing Point:	Not available	Boiling Point/Range:	Not available
Flash Point:	132°F (55.5°C) TOC	Evaporation Rate:	Not available
Flammability: (Solid, Gas)	Not applicable	Flammability Limits:	10.9% (aliphatic alcohol #2) LEL: 0.7% (light petroleum distillates)
Vapor Pressure:	Not available	Vapor Density:	Not available
Relative Density:	0.8596	Solubilities:	Negligible in Water
Partition Coefficient: (N-Octanol/Water)	Not available	Autoignition Temperature:	Not available
Decomposition Temperature:	Not available	Viscosity:	Not available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: None known.

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions of storage or use.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: None known.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials: Avoid strong oxidizing agents, reducing agents, acids and bases.

Hazardous decomposition products: Combustion will produce oxides of carbon, acetone, acrid fumes and smoke.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Potential Health Effects:

Eye: May cause eye irritation with redness, tearing and stinging.

Skin: May cause irritation with redness, rash, swelling. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in defatting and dermatitis.

Inhalation: Inhalation of vapors or mists may cause mucous membrane and upper respiratory tract irritation and central nervous system depression. Symptoms may include coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, fatigue and unconsciousness.

Ingestion: Ingestion is an unlikely route of exposure for aerosol products. Swallowing may cause gastrointestinal irritation with abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea and central nervous system depression with symptoms

including headache, dizziness, intoxication, weakness, nausea, and vomiting. Aspiration into the lungs during ingestion or vomiting may cause lung damage.

Chronic Hazards: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause effects on the central nervous system, kidney and liver.

Carcinogen Status: None of the components of this product at greater than 0.1% are listed as carcinogens by OSHA, IARC or NTP.

Acute toxicity: Toxicological testing has not been performed on this product as a mixture.

Severely Hydrotreated Petroleum Distillates: Oral rat LD50 > 5000 mg/kg; Dermal rat LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Inhalation rat LC50 > 2.18 mg/L/4 hr.

Light Petroleum Distillates: Oral rat LD50 > 5000 mg/kg, Inhalation rat LC50 > 5.28 mg/L/4 hr, Dermal rabbit LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Proprietary Ingredients: Oral rat LD50 2760 mg/kg; Dermal rabbit LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Dipropylene Glycol Monopropyl Ether: Oral rat LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Dermal rabbit LD50 > 2000 mg/kg.

Diisobutyl Ketone: Oral rat LD50 5233 mg/kg; Dermal rat LD50 > 2000 mg/kg; Inhalation rat LC50 14.5 mg/L/4 hr.

Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether: Oral rat LD50 > 5000 mg/kg, Dermal rat LD50 > 2000 mg/kg, Inhalation rat LD50 > 5.7 mg/L/4 hr

Aliphatic Alcohol #1: Oral rat LD50 3002 mg/kg; Dermal rat LD50 > 1875 mg/kg; Inhalation rat LC50 > 7.6 mg/L/4 hr.

Aliphatic Alcohol #2: Oral rat LD50 > 2830 mg/kg; Inhalation rat LC50 24.6 mg/L/4 hr.; Dermal rabbit LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Carbon Dioxide: Inhalation rat LC50 167857 ppm/4 hr

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: No toxicity data available for the product.

Severely Hydrotreated Petroleum Distillates: 96 hr. LC50 Pimephales promelas > 100 mg/L; 48 hr. EC50 daphnia magna > 1000 mg/L; 72 hr. EC50 Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata > 100 mg/L

Light Petroleum Distillates: 96 hr LL50 Oncorhynchus mykiss 2.5 mg/kg, 48 hr EL50 daphnia magna 1.4 mg/L, 72 hr EL50 Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata 1.3 mg/L

Proprietary Ingredients: 96 hr. LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss 18350 ug/L

Dipropylene Glycol Monopropyl Ether: 96 hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss > 100 mg/L, 48 hr EC50 daphnia magna > 100 mg/L, 96 hr EC50 Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata > 1000 mg/L

Diisobutyl Ketone: 96 hr. LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss 30 mg/L; 48 hr. EC50 daphnia magna 37.2 mg/L, 72 hr. EC50 Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata 46.9 mg/L

Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether: 96 hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss 110.2 mg/L, 48 hr LC50 daphnia magna 2701 mg/L, 72 hr EC50 Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata > 1000 mg/L

Aliphatic Alcohol #1: 96 hr. LC50 Oryzias latipes > 100 mg/L; 48 hr. EC50 daphnia magna > 1000 mg/L; 72 hr. EC50 Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata > 1000 mg/L

96 hr LC50 Pimephales promelas 1430 mg/L; 48 hr EC50 daphnia pulex 1100 mg/L; 72 hr EC50 Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata 1799 mg/L

Carbon Dioxide: 96 hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss 35 mg/L

Persistence and Degradability: Aliphatic alcohol #1 and aliphatic alcohol #2 are readily biodegradable. . Light petroleum distillates is not readily biodegradable. Severely hydrotreated petroleum distillates is inherently biodegradable based on structurally similar chemicals.

Bioaccumulative Potential: Aliphatic alcohol #1 has a calculated BCF of 0.5. Diisobutyl Ketone has a calculated BCF of 7. Aliphatic alcohol #2 has a calculated BCF of 3.

Mobility in Soil: Aliphatic alcohol #1, aliphatic alcohol #2 and diisobutyl ketone have a high to very high mobility in soil.

Other Adverse Effects: None known

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL INFORMATION

Disposal instructions: Dispose of product in accordance with all local, state/provincial and federal regulations.

Contaminated packaging: Offer empty packaging material to local recycling facilities.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	UN Number	Proper shipping name	Hazard Class	Packing Group	Environmental Hazard
DOT Ground		Consumer Commodity ORM-D or Limited Quantity			
DOT / 49 CFR	UN1950	Aerosols, Flammable, Limited Quantity	2.1	None	None
IMDG	UN1950	Aerosols, Limited Quantity	2.1	None	None
IATA	UN1950	Aerosols, Flammable, Limited Quantity	2.1	None	None

Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code): Not applicable – product is transported only in packaged form.

Special precautions: None known.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:

CERCLA 103 Reportable Quantity: This product is not subject to CERCLA reporting requirements, however, oil spills are reportable to the National Response Center under the Clean Water Act and many states have more stringent release reporting requirements. Report spills required under federal, state and local regulations.

SARA TITLE III:

Hazard Category for Section 311/312: Acute Health, Fire Hazard, Sudden Release of Pressure

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: This product contains the following chemicals subject to SARA Title III Section 313 Reporting requirements: None

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (TPQ): None

EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Status: All of the components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS Ratings: Health - 2 Flammability - 4 Physical Hazard - 0
NFPA Ratings: Health - 1 Flammability - 2 Instability - 0

SDS Revision History: Section 3 Composition, Section 8 Exposure Limits, Section 11 Acute Toxicity, Section 12 Ecotoxicity

Date of preparation: April 15, 2016

Date of last revision: June 15, 2015

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The information contained herein has been developed based upon current available scientific data. New information may be developed from time to time which may render the conclusions of this report obsolete. Therefore, no warranty is extended as to the applicability of this information to the user's intended purpose or the consequences of its use or misuse.

Safety Data Sheet



1. Identification

Product Name:	ROHPER LSPR 6PK GLOSS CRYSTAL CLEAR	Revision Date:	4/7/2016
Product Identifier:	V2102838	Supersedes Date:	8/13/2014
Product Use/Class:	Clear Topcoat/Aerosols		
Supplier:	Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA	Manufacturer:	Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA
Preparer:	Regulatory Department		
Emergency Telephone:	24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700		

2. Hazard Identification

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word

Danger

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

Flammable Aerosol, category 1	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
Compressed Gas	H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Skin Irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT, single exposure, category 3, NE	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity, category 1B	H340	May cause genetic defects.
Carcinogenicity, category 1B	H350	May cause cancer.
Reproductive Toxicity, category 2	H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
STOT, repeated exposure, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. NO SMOKING.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breathe dust, fumes, gases, mists, vapors, or spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P305+P351+P338

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P312

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P337+P313

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P362

Take off contaminated clothing.

P403+P233

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P410+P403

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

P410+P412

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Wt.% Range</u>	<u>GHS Symbols</u>	<u>GHS Statements</u>
Acetone	67-64-1	25-50	GHS02-GHS07	H225-319-332-336
Propane	74-98-6	10-25	GHS04	H280
Toluene	108-88-3	10-25	GHS02-GHS07-GHS08	H225-304-315-332-336-361-373
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H226-336
n-Butane	106-97-8	2.5-10	GHS04	H280
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	1.0-2.5	GHS07-GHS08	H304-332-340-350
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07-GHS08	H226-304-315-319-332-335
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	64742-49-0	1.0-2.5	GHS08	H304-340-350

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN 20°F. EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR! Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Contents under pressure. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class I flammable liquids. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
Acetone	67-64-1	30.0	250 ppm	500 ppm	1000 ppm	N.E.
Propane	74-98-6	20.0	N.E.	N.E.	1000 ppm	N.E.
Toluene	108-88-3	20.0	20 ppm	N.E.	200 ppm	300 ppm
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	10.0	150 ppm	200 ppm	150 ppm	N.E.
n-Butane	106-97-8	10.0	N.E.	1000 ppm	N.E.	N.E.
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	64742-49-0	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Aerosolized Mist	Physical State:	Liquid
Odor:	Solvent Like	Odor Threshold:	N.E.
Relative Density:	0.746	pH:	N.A.
Freeze Point, °C:	ND	Viscosity:	N.D.
Solubility in Water:	Slight	Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/water:	N.D.
Decomposition Temp., °C:	N.D.	Explosive Limits, vol%:	0.9 - 13.0
Boiling Range, °C:	-37 - 375	Flash Point, °C:	-96
Flammability:	Supports Combustion	Auto-ignition Temp., °C:	N.D.
Evaporation Rate:	Faster than Ether	Vapor Pressure:	N.D.
Vapor Density:	Heavier than Air		

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases. Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalis.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: May be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. May cause skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Harmful if inhaled. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Oral LD50</u>	<u>Dermal LD50</u>	<u>Vapor LC50</u>
67-64-1	Acetone	5800 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	50.1 mg/L Rat
74-98-6	Propane	N.I.	N.I.	658 mg/L Rat
108-88-3	Toluene	2600 mg/kg Rat	12000 mg/kg Rabbit	12.5 mg/L Rat
123-86-4	n-Butyl Acetate	10768 mg/kg Rat	>17600 mg/kg Rabbit	> 21 mg/L Rat
106-97-8	n-Butane	N.I.	N.I.	658 mg/L Rat
64742-95-6	Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	8400 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3280 mg/kg Rat	>3160 mg/kg Rabbit	18 mg/L Rat
64742-49-0	Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>3160 mg/kg Rabbit	>4951 mg/L Rat

N.I. - No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

14. Transport Information

	<u>Domestic (USDOT)</u>	<u>International (IMDG)</u>	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	<u>TDG (Canada)</u>
UN Number:	N.A.	1950	1950	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint Products in Limited Quantities	Aerosols	Aerosols	Paint Products in Limited Quantities
Hazard Class:	N.A.	2.1	2.1	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Pressure Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Toluene	108-88-3
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6

Toxic Substances Control Act:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

16. Other Information**HMIS RATINGS**

Health: 2* **Flammability:** 4 **Physical Hazard:** 0 **Personal Protection:** X

NFPA RATINGS

Health: 2 **Flammability:** 4 **Instability:** 0

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, g/L: 586

SDS REVISION DATE: 4/7/2016

REASON FOR REVISION: Product Composition Changed
Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in Section(s):
01 - Identification
02 - Hazard Identification
05 - Fire-fighting Measures
09 - Physical & Chemical Properties
15 - Regulatory Information
16 - Other Information
Statement(s) Changed

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

Air, compressed

Safety Data Sheet P-4560

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.
Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 07/02/2015 Supersedes: 06/24/2015

SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance
Name : Air, compressed
Formula : Air: mixture of 19.5 to 23.5 percent oxygen, balance nitrogen; or air compressed from the atmosphere
Other means of identification : Air, Medipure Air, Plasma Air, Zero Air, Air - Diving Grade

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use
Medical applications.
Diving Gas (Underwater Breathing)

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.
39 Old Ridgebury Road
Danbury, CT 06810-5113 - USA
T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146
www.praxair.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week
— Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887
(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Compressed gas H280

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) : WARNING
Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED
CGA-HG24 - MAY SUPPORT COMBUSTION.
Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.
CGA-PG20+CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure.
CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty.
CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

Air, compressed

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according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Name : Air, compressed

Name	Product identifier	%
Air	(CAS No) 132259-10-0	100

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures after inhalation : Adverse effects not expected from this product.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product. In case of eye irritation: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Consult an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No additional information available

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.
- Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
- Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.
- Stop flow of product if safe to do so.
- Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

Air, compressed

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according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

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6.2. Environmental precautions

No additional information available

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

Safe use of the product

: **The suitability of this product as a component in underwater breathing gas mixtures** is to be determined by or under the supervision of personnel experienced in the use of underwater breathing gas mixtures and familiar with the physiological effects, methods employed, frequency and duration of use, hazards, side effects, and precautions to be taken.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

No additional information available

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection

: Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Skin and body protection

: Wear work gloves and metatarsal shoes for cylinder handling. Protective equipment where needed. Select in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138.

Respiratory protection

: When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure (e.g., an organic vapor cartridge). For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Air, compressed

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Gas
Appearance	: Colorless gas.
Molecular mass	: 28.975 g/mol
Color	: Colorless
Odor	: Odorless.
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: Not applicable.
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: -216.2 °C
Boiling point	: -194.3 °C
Flash point	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: Not applicable.
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 1.2 kg/m ³
Relative gas density	: 1
Solubility	: Water: 0.0292 %
Log Pow	: Not applicable.
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.
Explosion limits	: No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No additional information available

10.4. Conditions to avoid

No additional information available

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Air, compressed	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Air (132259-10-0)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Air, compressed	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Air (132259-10-0)	
Log Pow	Not applicable for inorganic gases.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Air, compressed	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Air (132259-10-0)	
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer	: None.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

Air, compressed

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according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1002 Air, compressed, 2.2
UN-No.(DOT) : UN1002
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Air, compressed
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115
Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : 78 - This entry may not be used to describe compressed air which contains more than 23.5 percent oxygen. An oxidizer label is not required for any oxygen concentration of 23.5 percent or less.

Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.
Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1002
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : AIR, COMPRESSED
Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1002
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Air, compressed
Class (IATA) : 2

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Air, compressed		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Sudden release of pressure hazard	
	All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory except for:	
Air	CAS No 132259-10-0	100

This product or mixture does not contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Air (132259-10-0)

EU-Regulations

Air, compressed

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15.2.2. National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

Air, compressed()	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive harm

Air (132259-10-0)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date : 7/2/2015 12:00:00 AM

Other information : When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

Praxair SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.praxair.com. If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write the Praxair Call Center (Phone: 1-800-PRAXAIR/1-800-772-9247; Address: Praxair Call Center, Praxair, Inc., P.O. Box 44, Tonawanda, NY 14151-0044).

PRAXAIR and the Flowing Airstream design are trademarks or registered trademarks of Praxair Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

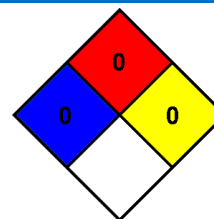
Air, compressed

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NFPA health hazard	: 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.
NFPA fire hazard	: 0 - Materials that will not burn.
NFPA reactivity	: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



HMIS III Rating

Health	: 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health
Flammability	: 0 Minimal Hazard
Physical	: 3 Serious Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

ALL-WEATHER® TWIST-STIK® PAINTSTIK® LIVESTOCK MARKER

LA-CO Industries, Inc.

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
according to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR)
Date of issue: 06/03/2015
Revision date: 10/29/2015
Supersedes: 10/01/2015
Version: 2.1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Trade name : ALL-WEATHER® TWIST-STIK® PAINTSTIK® LIVESTOCK MARKER
Synonyms : ALL-WEATHER® TWIST-STIK® PAINTSTIK® LIVESTOCK MARKER Yellow, Fluorescent Pink, Fluorescent Green, Red, Green, Blue, Orange, Black, Purple

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Marking.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

LA-CO Industries, Inc.
1201 Pratt Boulevard
Elk Grove Village, IL. 60007-5746
Phone: (847) 956-7600
Fax: (847) 956-9885
E-mail: customer_service@laco.com



1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 24-hour emergency: CHEMTREC- U.S. : 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with the Globally Harmonized Standard

Not classified

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling

No labelling applicable

2.3. Other hazards

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

0.06 percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral)

0.24 percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal)

0.24 percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Dust/Mist))

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	% (w/w)	GHS-US classification
barium bis[2-[(2-hydroxynaphthyl)azo]naphthalenesulphonate]	(CAS No) 1103-38-4	4.75 Red	Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Carbon black	(CAS No) 1333-86-4	4.5 Black	Carc. 2, H351

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation : If inhaled and if breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

ALL-WEATHER® TWIST-STIK® PAINTSTIK® LIVESTOCK MARKER

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
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First-aid measures after skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries : Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard	: Burning produces irritating, toxic and noxious fumes.
Reactivity	: No dangerous reactions known.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions	: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Wear a self contained breathing apparatus. Wear fire/flammable resistant/retardant clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	: Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment	: Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into drains or the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment	: Contain and collect as any solid.
Methods for cleaning up	: Recover the product mechanically.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Section 13: disposal information. Section 7: safe handling. Section 8: personal protective equipment.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling	: Avoid breathing fume, vapours.
Hygiene measures	: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions	: Keep away from ignition sources. Keep container closed when not in use. Protect from sunlight.
Incompatible products	: Strong oxidizers.

ALL-WEATHER® TWIST-STIK® PAINTSTIK® LIVESTOCK MARKER

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
according to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Marking.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

ALL-WEATHER® TWIST-STIK® PAINTSTIK® LIVESTOCK MARKER		
ACGIH	Not applicable	
OSHA	Not applicable	
barium bis[2-[(2-hydroxynaphthyl)azo]naphthalenesulphonate] (1103-38-4)		
ACGIH	Not applicable	
OSHA	Not applicable	
Carbon black (1333-86-4)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	3.5 mg/m³
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Bronchitis
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	3.5 mg/m³
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Fibres de carbone et de graphite; Poussière totale) 5 mg/m³ (Fibres de carbone et de graphite; Poussière respirable) 3.5 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (ie, clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Either local exhaust or general room ventilation is usually required.
Personal protective equipment	: Avoid all unnecessary exposure.
Hand protection	: Wear suitable gloves. Use rubber gloves.
Eye protection	: None under normal use.
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	: Where excessive vapour may result, wear approved mask. Use air-purifying respirator equipped with particulate filtering cartridges.
Other information	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Solid
Appearance	: A solid crayon-like marker.
Colour	: Variable.
Odour	: Oily.
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: 204 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: No data available
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: > 1
Solubility	: insoluble in water.
Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available

ALL-WEATHER® TWIST-STIK® PAINTSTIK® LIVESTOCK MARKER

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
according to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR)

Explosive properties : No data available
Oxidising properties : No data available
Explosive limits : No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content : 0 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat. Direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Burning produces irritating, toxic and noxious fumes. Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

barium bis[2-[(2-hydroxynaphthyl)azo]naphthalenesulphonate] (1103-38-4)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	4.13 mg/l/4h
ATE CLP (vapours)	4.130 mg/l/4h
ATE CLP (dust,mist)	4.130 mg/l/4h
Carbon black (1333-86-4)	
LD50 oral rat	> 8000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 4.6 mg/m³ 4 h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified.

Carcinogenicity : Not classified.

Carbon black (1333-86-4)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans, Inhalation of dust
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Not listed in carcinogenicity class

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms

Likely routes of exposure : Skin and eye contact

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

barium bis[2-[(2-hydroxynaphthyl)azo]naphthalenesulphonate] (1103-38-4)	
LC50 fish 1	50 mg/l 48 h
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 3.8 mg/l 48 h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

ALL-WEATHER® TWIST-STIK® PAINTSTIK® LIVESTOCK MARKER

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
according to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR)

barium bis[2-[(2-hydroxynaphthyl)azo]naphthalenesulphonate] (1103-38-4)

Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable. Product persists.

Carbon black (1333-86-4)

Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

barium bis[2-[(2-hydroxynaphthyl)azo]naphthalenesulphonate] (1103-38-4)

BCF fish 1	1.7 - 1.8 mg/l .3 mg/l conc. in enviro/dose

Log Pow	-0.67 - 1.07

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal recommendations : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT and TDG

Not considered a dangerous good for transport regulations

Proper Shipping Name (ADR) : Not applicable

Transport hazard class(es) (ADR) :

Transport by sea

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) :

Air transport

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) :

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

barium bis[2-[(2-hydroxynaphthyl)azo]naphthalenesulphonate] (1103-38-4)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

barium bis[2-[(2-hydroxynaphthyl)azo]naphthalenesulphonate] (1103-38-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

Carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

EU-Regulations

barium bis[2-[(2-hydroxynaphthyl)azo]naphthalenesulphonate] (1103-38-4)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

Carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

National regulations

ALL-WEATHER® TWIST-STIK® PAINTSTIK® LIVESTOCK MARKER

All components are listed on the EEC inventory European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS).

All ingredients are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL).

All ingredients are listed in the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA).

15.3. US State regulations

ALL-WEATHER® TWIST-STIK® PAINTSTIK® LIVESTOCK MARKER

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
according to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR)

ALL-WEATHER® TWIST-STIK® PAINTSTIK® LIVESTOCK MARKER

State or local regulations	The carbon black in this product is bound and is not respirable. California Prop. 65 warnings are not required.

Carbon black (1333-86-4)

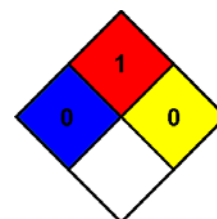
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	

Carbon black (1333-86-4)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes	: SECTION 15.
Data sources	: OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard. European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) Registered Substances list. Accessed at http://echa.europa.eu/ . Krister Forsberg and S.Z. Mansdorf, "Quick Selection Guide to Chemical Protective Clothing", Fifth Edition. National Fire Protection Association; Fire Protection Guide to Hazardous Materials; 10th edition. REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory. Accessed at http://www.epa.gov/oppt/existingchemicals/pubs/tscainventory/howto.html .
Abbreviations and acronyms	: ACGIH (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists). ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. CAS (Chemical Abstracts Service) number. CLP: Classification, Labelling, Packaging. EC50: Environmental Concentration associated with a response by 50% of the test population. GHS: Globally Harmonized System (of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals). LD50: Lethal Dose for 50% of the test population. OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration. STEL: Short Term Exposure Limits. TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act. TWA: Time Weight Average.
Other information	: None.
NFPA health hazard	: 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.
NFPA fire hazard	: 1 - Must be preheated before ignition can occur.
NFPA reactivity	: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and not reactive with water.



Full text of H-statements:

Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 3
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity, Category 2
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

SDS Prepared by: The Redstone Group, LLC
6077 Frantz Rd.
Suite 206
Dublin, OH USA 43016

ALL-WEATHER® TWIST-STIK® PAINTSTIK® LIVESTOCK MARKER

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
according to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR)

T 614-923-7472

www.redstonegrp.com

LACO NA GHS SDS

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page: 1(5)
SDS Number: 17-H
Date Revised: 05/01/2014

This Safety Data Sheet complies with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, ISO 11014-1 and ANSI Z400.1

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: ALL-STATE PHOS-COPPER BRAZING ALLOYS
Silflo 0 P/N: 69050053, 69050055, 69050054, 69060030, 69060035, 69060033, 69060034, 69060032, 69060043,
Silflo 5 P/N: 69060061, 69060062, 69060044, 69060041
Silflo 15 P/N: 69060072, 69060071, 69060070, 69060054
Silflo 21 P/N: 69050050, 69050051, 69050052

Application: Phos-Copper Brazing Alloys

Classification: None

Supplier: THE ESAB GROUP, INC., 801 Wilson Avenue, Hanover, PA 17331

Telephone No.: 1-717-637-8911, 1-800-933-7070

Emergency No.: 1-717-637-8911 and 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

Web site: www.esabna.com

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview: Metal rods in varying colors. These products are normally not considered hazardous as shipped. Gloves should be worn when handling to prevent cuts and abrasions.

Skin contact is normally no hazard but should be avoided to prevent possible allergic reactions.

Persons with a pacemaker should not go near welding or cutting operations until they have consulted their doctor and obtained information from the manufacturer of the device.

When these products are used in a brazing process, the most important hazards are heat, radiation, electric shock and brazing fumes.

Heat: Spatter and melting metal can cause burn injuries and start fires.

Radiation: Arc rays can severely damage eyes or skin.

Electricity: Electric shock can kill.

Fumes: Overexposure to brazing fumes may result in symptoms like metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, dryness or irritation of the nose, throat or eyes. Chronic overexposure to brazing fumes may affect pulmonary function. Prolonged inhalation of nickel and chromium compounds above safe exposure limits can cause cancer. Overexposure to manganese and manganese compounds above safe exposure limits can cause irreversible damage to the central nervous system, including the brain, symptoms of which may include slurred speech, lethargy, tremor, muscular weakness, psychological disturbances and spastic gait. Some individuals may develop a blue-gray skin pigmentation from exposure to silver (argyria).

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

These products are solid metal rods.

Ingredients	REACH Reg. #	CAS#	EINECS#	Hazard classification ⁽¹⁾	IARC ⁽²⁾	NTP ⁽³⁾	OSHA List ⁽⁴⁾
Copper	--	7440-50-8	231-159-6	No	--	--	--
Phosphorus	--	7723-14-0	231-768-7	F; R11, R16, R52-53	--	--	--
Silver	--	7440-22-4	213-131-3	No	--	--	--

⁽¹⁾ Hazard Classification according to European Council Directive 67/548/EEC, for R-phrases, see Section 16.

⁽²⁾ Evaluation according to the International Agency for Research on Cancer.

1 – Carcinogenic to humans. 2A – Probably carcinogenic to humans. 2B – Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

⁽³⁾ Classification according to the 11th Report on Carcinogens, published by the US National Toxicology Program.
K – Known Carcinogen S – Suspect Carcinogen

⁽⁴⁾ Carcinogen listing according to OSHA, Occupational Safety & Health Administration (USA).



APPROXIMATE COMPOSITION (Wt.%)

Product Trade Name	Copper	Phosphorus	Silver
All-State Silflo® "0"	92-94	6-8	--
All-State Silflo® "5"	87-91	5-7	4-6
All-State Silflo® "15"	78-82	4-6	14-16
All-State Silflo® "21"	92-94	6-8	--

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- Inhalation: If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration and obtain medical assistance immediately! If breathing is difficult, provide fresh air and call physician.
- Eye contact: For radiation burns due to arc flash, see physician. To remove dusts or fumes flush with water for at least fifteen minutes. If irritation persists, obtain medical assistance.
- Skin contact: For skin burns from arc radiation, promptly flush with cold water. Get medical attention for burns or irritations that persist. To remove dust or particles wash with mild soap and water.
- Electric shock: Disconnect and turn off the power. Use a nonconductive material to pull victim away from contact with live parts or wires. If not breathing, begin artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If no detectable pulse, begin Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR). Immediately call a physician.
- General: Move to fresh air and call for medical aid.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

No specific recommendations for brazing consumables. Brazing arcs and sparks can ignite combustible and flammable materials. Use the extinguishing media recommended for the burning materials and fire situation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus as fumes or vapors may be harmful.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Solid objects may be picked up and placed into a container. Liquids or pastes should be scooped up and placed into a container. Wear proper protective equipment while handling these materials. Do not discard as refuse.

Personal precautions: refer to Section 8.

Environmental precautions: refer to Section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Handle with care to avoid stings and cuts. Wear gloves when handling brazing consumables. Avoid exposure to dust. Do not ingest. Some individuals can develop an allergic reaction to certain materials. Retain all warning and identity labels.

Storage:

Keep separate from chemical substances like acids and strong bases, which could cause chemical reactions.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Avoid exposure to brazing fumes, radiation, spatter, electric shock, heated materials and dust.

Engineering measures (Brazing operations):

Ensure sufficient ventilation, local exhaust, or both, to keep brazing fumes and gases from breathing zone and general area. Keep working place and protective clothing clean and dry. Train welders to avoid contact with live electrical parts and insulate conductive parts. Check condition of protective clothing and equipment on a regular basis.

Personal protective equipment (Brazing operations):

Use respirator or air supplied respirator when brazing in a confined space, or where local exhaust or ventilation is not sufficient to keep exposure values within safe limits. Use special care when brazing painted or coated steels since hazardous substances from the coating may be emitted. Wear hand, head, eyes, ear and body protection like welders gloves, helmet or face shield with filter lens, safety boots, apron, arm and shoulder protection. Keep protective clothing clean and dry.

Use industrial hygiene monitoring equipment to ensure that exposure does not exceed applicable national exposure limits. The following limits can be used as guidance. For information about brazing fume analysis refer to Section 10.



Substance		CAS#	ACGIH TLV ⁽¹⁾ mg/m ³	OSHA PEL ⁽²⁾ mg/m ³
Copper	(fume, as Cu)	7440-50-8	0.2	0.1
	(dust and mists, as Cu)		1	1
Phosphorus		7723-14-0	None	None
Silver (metal)		7440-22-4	0.1 (dust and fume)	0.01

⁽¹⁾ Threshold Limit Values according to American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 2014

⁽²⁾ Permissible Exposure Limits according to the Occupational Safety & Health Administration (USA)

Unless noted, all values are for 8 hour time weighted averages (TWA).

* Total dust, ** Respirable fraction, *** Inhalable fraction.

NOTE: Some of these products may not contain all of the materials listed. For details of composition, refer to the COMPOSITION TABLES in Section 3.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Metallic rod.
Specific Gravity:	7.4-8.54 (H ₂ O = 1)
Boiling Point:	Not determined.
Melting Point:	637-710°C/1178-1310°F
Vapor Pressure:	Not determined (solid).
Vapor Density:	Not determined (solid).
Evaporation Rate:	Not applicable.
Solubility in Water:	None.
Flash Point:	Not flammable.
Upper/Lower Flame Limit:	None.
Auto-ignition Temperature:	None.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General: These products are only intended for normal brazing purposes.

Stability: These products are stable under normal conditions.

Reactivity: Contact with chemical substances like acids or strong bases could cause generation of gas.

When these products are used in a brazing process, hazardous decomposition products would include those from the volatilization, reaction or oxidation of the materials listed in Section 3 and those from the base metal and coating.

Fumes from these products may contain compounds of the following chemical elements: Ag, Cu and P. The rest is not analyzed, according to available standards.

Refer to applicable national exposure limits for fume compounds, including those exposure limits for fume compounds found in Section 8. A significant amount of the chromium in the fumes can be hexavalent chromium, which has a very low exposure limit in some countries. Manganese and nickel also have low exposure limits, in some countries, that may be easily exceeded.

Reasonably expected gaseous products would include carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides and ozone. Air contaminants around the brazing area can be affected by the brazing process and influence the composition and quantity of fumes and gases produced.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Inhalation of brazing fumes and gases can be dangerous to your health. Classification of brazing fumes is difficult because of varying base materials, coatings, air contamination and processes. The International Agency for Research on Cancer has classified welding fumes as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B).

Acute toxicity: Overexposure to brazing fumes may result in symptoms like metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, dryness or irritation of the nose, throat or eyes.

Chronic toxicity: Overexposure to brazing fumes may affect pulmonary function. Prolonged inhalation of nickel and chromium compounds above safe exposure limits can cause cancer. Overexposure to manganese and manganese compounds above safe exposure limits can cause irreversible damage to the central nervous system, including the brain, symptoms of which may include slurred speech, lethargy, tremor, muscular weakness, psychological disturbances and spastic gait. Some individuals may develop a blue-grey pigmentation from exposure to silver (argyria).



12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Brazing consumables and materials could degrade/weather into components originating from the consumables or from the materials used in the brazing process. Avoid exposure to conditions that could lead to accumulation in soils or groundwater.

May be toxic to aquatic species and is regulated as an environmental hazard in the European Union. This hazard is not anticipated from the handling of brazing consumables but is relevant if consumables enter natural waterways.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Discard any product, residue, disposable container or liner in an environmentally acceptable manner, in full compliance with federal and local regulations. Use recycling procedures if available.

USA RCRA: Unused products or product residue containing silver is considered hazardous waste if discarded, RCRA ID characteristic Toxic Hazardous Waste D011.

Residues from brazing consumables and processes could degrade and accumulate in soils and groundwater.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

No international regulations or restrictions are applicable.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, your employer's safety practices and the health and safety instructions on the label. Observe any federal and local regulations. Take precautions when brazing and protect yourself and others.

WARNING: Brazing fumes and gases are hazardous to your health and may damage lungs and other organs. Use adequate ventilation.

ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

ARC RAYS and SPARKS can injure eyes and burn skin.

Wear correct hand, head, eye and body protection.

Canada: WHMIS classification: Class D; Division 2, Subdivision A

Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA): All constituents of these products are on the Domestic Substance List (DSL).

USA: Under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, these products are considered hazardous.

These products contain or produce a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects (or other reproductive harm). (California Health & Safety Code § 25249.5 et seq.)

United States EPA Toxic Substance Control Act: All constituents of these products are on the TSCA inventory list or are excluded from listing.

CERCLA/SARA Title III

Reportable Quantities (RQs) and/or Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs):

Ingredient name	RQ (lb)	TPQ (lb)
Product is a solid solution in the form of a solid article.	--	--

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

Section 311 Hazard Class

As shipped: Immediate In use: Immediate delayed

EPCRA/SARA Title III 313 Toxic Chemicals

The following metallic components are listed as SARA 313 "Toxic Chemicals" and potential subject to annual SARA 313 reporting. See Section 3 for weight percent.

Ingredient name	Disclosure threshold
Copper	1.0% de minimis concentration
Silver	1.0% de minimis concentration



16. OTHER INFORMATION

This Safety Data Sheet has been revised due to modifications to Section 8. This SDS supersedes 17-G.

Refer to ESAB "Welding and Cutting - Risks and Measures", F52-529 "Precautions and Safe Practices for Electric Welding and Cutting" and F2035 "Precautions and Safe Practices for Gas Welding, Cutting and Heating" available from ESAB, and to:

USA: Contact ESAB at www.esabna.com or 1-800-ESAB-123 if you have questions about this SDS.

American National Standard Z49.1 "Safety in Welding and Cutting", ANSI/AWS F1.5 "Methods for Sampling and Analyzing Gases from Welding and Allied Processes", ANSI/AWS F1.1 "Method for Sampling Airborne Particles Generated by Welding and Allied Processes", AWSF3.2M/F3.2 "Ventilation Guide for Weld Fume", American Welding Society, 550 North Le Jeune Road, Miami, Florida, 33135. Safety and Health Fact Sheets available from AWS at www.aws.org.

OSHA Publication 2206 (29 C.F.R. 1910), U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954.

American Conference of Governmental Hygienists (ACGIH), Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices, 6500 Glenway Ave., Cincinnati, Ohio 45211, USA.

NFPA 51B "Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work" published by the National Fire Protection Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02169.

UK: WMA Publication 236 and 237, "Hazards from Welding Fume", "The arc welder at work, some general aspects of health and safety".

Germany: Unfallverhütungsvorschrift BGV D1, "Schweißen, Schneiden und verwandte Verfahren".

Canada: CSA Standard CAN/CSA-W117.2-01 "Safety in Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes".

These products have been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

Explanation of risk phrases mentioned in this SDS:

R-phrases: R11 – Highly flammable.

R16 – Explosive when mixed with oxidizing substances.

R52 – Harmful to aquatic organisms.

R53 – May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

ESAB requests the users of these products to study this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and become aware of product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of these products a user should:

- notify its employees, agents and contractors of the information on this SDS and any product hazards/safety information.
- furnish this same information to each of its customers for these products.
- request such customers to notify employees and customers for the same product hazards and safety information.

The information herein is given in good faith and based on technical data that ESAB believes to be reliable. Since the conditions of use are outside our control, we assume no liability in connection with any use of this information and no warranty, expressed or implied is given. Contact ESAB for more information.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Airgas

Ammonia

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Ammonia
Chemical name	: ammonia, anhydrous
Other means of identification	: ammonia; anhydrous ammonia; Aqueous ammonia; Aqua ammonia
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
Synonym	: ammonia; anhydrous ammonia; Aqueous ammonia; Aqua ammonia
SDS #	: 001003
Supplier's details	: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
24-hour telephone	: 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 2 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Flammable gas.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
May cause frostbite.
May form explosive mixtures in Air.
Harmful if inhaled.
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Very toxic to aquatic life.

Precautionary statements

General

: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Always keep container in upright position. Approach suspected leak area with caution.

Prevention

: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing gas. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Section 2. Hazards identification

- Response** : Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
- Storage** : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
- Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Hazards not otherwise classified** : Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Substance
- Chemical name** : ammonia, anhydrous
- Other means of identification** : ammonia; anhydrous ammonia; Aqueous ammonia; Aqua ammonia

CAS number/other identifiers

- CAS number** : 7664-41-7
- Product code** : 001003

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
ammonia, anhydrous	100	7664-41-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. In case of contact with liquid, warm frozen tissues slowly with lukewarm water and get medical attention. Do not rub affected area. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Section 4. First aid measures

- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite. If frostbite occurs, get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. As this product rapidly becomes a gas when released, refer to the inhalation section.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage. Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.
- Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in freezing of the tissues or frostbite.
- Frostbite** : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
- Ingestion** : Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness, frostbite
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur, frostbite
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite, stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Contains gas under pressure. Flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: nitrogen oxides

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. For incidents involving large quantities, thermally insulated undergarments and thick textile or leather gloves should be worn.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
- Large spill** : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe gas. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ammonia, anhydrous	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). STEL: 24 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 35 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 17 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). STEL: 27 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 35 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 18 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 35 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 27 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 35 ppm 15 minutes.

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. If contact with the liquid is possible, insulated gloves suitable for low temperatures should be worn. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Gas. [Liquefied gas]
- Color** : Colorless.
- Molecular weight** : 17.03 g/mole
- Molecular formula** : H₃-N
- Boiling/condensation point** : -33°C (-27.4°F)
- Melting/freezing point** : -77.7°C (-107.9°F)
- Critical temperature** : 132.85°C (271.1°F)
- Odor** : Pungent.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Not available.
- Burning time** : Not applicable.
- Burning rate** : Not applicable.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: oxidizing materials.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Lower: 15%
Upper: 28%
- Vapor pressure** : 114.1 (psig)
- Vapor density** : 0.59 (Air = 1)
- Specific Volume (ft³/lb)** : 22.7273
- Gas Density (lb/ft³)** : 0.044
- Relative density** : Not applicable.
- Solubility** : Not available
- Solubility in water** : 540 g/l
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : 651°C (1203.8°F)
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- SADT** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Not applicable.
- Physical/chemical properties comments** : SPECIFIC GRAVITY (AIR=1): @ 70°F (21.1°C) = 0.59
PH: Approx. 11.6 for 1 N Sol'n. in water

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
- Incompatible materials** : Oxidizers
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
- Hazardous polymerization** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
ammonia, anhydrous	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	7338 ppm	1 hours

IDLH : 300 ppm

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Section 11. Toxicological information

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage. Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.
- Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in freezing of the tissues or frostbite.
- Ingestion** : Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness, frostbite
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur, frostbite
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite, stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Other information : IDLH : 300 ppm

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ammonia, anhydrous	Acute EC50 29.2 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva fasciata - Zoea	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2080 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.53 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 300 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Hypophthalmichthys nobilis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.204 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Dicentrarchus labrax	62 days

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1005	UN1005	UN1005	UN1005	UN1005
UN proper shipping name	AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS	AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS; OR ANHYDROUS AMMONIA	AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS	AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS	AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.2 	2.3 (8)   	2.3 (8)  	2.3 (8)   	2.3 (8)  
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Additional information	Inhalation hazard This product is not regulated as a marine pollutant when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a. Reportable quantity 100 lbs / 45.4 kg Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2), 2.40-2.42 (Class 8), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail. Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0 ERAP Index 3000	Toxic Inhalation Hazard Zone D	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 0 Forbidden Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: Forbidden

Section 14. Transport information

	to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements. Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden. Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden. Special provisions 13,T50	Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden Special provisions			

“Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product.”

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** Not determined
United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: ammonia, anhydrous

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: ammonia, anhydrous

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	EHS	SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
			(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
ammonia, anhydrous	100	Yes.	500	-	100	-

SARA 304 RQ : 100 lbs / 45.4 kg

SARA 311/312

Classification : Fire hazard
Sudden release of pressure
Immediate (acute) health hazard

Section 15. Regulatory information

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
ammonia, anhydrous	100	Yes.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	ammonia, anhydrous	7664-41-7	100
Supplier notification	ammonia, anhydrous	7664-41-7	100

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	: This material is listed.
New York	: This material is listed.
New Jersey	: This material is listed.
Pennsylvania	: This material is listed.

International regulations

International lists

National inventory

Australia	: This material is listed or exempted.
Canada	: This material is listed or exempted.
China	: This material is listed or exempted.
Europe	: This material is listed or exempted.
Japan	: This material is listed or exempted.
Malaysia	: This material is listed or exempted.
New Zealand	: This material is listed or exempted.
Philippines	: This material is listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: This material is listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: This material is listed or exempted.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)	: Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas. Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic). Class E: Corrosive material CEPA Toxic substances: This material is listed. Canadian ARET: This material is not listed. Canadian NPRI: This material is listed. Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements	: Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas. Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic). Class E: Corrosive material

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Section 16. Other information

Health	3
Flammability	1
Physical hazards	2

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

[National Fire Protection Association \(U.S.A.\)](#)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

[Procedure used to derive the classification](#)

Classification	Justification
Flam. Gas 2, H221 Press. Gas Liq. Gas, H280 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Expert judgment Expert judgment Expert judgment Expert judgment Expert judgment Expert judgment

[History](#)

Date of printing : 2/19/2016

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2/19/2016

Date of previous issue : 11/25/2015

Version : 0.05

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

[Notice to reader](#)

Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Argon

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Argon
Chemical name	: argon
Other means of identification	: Argon.
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
Synonym	: Argon.
SDS #	: 001004
Supplier's details	: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Warning

Hazard statements

: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary statements

General

: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction.

Prevention

: Use and store only outdoors or in a well ventilated place.

Response

: Not applicable.

Storage

: Protect from sunlight. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal

: Not applicable.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 2/16/2015.

Date of previous issue

: 2/16/2015.

Version : 0.05

1/11

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Substance
Chemical name : argon
Other means of identification : Argon.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : 7440-37-1
Product code : 001004

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Argon	100	7440-37-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Acts as a simple asphyxiant.

Skin contact : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Frostbite : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2/16/2015. **Date of previous issue** : 2/16/2015. **Version** : 0.05 2/11

Section 4. First aid measures

- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Contains gas under pressure. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : No specific data.

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- Environmental precautions** : Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk.
- Large spill** : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Argon	Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]

Appropriate engineering controls : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Gas.
- Color** : Colorless.
- Molecular weight** : 39.95 g/mole
- Molecular formula** : Ar
- Boiling/condensation point** : -185.9°C (-302.6°F)
- Melting/freezing point** : -189.2°C (-308.6°F)
- Critical temperature** : -122.4°C (-188.3°F)
- Odor** : Odorless.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Flash point** : [Product does not sustain combustion.]
- Burning time** : Not applicable.
- Burning rate** : Not applicable.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.
- Vapor pressure** : Not available.
- Vapor density** : 1.66 (Air = 1)
- Specific Volume (ft³/lb)** : 9.7087
- Gas Density (lb/ft³)** : 0.103
- Relative density** : Not applicable.
- Solubility** : Not available.
- Solubility in water** : Not available.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : 0.74
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

SADT : Not available.

Viscosity : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Acts as a simple asphyxiant.
Skin contact : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.
Inhalation : No specific data.
Skin contact : No specific data.
Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Argon	0.74	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1006	UN1006	UN1006	UN1006	UN1006
UN proper shipping name	ARGON, COMPRESSED	ARGON, COMPRESSED	ARGON, COMPRESSED	ARGON, COMPRESSED	ARGON, COMPRESSED
Transport hazard class(es)	2.2 	2.2 	2.2 	2.2 	2.2 
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 75 kg Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 150 kg	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 75 Special provisions 42	-	-	Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 75 kg Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 150 kg

“Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product.”

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** This material is listed or exempted.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Sudden release of pressure

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Argon	100	No.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

State regulations

Massachusetts : This material is listed.

New York : This material is not listed.

New Jersey : This material is listed.

Pennsylvania : This material is listed.

Canada inventory : This material is listed or exempted.

International regulations

Section 15. Regulatory information

International lists	Australia inventory (AICS): This material is listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): This material is listed or exempted. Japan inventory: Not determined. Korea inventory: This material is listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): This material is listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS): This material is listed or exempted. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals	: Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals	: Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals	: Not listed

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)	: Class A: Compressed gas.
CEPA Toxic substances:	This material is not listed.
Canadian ARET:	This material is not listed.
Canadian NPRI:	This material is not listed.
Alberta Designated Substances:	This material is not listed.
Ontario Designated Substances:	This material is not listed.
Quebec Designated Substances:	This material is not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements : Class A: Compressed gas.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	0
Flammability	0
Physical hazards	0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Section 16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

Date of printing	: 2/16/2015.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/16/2015.
Date of previous issue	: 2/16/2015.
Version	: 0.05
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations ACGIH – American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AIHA – American Industrial Hygiene Association CAS – Chemical Abstract Services CEPA – Canadian Environmental Protection Act CERCLA – Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (EPA) CFR – United States Code of Federal Regulations CPR – Controlled Products Regulations DSL – Domestic Substances List GWP – Global Warming Potential IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer ICAO – International Civil Aviation Organisation Inh – Inhalation LC – Lethal concentration LD – Lethal dosage NDSL – Non-Domestic Substances List NIOSH – National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health TDG – Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act and Regulations TLV – Threshold Limit Value TSCA – Toxic Substances Control Act WEEL – Workplace Environmental Exposure Level WHMIS – Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Argon, compressed

Safety Data Sheet P-4563

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979

Revision date: 10/03/2014

Supersedes: 12/01/2009

SECTION 1: Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance
Name : Argon, compressed
CAS No : 7440-37-1
Formula : Ar
Other means of identification : Shielding gas, argon 40

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use. Use as directed.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.
39 Old Ridgebury Road
Danbury, CT 06810-5113 - USA
T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146
www.praxair.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergencies: 1-800-645-4633
CHEMTREC: USA 1-800-424-9300, International 001-703-527-3887 (Collect calls accepted, contract 17729)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Compressed gas H280
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) :

Warning

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :

H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED
OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) :

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.
CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.
CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure.
CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty.
CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification :

Asphyxiant in high concentrations.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Argon, compressed

Safety Data Sheet

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Name	Product identifier	%
Argon, compressed (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 7440-37-1	100

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Get immediate medical attention.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.
- Protection during firefighting : Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.
- Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Use self-contained breathing apparatus. Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
- Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems. Stop flow of product if safe to do so. Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- General measures : Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release.

Argon, compressed

Safety Data Sheet

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Argon, compressed (7440-37-1)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Consider work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

Hand protection : Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Respiratory protection : When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure (e.g., an organic vapor cartridge). For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Thermal hazard protection : None necessary.

Environmental exposure controls : None necessary.

Argon, compressed

Safety Data Sheet

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Other information : Wear safety shoes while handling containers.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Gas
Appearance	: Colorless gas.
Molecular mass	: 40 g/mol
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: No data available
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: Not applicable.
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: -189 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: -185.9 °C
Flash point	: No data available
Critical temperature	: -122.4 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: Not applicable.
Critical pressure	: 4898 kPa
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Specific gravity / density	: 0.103 lb/ft ³ Vapor density at 70°F (21.1°C)
Relative gas density	: 1.38
Solubility	: Water: 61 mg/l
Log Pow	: Not applicable.
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.
Explosive limits	: No data available

9.2. Other information

Gas group	: Compressed gas
Additional information	: Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Argon, compressed

Safety Data Sheet

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Using this product in welding and cutting may create additional hazards. The arc from electric arc welding may form gaseous reaction products such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Ozone and nitrogen oxides may be formed by the radiation from the arc. Other decomposition products of arc welding and cutting originate from the volatilization, reaction, and oxidization of the material being worked.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified No known effects from this product.
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified Not applicable.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Argon, compressed (7440-37-1)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Argon, compressed (7440-37-1)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Argon, compressed (7440-37-1)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer	: None.
Effect on the global warming	: None.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods	: May be vented to atmosphere in a well ventilated place. Consult supplier for specific recommendations. Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous. Contact supplier if guidance is required.

Argon, compressed

Safety Data Sheet

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1006 Argon, compressed, 2.2
UN-No.(DOT) : UN1006
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Argon, compressed
Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes : 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115
Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 121 (UN1006);120 (UN1951)
Other information : No supplementary information available.
Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1006
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : ARGON, COMPRESSED
Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases
MFAG-No : 121

Air transport

UN-No.(IATA) : 1006
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : ARGON, COMPRESSED
Class (IATA) : 2
Civil Aeronautics Law : Gases under pressure/Gases nonflammable nontoxic under pressure

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Argon, compressed (7440-37-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Sudden release of pressure hazard

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Argon, compressed (7440-37-1)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas

EU-Regulations

Argon, compressed (7440-37-1)	
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)	

Argon, compressed

Safety Data Sheet

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Compressed gas H280

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

Not classified

15.2.2. National regulations

Argon, compressed (7440-37-1)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

15.3. US State regulations

Argon, compressed(7440-37-1)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date

: 10/3/2014 12:00:00 AM

Argon, compressed

Safety Data Sheet

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Fumes and gases produced during welding and cutting processes can be dangerous to your health and may cause serious lung disease. KEEP YOUR HEAD OUT OF FUMES. DO NOT BREATHE FUMES AND GASES. Use enough ventilation, local exhaust, or both to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. Short-term overexposure to fumes may cause dizziness, nausea, and dryness or irritation of the nose, throat, and eyes; or may cause other similar discomfort. Contaminants in the air may add to the hazard of fumes and gases. One such contaminant, chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from cleaning and degreasing activities, poses a special risk. DO NOT USE ELECTRIC ARCS IN THE PRESENCE OF CHLORINATED HYDROCARBON VAPORS—HIGHLY TOXIC PHOSGENE MAY BE PRODUCED. Metal coatings such as paint, plating, or galvanizing may generate harmful fumes when heated. Residues from cleaning materials may also be harmful. AVOID ARC OPERATIONS ON PARTS WITH PHOSPHATE RESIDUES (ANTI-RUST, CLEANING PREPARATIONS)—HIGHLY TOXIC PHOSPHINE MAY BE PRODUCED.

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

Praxair SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.praxair.com. If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write the Praxair Call Center (Phone: 1-800-PRAXAIR/1-800-772-9247; Address: Praxair Call Center, Praxair, Inc., P.O. Box 44, Tonawanda, NY 14151-0044).

PRAXAIR and the Flowing Airstream design are trademarks or registered trademarks of Praxair Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

Full text of H-phrases:

Compressed gas	Gases under pressure Compressed gas
H280	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED

NFPA health hazard

: 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

NFPA fire hazard

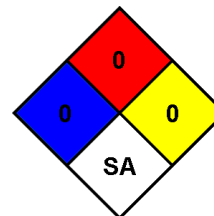
: 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.

NFPA specific hazard

: SA - This denotes gases which are simple asphyxiants.



HMIS III Rating

Health

: 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health

Flammability

: 0 Minimal Hazard

Physical

: 3 Serious Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.



Safety Data Sheet

SDS ID: Stock Code GLP

Revision date: May 5, 2015

Section 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: "Blue Lube" Pipe Gasket Lube
Synonyms: None
Chemical family: N/A
Producer: J.C. Whitlam Manufacturing Company
200 West Walnut Street
P.O. Box 380
Wadsworth, Ohio 44282-0380
www.jcwhitlam.com

Telephone: 330-334-2524 Available during normal business hours

Emergency: 330-334-2524 Available during normal business hours

Section 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Causes mild skin and eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements: Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Keep container tightly closed.

Inhalation: Not likely a route of exposure.

Ingestion: Do not taste or swallow. May act as a laxative, seek medical advice.

Skin Contact: May cause mild skin irritation. Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Eye Contact: Causes eye irritation. Rinse with water for several minutes, remove contact lenses if easy to do. If irritation persists consult a physician.

Section 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Material information:

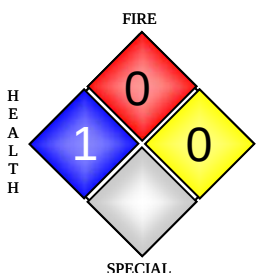
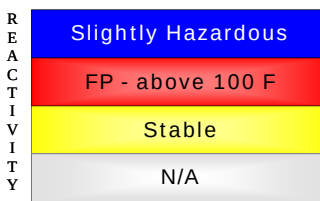
This product contains no substances which at their given concentration, are considered to be hazardous to health.

Section 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation:	Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Skin contact:	Wash off immediately with soap and water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
Ingestion:	May act as a laxative. Seek medical advice immediately.
Eye contact:	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Section 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:	Not available
Specific hazards:	No information available.
Special protective equipment for firefighters:	Not available.

NFPA rating: HMIS rating:			
Health:	1	1	
Flammability:	0	0	
Instability/reactivity:	0	0	
Other:	N/A	B (PPE)	
			

Section 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions:	Do not spill, very slippery.
Large Spill:	Flush area well with water.
Methods for Containment and Clean up	Dike to collect large liquid spills. Prevent leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Place the bulk of any spilled material into properly labeled containers. Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Section 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not take internally.
Storage:	No special precautions are required. Follow all precautionary information on container label and product bulletins.

Section 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits:

This product contains no substances which at their given concentration, are considered to be hazardous to health.

Engineering Measures: Eyewash stations, showers.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Respiratory protection: No special protective equipment required.

Skin and body protection: Lightweight protective clothing. Chemical resistant gloves, if needed, to avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Eye protection: Wear approved safety glasses.

Hygiene measures: Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking and/or smoking. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended.

Other Precautions: N/A

Section 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Blue paste
Physical state (solid/liquid/gas):	Paste
Substance type (pure/mixture):	Mixture
Color:	Blue
Odor:	No odor
Molecular weight:	Not Available
pH:	Not Applicable
Boiling point/range (5-95%):	>212°F (100°C)
Melting point/range:	Not Available
Decomposition temperature:	Not Determined
Specific gravity:	1.01
Vapor density:	>1
Vapor pressure:	Not Applicable
Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate= 1):	<1
Flash point, method used:	Non-flammable
Water solubility:	Completely soluble
VOC Content:	0%
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not Determined
Flammable limits in air — lower (%):	Not Applicable
Flammable limits in air — upper (%):	Not Applicable

Section 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:	Not reactive under normal conditions
Stability:	Stable under recommended storage conditions
Possibly hazardous reactions:	None under normal processing
Conditions to avoid:	Contact with incompatible material
Incompatible Materials:	None known
Hazardous decomposition products:	Not available
Polymerization:	Not available

Section 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity: This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens as listed by OSHA, IARS or NTP.

Product Information: This product is not classified as hazardous.

Chronic Toxicity: No data available.

Sensitization: No data available.

Section 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects:	None known
Persistence:	No information available
Degradability:	No information available

Section 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Cleanup considerations: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Contact your supplier or a licensed contractor for detailed recommendations. Do not re-use empty containers.

Section 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

D.O.T. (U.S.): Not Regulated

Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA: All ingredients appear on inventory

DSL/NDSL: All components of this product are listed or are exempt

US Federal Regulations

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization of 1986 (SARA).

This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

CWA (Clean Water Act): No substances known

California Proposition 65: This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

Section 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Standards and Certification Listings:

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon tests, data, and information resources believed to be reliable. However, the J.C. Whitlam Manufacturing Company, Inc., and its related operations or divisions (Whitlam) do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness, nor shall any of this information constitute a warranty, whether expressed or implied, as to the safety of goods, the merchantability of the goods or the fitness of the goods for a particular purpose. Adjustment to conform to actual conditions of usage may be required. Whitlam assumes no responsibility for results obtained or for incidental or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising from the use of this data. No warranty against infringement of any patent, copyright or trademark is made or implied.

Mueller Brass Co.

Safety Data Sheet

Leaded Brasses (C34500, C35300, C36000, C36010, C37700, C38500)

Section 1 – Product / Supplier Information

Product Name *Leaded Brasses (C34500, C35300, C36000, C36010, C37700, C38500)*

Manufacturer Information

Mueller Brass Co.
2199 Lapeer Avenue
Port Huron, MI 48060

Phone: 810-987-7770

Emergency Telephone: CHEMTREC 800-424-9300

Section 2 – Hazard Identification

General Hazard Statement: Solid metallic products are generally classified as “articles” and do not constitute a hazardous materials in solid form under the definitions of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). Any articles manufactured from these solid products would be generally classified as non-hazardous. However some hazardous elements contained in these products can be emitted under **certain processing** conditions such as but not limited to: burning, melting, cutting, sawing, brazing, grinding, machining, milling, and welding. **The following classification information is for the hazardous elements which may be released during certain processing.**

GHS Classification:

Respiratory Sensitizer - Category 1B
Germ Cell Mutagenicity - Category 2
Carcinogenicity - Category 2
Toxic to reproduction - Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure - Category 1 (respiratory system)
Hazardous to aquatic environment - Acute Hazard - Category 1
Hazardous to aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard - Category 1

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

Symbol(s)



Signal Word
Danger

Hazard Statements

Causes eye irritation
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
May cause an allergic skin reaction
Suspected of causing genetic defects
Suspected of causing cancer
Causes damage to organs (kidneys, respiratory system)
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (respiratory system)
Very toxic to aquatic life
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Mueller Brass Co.**Safety Data Sheet*****Leaded Brasses (C34500, C35300, C36000, C36010, C37700, C38500)*****Precautionary Statements****Prevention**

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wash hands thoroughly after handling
Wear protective gloves
Use personal protective equipment as required
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Avoid release to the environment

Storage

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Section 3 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

CAS #	Component	Percent
7440-50-8	Copper	55 - 65
7440-66-6	Zinc	31.5 – 43.5
7439-92-1	Lead	1.5 – 3.5

The above listing is a summary of elements used in alloying brass. Various grades will contain different combinations of these elements. Other trace elements may also be present in minute amounts. These small quantities (less than 0.1%) are frequently referred to as “trace” or “residual” elements; generally they originate in the raw material used. Such elements would include nitrogen (N), oil mist (mineral¹), oxygen (O), and silver (Ag). Various byproducts of processing from these trace elements may include nitric oxide, nitrogen dioxide, and ozone, and these byproducts may also be considered trace. If listed in the above table, the ingredient is considered to be a component rather than trace.

Footnotes:

1. The bar/piece may have a light coating of oil to prevent corrosion.

Section 4 – First Aid Measures

The following information is for the hazardous elements which may be released during certain processing (See Section 2)

Eyes

Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Consult a physician.

Skin

Wash skin with soap and water. In the case of skin irritation or allergic reactions see a physician.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Drink plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

Mueller Brass Co.

Safety Data Sheet

Leaded Brasses (C34500, C35300, C36000, C36010, C37700, C38500)

Section 5 – Firefighting Measures

The following information is for the hazardous elements which may be released during certain processing (See Section 2)

General Fire Hazards

See Section 9 for Flammability Properties. This product does not present fire or explosion hazards as shipped. Small chips, fines, and dust from processing may be readily ignitable.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.

Extinguishing Media

Class D extinguishing agents on fines, dust or molten metal. Use coarse water spray on chips and fines.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

DO NOT use halogenated extinguishing agents on small chips or fines. DO NOT use water for fires involving molten metal. These fire extinguishing agents will react with burning material.

Fire Fighting Equipment/Instructions

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

The following information is for the hazardous elements which may be released during processing.

Recovery and Neutralization

Avoid dust formation. Collect scrap for recycling.

Materials and Methods for Clean-Up

If product is molten, contain the flow using dry sand or salt flux as a dam. All tools and containers which come in contact with molten metal must be preheated or specially coated and rust free. Allow the spill to cool before remelting as scrap.

Personal Precautions and Protective Equipment

Wear appropriate protective clothing and respiratory protection for the situation.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Prevention of Secondary Hazards

None

Section 7 – Handling and Storage

The following information is for the hazardous elements which may be released during certain processing (See Section 2)

Handling Procedures

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Keep material dry. Avoid contact with sharp edges or heated material.

Mueller Brass Co.

Safety Data Sheet

Leaded Brasses (C34500, C35300, C36000, C36010, C37700, C38500)

Storage Procedures

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Incompatibilities

See Section 10

Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

The following information is for the hazardous elements which may be released during certain processing (See Section 2)

Component Exposure Limits

Copper (7440-50-8)

ACGIH: 0.2 mg/m³ TWA (fume)
OSHA: 1.0 mg/m³ TWA (dust, mist, as Cu) 0.1 mg/m³ TWA (fume)
NIOSH: 1 mg/m³ TWA (dust and mist); 0.1 mg/m³ TWA (fume)

Lead (7439-92-1)

ACGIH: 0.05 mg/m³ TWA
OSHA: 30 µg/m³ Action Level (Poison, See 29 CFR 1910.1025); 50 µg/m³ TWA
NIOSH: 0.050 mg/m³ TWA

Engineering Measures

Where feasible, enclose processes to prevent dust dispersion into the work area. Provide local exhaust when possible, and general ventilation as necessary, to keep airborne concentrations below exposure limits and as low as possible.

Personal Protective Equipment

Respiratory

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.

Hands

Use impervious gloves such as neoprene, nitrile, or rubber for hand protection.

Eyes

Wear safety glasses with side shields and/or goggles as necessary to prevent dust from entering eyes.

Skin and Body

Use body protection appropriate for task.

Hygiene Measures

Do not breathe vapors/dust. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Yellow-Brown Metal
Physical State: Solid
Vapor Pressure: ND

Odor: None
pH: NA
Vapor Density: ND

Mueller Brass Co.

Safety Data Sheet

Leaded Brasses (C34500, C35300, C36000, C36010, C37700, C38500)

Boiling Point: ND
Solubility (H₂O): Insoluble
Evaporation Rate: ND
Octanol/H₂O Coeff.: ND
Flash Point Method: NA

Melting Point: 866-1038 (°C) / 1590-1900 (°F)
Specific Gravity: ND
VOC: ND
Flash Point: NA
Upper Flammability Limit (UFL): NA
Burning Rate: NA

Lower Flammability Limit: NA
(LFL):
Auto Ignition: NA

Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

The following information is for the hazardous elements which may be released during certain processing (See Section 2)

Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Hazardous Reaction Potential

Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Dust formation. Heat, flames and sparks. Protect from water.

Incompatible Products

Acids. Alkalis. Water. Halogenated compounds. Metal oxides.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Toxic metal oxides and carbon and nitrogen oxides may be produced during a fire involving metal alloys.

Section 11 – Toxicological Information

The following information is for the hazardous elements which may be released during certain processing (See Section 2)

Acute Toxicity

Component Analysis - LD50/LC50

NA

Skin

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin. Contact with oils from processing may cause irritation. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause allergic reactions with susceptible persons.

Eye

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Ingestion

May be harmful if swallowed. May cause additional affects as listed under "Inhalation".

Inhalation

May be harmful if inhaled. Inhalation of dust in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system.

Mueller Brass Co.**Safety Data Sheet*****Leaded Brasses (C34500, C35300, C36000, C36010, C37700, C38500)*****Respiratory Organs Sensitization/Skin Sensitization**

May cause an allergic skin reaction

Generative Cell Mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects

Carcinogenicity**A: General Product Information**

Suspected of causing cancer.

B: Component Carcinogenicity**Lead (7439-92-1)**

ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans

OSHA: 30 µg/m³ Action Level (Poison, See 29 CFR 1910.1025); 50 µg/m³ TWA

NTP: Reasonably Anticipated To Be A Human Carcinogen (Possible Select Carcinogen)

IARC: Monograph 87 [2006] (evaluates inorganic lead compounds as Group 2A and organic lead compounds as Group 3) (Group 2A (probably carcinogenic to humans))

Reproductive Toxicity

Lead may damage the reproductive system and cause developmental damage.

Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Single Exposure

Causes damage to organs (kidneys, respiratory system)

Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Repeated Exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (respiratory system). Repeated contact may cause allergic reactions in very susceptible persons. Avoid repeated exposure. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis and sensitization of susceptible persons. May cause adverse effects on the bone marrow and blood-forming system. May cause adverse liver effects.

Elevated temperature processing such as welding and plasma arc cutting may release hazardous fumes. Overexposure to metal fumes may cause pulmonary edema (fluid in the lungs) and methemoglobinemia. May also cause pulmonary fibrosis and lung cancer. Lead compounds may be absorbed by ingestion, by inhalation and through the skin. Lead may damage kidney function, the blood forming system and the reproductive system. Inorganic lead compounds can cause developmental damage.

Aspiration Respiratory Organs Hazard**Section 12 – Ecological Information**

The following information is for the hazardous elements which may be released during certain processing (See Section 2)

Ecotoxicity**A: General Product Information**

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Mueller Brass Co.**Safety Data Sheet****Leaded Brasses (C34500, C35300, C36000, C36010, C37700, C38500)****B: Component Analysis - Ecotoxicity - Aquatic Toxicity**
Copper (7440-50-8)

Test & Species	Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	0.0068 - 0.0156 mg/L
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	<0.3 mg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	0.2 mg/L [flow-through]
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	0.052 mg/L [flow-through]
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus	1.25 mg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio	0.3 mg/L [semi-static]
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio	0.8 mg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata	0.112 mg/L [flow-through]
72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	0.0426 - 0.0535 mg/L [static]
96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	0.031 - 0.054 mg/L [static]
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	0.03 mg/L [Static]

Zinc (7440-66-6)

Test & Species	Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	2.16-3.05 mg/L [flow-through]
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	0.211-0.269 mg/L [semi-static]
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	2.66 mg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio	30 mg/L
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio	0.45 mg/L [semi- static]
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio	7.8 mg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus	3.5 mg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	0.24 mg/L [flow- through]
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	0.59 mg/L [semi- static]
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	0.41 mg/L [static]
96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	0.11 - 0.271 mg/L [static]
72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	0.09 - 0.125 mg/L [static]
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	0.139 - 0.908 mg/L [Static]

Lead (7439-92-1)

Test & Species	Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio	0.44 mg/L [semi- static]
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	1.17 mg/L [flow- through]
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	1.32 mg/L [static]
48 Hr EC50 water flea	600 µg/L

Mueller Brass Co.

Safety Data Sheet

Leaded Brasses (C34500, C35300, C36000, C36010, C37700, C38500)

Persistence/Degradability

Metal powders may cause ecological damage through silting or sedimentation effect in water depriving organisms of habitat and mobility, and/or fouling of gills, lungs and skin thus limiting oxygen uptake.

Bioaccumulation

Metal powders in water or soil may form metal oxides or other metal compounds that could become bioavailable and harm aquatic or terrestrial organisms.

Mobility in Soil

Metal powder would be relatively immobile in soils but some metal compounds may be transported with ground water.

Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

The following information is for the hazardous elements which may be released during certain processing (See Section 2)

Waste Disposal Instructions

See Section 7 for Handling Procedures.

See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.

Disposal of Contaminated Containers or Packaging

Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations

Section 14 – Transport Information

The following information is for the hazardous elements which may be released during certain processing (See Section 2)

Component Marine Pollutants

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required by US DOT to be identified as marine pollutants.

Component	CAS #	
Copper	7440-50-8	DOT regulated severe marine pollutant (powder)

DOT Information

Shipping Name: Not Regulated

IATA Information

Shipping Name: Not Regulated

ICAO Information

Shipping Name: Not Regulated

IMDG Information

Shipping Name: Not Regulated

Mueller Brass Co.**Safety Data Sheet****Leaded Brasses (C34500, C35300, C36000, C36010, C37700, C38500)****Section 15 – Regulatory Information****Regulatory Information****A: Component Analysis**

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65) and/or CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4).

Copper (7440-50-8)

SARA 313: 1.0 % de minimis concentration

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 µm);

Zinc (7440-66-6)

SARA 313: 1.0 % de minimis concentration (dust or fume only)

CERCLA: 1000 lb final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 µm)

Lead (7439-92-1)

SARA 313: 0.1 % Supplier notification limit; 0.1 % de minimis concentration (when contained in stainless steel, brass, or bronze)

CERCLA: 10 lb final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 µm);

B: Component Marine Pollutants

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required by US DOT to be identified as marine pollutants.

Copper (7440-50-8)

55-96 DOT regulated severe marine pollutant (powder)

State Regulations**A: Component Analysis - State**

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	CAS	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Copper	7440-50-8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Zinc	7440-66-6	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Lead	7439-92-1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

PROPOSITION 65 - WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Component Analysis - WHMIS IDL

The following components are identified under the Canadian Hazardous Products Act Ingredient Disclosure List:

Component	CAS #	Minimum Concentration
Copper	7440-50-8	1 %
Lead	7439-92-1	0.1 %

Mueller Brass Co.**Safety Data Sheet*****Leaded Brasses (C34500, C35300, C36000, C36010, C37700, C38500)*****Additional Regulatory Information****Component Analysis - Inventory**

Component	CAS #	TSCA	CAN	EEC
Copper	7440-50-8	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Zinc	7440-66-6	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Lead	7439-92-1	Yes	DSL	EINECS

Section 16 - Other Information**Key/Legend**

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; DOT = Department of Transportation; DSL = Domestic Substances List; EEC = European Economic Community; EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances; EU = European Union; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; IMO = International Maritime Organization; IATA = International Air Transport Association; NDSL = Non-Domestic Substances List; NTP = National Toxicology Program; TLV = Threshold Limit Value; TWA = Time Weighted Average; NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code; IATA = International Air Transport Association

Literature References

None

Prepared: 18 February 2015

Praxair Safety Data Sheet

Product: Carbon Dioxide

SDS No. P-4574-L
May 2015

1. Identification

Product Identifier: Carbon Dioxide **Trade Names:** Carbon Dioxide, Medipure® Carbon Dioxide

Recommended Uses: Industrial: analytical, lasers; semiconductor process gas; supercritical fluid extraction

Restrictions on Use: Use only as directed.

Supplier: Praxair, Inc., 39 Old Ridgebury Road Danbury, CT 06810-5113 USA

Emergency Telephone Numbers: *

Onsite emergencies: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC: USA: 1-800-424-9300

International: 001-703-527-3887, Contract: 17729

* Call emergency numbers only for spills, leaks, fire, exposure, or accidents involving this product. For routine information, contact your supplier, Praxair sales representative, or call 1-800-772-9247.

2. Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

WARNING! Liquefied gas under pressure.



Contains gas and liquid under pressure; may explode if heated.

Can cause rapid suffocation.

May cause dizziness and drowsiness.

Can increase respiration and heart rate.

May cause nervous system damage.

May cause frostbite.

OSHA REGULATORY STATUS: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communications Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Hazard Classification: Gases Under Pressure – Liquefied Gas

Precautionary Statements: Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

← A vertical line in the left margin indicates revised or new material.

This is a general revision; please read entire document.

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Praxair Technology, Inc. All rights reserved.

Praxair Safety Data Sheet

Product: Carbon Dioxide

SDS No. P-4574-L
May 2015

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

This section covers materials of manufacture only. See sections 5, 8, 10, 11, and 16 for information on by-products generated during use in welding and cutting or as a result of exposure to fire.

See section 16 for important information about mixtures.

Chemical Name	Common Name and Synonyms	CAS NUMBER	CONCENTRATION
Carbon Dioxide	Carbonic anhydride, carbonic acid gas, refrigerant gas R744	124-38-9	>99%

* The symbol > means "greater than."

4. First Aid Measures

INHALATION: Immediately remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, qualified personnel may give oxygen. Call a physician.

SKIN CONTACT: For exposure to cold vapor or solid carbon dioxide (dry ice), immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). In case of massive exposure, remove contaminated clothing while showering with warm water. Call a physician.

EYE CONTACT: For exposure to cold vapor or solid carbon dioxide (dry ice), immediately flush eyes thoroughly with warm water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. See a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist, immediately.

SWALLOWING: An unlikely route of exposure. This product is a gas at normal temperature and pressure.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES: Nonflammable

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters: Firefighters should wear personal protective equipment and fire-fighting turnout gear as appropriate for surrounding fire.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Carbon dioxide cannot catch fire but cylinders exposed to fire may explode. Use media appropriate for surrounding fire.

PRODUCTS OF COMBUSTION: Not applicable.

PROTECTION OF FIREFIGHTERS: WARNING! High-pressure liquid and gas. Evacuate all personnel from danger area. Immediately deluge cylinders with water from maximum distance until cool; then move them away from fire area if without risk. Self-contained breathing apparatus may be required by rescue workers. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.

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Specific Physical and Chemical Hazards: Heat of fire can build pressure in cylinder and cause it to rupture. No part of cylinder should be subjected to a temperature higher than 125°F (52°C). Carbon dioxide cylinders are typically equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by DOT.)

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

WARNING! High-pressure liquid and gas. Rapid release of gaseous carbon dioxide through a pressure relief device (PRD) or valve can result in the formation of dry ice, which is very cold and can cause frostbite.

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS: Carbon dioxide is an asphyxiant. Lack of oxygen can kill. Use self-contained breathing apparatus where needed. See Section 11.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE): See Section 8, Exposure Control/Personal Protection.

EMERGENCY PROCEDURES: Evacuate all personnel from danger area. Shut off leak if you can do so without risk. Ventilate area or move cylinder to a well-ventilated area. Test for sufficient oxygen, especially in confined spaces, before allowing reentry.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up: Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Discard any product, residue, disposable container, or liner in an environmentally acceptable manner, in full compliance with federal, state, and local regulations. If necessary, call your local supplier for assistance.

7. Handling and Storage

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING: Protect from sunlight.

Avoid breathing gas. Do not get liquid in eyes, on skin, or clothing. **Protect cylinders from damage.** Use a suitable hand truck to move cylinders; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. **Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings;** doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. **Open valve slowly.** If valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Keep cylinder upright when in use. **Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the cylinder.** High temperatures may damage the cylinder and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the cylinder contents. For other precautions in using carbon dioxide, see section 16.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN STORAGE: Store in a well-ventilated place.

Gas can cause rapid suffocation due to oxygen deficiency. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Carbon dioxide is heavier than air. It tends to accumulate near the floor of an enclosed space, displacing air and pushing it upward. This creates an oxygen-deficient atmosphere near the floor or in pits and trenches. Ventilate space before entry. Verify sufficient oxygen concentration. Close cylinder valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. **Prevent reverse flow.** Reverse flow into

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cylinder may cause rupture. Use a check valve or other protective device in any line or piping from the cylinder. **Do not strike an arc on the cylinder.** The defect produced by an arc burn could lead to cylinder rupture. Do not ground the cylinder or allow it to become part of an electrical circuit. **Firmly secure cylinders upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over.** Screw valve protection cap firmly in place by hand. **Store full and empty cylinders separately.** Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full cylinders for long periods.

RECOMMENDED PUBLICATIONS: For further information on storage, handling, and use, see Praxair publications P-14-153, *Guidelines for Handling Gas Cylinders and Containers*; P-15-073, *Safety Precautions for Carbon Dioxide*; and P-3499, *Safety Precautions and Emergency Response Planning*. Obtain from your local supplier.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

See section 16 for important information on by-products generated during use in welding and cutting.

COMPONENT	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV (2012)
Carbon dioxide	5,000 ppm	5,000 ppm TWA, 30,000 ppm 15-min STEL

IDLH = 40,000 ppm.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Local Exhaust. Use a local exhaust system, if necessary, to keep the concentration of carbon dioxide below all applicable exposure limits in the worker's breathing zone.

Mechanical (General). Under certain conditions, general exhaust ventilation may be acceptable to keep carbon dioxide below the exposure limits.

Special. WARNING: Concentration levels of carbon dioxide about 1 percent are dangerous—see Section 11. Praxair recommends continuous monitoring with alarms to indicate unsafe conditions before and during potential personnel exposure. Use appropriate monitoring devices to ensure a safe oxygen level (minimum of 19.5 percent) and a safe carbon dioxide level.

Other. None

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Skin Protection. Wear insulated neoprene gloves for cylinder handling; welding gloves for welding. Metatarsal shoes for cylinder handling. Select in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138. See section 16 for requirements when using carbon dioxide or carbon dioxide mixtures in welding and cutting.

Eye/Face Protection. Select in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133. See section 16 for requirements when using carbon dioxide or carbon dioxide mixtures in welding and cutting.

Respiratory Protection. None required under normal use. An air-supplied respirator must be used in confined spaces. Respiratory protection must conform to OSHA rules as specified in 29 CFR 1910.134. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2.

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9. Physical and Chemical Properties

APPEARANCE:	Colorless gas
ODOR:	Odorless. It is felt by some to have a slight, pungent odor and biting taste.
ODOR THRESHOLD:	Not applicable.
PHYSICAL STATE:	Gas at normal temperature and pressure
pH:	3.7 (for carbonic acid).
MELTING POINT/FREEZING POINT at 1 atm:	Sublimation Point -109.3°F (-78.5°C)
INITIAL BOILING POINT at 1 atm:	Sublimation Point -109.3°F (-78.5°C)
BOILING RANGE at 1 atm:	Not applicable.
FLASH POINT (test method):	Not applicable.
EVAPORATION RATE (Butyl Acetate = 1):	High
FLAMMABILITY:	Nonflammable
FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR , % by volume:	LOWER: N/A * UPPER: N/A *
VAPOR PRESSURE at 68°F (20°C):	838 psig (5778 kPa)
VAPOR DENSITY at 70°F (21.1°C) and 1 atm:	Liquid Density (saturated) 47.6 lb/ft ³ (762 kg/m ³)
RELATIVE DENSITY/SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H ₂ O = 1) at 19.4°F (-7°C):	1.22
RELATIVE DENSITY/SPECIFIC GRAVITY (Air = 1) at 70°F (21.1°C) and 1 atm:	1.52
SOLUBILITY IN WATER , % by wt:	0.90
PARTITION COEFFICIENT: n-octanol/water:	Not available.
AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:	Not applicable.
DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE:	Not available.
PERCENT VOLATILES BY VOLUME:	100
VISCOSITY:	Not applicable.
MOLECULAR WEIGHT:	44.01.
MOLECULAR FORMULA:	CO ₂

* N/A – Not applicable

10. Stability and Reactivity Information

REACTIVITY: ☐ Reactive ☒ Non-Reactive

CHEMICAL STABILITY: ☐ Unstable ☒ Stable

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: ☐ May Occur ☒ Will Not Occur

Decomposition into toxic, flammable, and/or oxidizing materials under above-stated conditions.

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CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Contact with incompatible materials, exposure to electrical discharges, and/or high temperatures as stated below.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Alkali metals, alkaline earth metals, metal acetylides, chromium, titanium above 1022°F (550°C), uranium above 1382°F (750°C), magnesium above 1427°F (775°C)

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide and oxygen may result from the decomposition of carbon dioxide exposed to electrical discharges and high temperatures.

11. Toxicological Information

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

Effects of a Single (Acute) Overexposure

Inhalation: Carbon dioxide gas is an asphyxiant with effects due to lack of oxygen. It is also physiologically active, affecting circulation and breathing. Moderate concentrations may cause headache, drowsiness, dizziness, stinging of the nose and throat, excitation, rapid breathing and heart rate, excess salivation, vomiting, and unconsciousness. Lack of oxygen can kill.

Carbon dioxide is an asphyxiant. It initially stimulates respiration and then causes respiratory depression. High concentrations result in narcosis. Symptoms in humans are as follows:

Carbon Dioxide Concentration Inhaled	EFFECTS
1%	Breathing rate increases slightly.
2%	Breathing rate increases to 50% above normal level. Prolonged exposure can cause headache, tiredness.
3%	Breathing increases to twice normal rate and becomes labored. Weak narcotic effect. Impaired hearing, headache, increased blood pressure and pulse rate.
4–5%	Breathing increases to approximately four times normal rate, symptoms of intoxication become evident, and slight choking may be felt.
5–10%	Characteristic sharp odor noticeable. Very labored breathing, visual impairment, headache, and ringing in the ears. Judgment may be impaired, followed within minutes by loss of consciousness.
10–100%	Unconsciousness occurs more rapidly above 10% level. Prolonged exposure to high concentrations may eventually result in death from asphyxiation.

The welding process may generate hazardous fumes/gases. (See sections 10 and 16.)

Skin Contact. No harm expected from vapor. Cold gas, or liquid or solid carbon dioxide may cause severe frostbite.

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Swallowing. An unlikely route of exposure. This product is a gas at normal temperature and pressure.

Eye Contact: No harm expected from vapor. Cold gas, or liquid or solid carbon dioxide may cause severe frostbite.

Effects of Repeated (Chronic) Overexposure: No harm expected.

Other Effects of Overexposure: Damage to retinal or ganglion cells and central nervous system may occur.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Overexposure: The toxicology and the physical and chemical properties of carbon dioxide suggest that overexposure is unlikely to aggravate existing medical conditions.

ACUTE DOSE EFFECTS: LC_{Lo} = 90,000 ppm, 5 min., human

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS: A single study has shown an increase in heart defects in rats exposed to 6% carbon dioxide in air for 24 hours at different times during gestation. There is no evidence that carbon dioxide is teratogenic in humans.

CARCINOGENICITY: Carbon dioxide is not listed by NTP, OSHA, or IARC.

12. Ecological Information

ECOTOXICITY: No known effects.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY: Not applicable.

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: Not applicable.

MOBILITY IN SOIL: Not applicable.

OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: No adverse ecological effects expected. The components of this mixture do not contain any Class I or Class II ozone-depleting chemicals.

13. Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return cylinder to supplier.

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14. Transport Information

UN NUMBER: UN1013		PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Carbon Dioxide	
HAZARD CLASS(ES): 2.2		PACKING GROUP NA*	PRODUCT RQ: None
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not listed as a marine pollutant.			
SPECIAL SHIPPING INFORMATION:		• Cylinders should be transported in a secure position, in a well-ventilated vehicle. Cylinders transported in an enclosed, non-ventilated compartment of a vehicle can present serious safety hazards. • Shipment of compressed gas cylinders that have been filled without the owner's consent is a violation of federal law [49 CFR 173.301(e)].	
SHIPPING LABEL(s):		NONFLAMMABLE GAS	
PLACARD (when required):		NONFLAMMABLE GAS	

*NA = Not applicable.

15. Regulatory Information

The following selected regulatory requirements may apply to this product. Not all such requirements are identified. Users of this product are solely responsible for compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:

EPA (ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY)

CERCLA: COMPREHENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE, COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT OF 1980 (40 CFR Parts 117 and 302):

Reportable Quantity (RQ): None

SARA: SUPERFUND AMENDMENT AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT:

SECTIONS 302/304: Require emergency planning based on Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ) and release reporting based on Reportable Quantities (RQ) of Extremely Hazardous Substances (EHS) (40 CFR Part 355):

TPQ: None

EHS RQ (40 CFR 355): None

SECTIONS 311/312: Require submission of SDSs and reporting of chemical inventories with identification of EPA hazard categories. The hazard categories for this product are as follows:

IMMEDIATE: Yes

DELAYED: No

PRESSURE: Yes

REACTIVITY: No

FIRE: No

SECTION 313: Requires submission of annual reports of release of toxic chemicals that appear in 40 CFR Part 372.

Carbon dioxide is not subject to reporting under Section 313.

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40 CFR 68: RISK MANAGEMENT PROGRAM FOR CHEMICAL ACCIDENTAL RELEASE PREVENTION: Requires development and implementation of risk management programs at facilities that manufacture, use, store, or otherwise handle regulated substances in quantities that exceed specified thresholds.

Carbon dioxide is not listed as a regulated substance.

TSCA: TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT: Carbon dioxide is listed on the TSCA inventory.

OSHA: OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION:

29 CFR 1910.119: PROCESS SAFETY MANAGEMENT OF HIGHLY HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS: Requires facilities to develop a process safety management program based on Threshold Quantities (TQ) of highly hazardous chemicals.

Carbon dioxide is not listed in Appendix A as a highly hazardous chemical.

STATE REGULATIONS:

CALIFORNIA: Carbon dioxide is not listed by California under the SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (Proposition 65).

PENNSYLVANIA: Carbon dioxide is subject to the PENNSYLVANIA WORKER AND COMMUNITY RIGHT-TO-KNOW ACT (35 P.S. Sections 7301-7320).

16. Other Information

Be sure to read and understand all labels and instructions supplied with all containers of this product.

ADDITIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH HAZARDS: Using carbon dioxide or mixtures containing carbon dioxide in welding and cutting may create additional hazards.

Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions and the precautionary labels on the products used in welding and cutting. Ask your welding products supplier for a copy of Praxair's free safety booklets, P-2035, *Precautions and Safe Practices for Gas Welding, Cutting, and Heating*, and P-52-529, *Precautions and Safe Practices for Electric Welding and Cutting*, and for other manufacturers' safety publications. For a detailed treatment, get ANSI Z49.1, *Safety in Welding and Cutting and Allied Processes*, published by the American Welding Society (AWS), 8669 Doral Blvd., #130, Doral, FL 33166, <http://www.aws.org>.

FUMES AND GASES can be dangerous to your health and may cause serious lung disease.

- **Keep your head out of fumes. Do not breathe fumes and gases. Use enough ventilation, local exhaust, or both to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. Short-term overexposure to fumes may cause dizziness; nausea; and dryness or irritation of the nose, throat, and eyes; or may cause other similar discomfort.**

Fumes and gases cannot be classified simply. The amount and type depend on the metal being worked and the process, procedure, equipment, and supplies used. Possible dangerous materials may be found in fluxes, electrodes, and other materials. Get an SDS for every material you use.

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Contaminants in the air may add to the hazard of fumes and gases. One such contaminant, chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from cleaning and degreasing activities, poses a special risk.

- **Do not use electric arcs in the presence of chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors—highly toxic phosgene may be produced.**

Metal coatings such as paint, plating, or galvanizing may generate harmful fumes when heated. Residues from cleaning materials may also be harmful.

- **Avoid arc operations on parts with phosphate residues (anti-rust, cleaning preparations)—highly toxic phosphine may be produced.**

To find the quantity and content of fumes and gases, you can take air samples. By analyzing these samples, you can find out what respiratory protection you need. One recommended sampling method is to take air from inside the worker's helmet or from the worker's breathing zone. See AWS F1.1, *Method for Sampling Airborne Particulates Generated by Welding and Allied Processes*, available from the American Welding Society, 8669 Doral Blvd., #130, Doral, FL 33166, <http://www.aws.org>.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:

Acute: Gases, fumes, and dusts may cause irritation to the eyes, lungs, nose, and throat. Some toxic gases associated with welding and related processes may cause pulmonary edema, asphyxiation, and death. Acute overexposure may include signs and symptoms such as watery eyes, nose and throat irritation, headache, dizziness, difficulty breathing, frequent coughing, or chest pains.

Chronic: Protracted inhalation of air contaminants may lead to their accumulation in the lungs, a condition that may be seen as dense areas on chest x-rays. The severity of change is proportional to the length of exposure. The changes seen are not necessarily associated with symptoms or signs of reduced lung function or disease. In addition, the changes on x-rays may be caused by non-work-related factors such as smoking, etc.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT FOR WELDING OPERATIONS:

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Wear welding gloves.

EYE PROTECTION: Wear a helmet or use a face shield with a filter lens. Select lens per ANSI Z49.1. Provide protective screens and flash goggles if needed to protect others; select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Wear hand, head, and body protection. (See ANSI Z49.1.) Worn as needed, these help prevent injury from radiation, sparks, and electrical shock. Minimum protection includes welder's gloves and a face shield. For added protection consider arm protectors, aprons, hats, shoulder protection, and dark, substantial clothing.

OTHER HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS OF HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: **High-pressure liquid and gas.** Use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand pressures to be encountered. **Prevent reverse flow.** Reverse flow into cylinder may cause rupture. Use a check valve or other protective device in any line or piping from the cylinder. **Do not strike an arc on the cylinder.** The defect produced by an arc burn could lead to cylinder rupture. **Never work on a pressurized system.** If there is a leak, close the cylinder valve. Blow the system down in a safe and environmentally sound manner in compliance with all federal, state, and local laws; then repair the leak. **Never place a compressed gas cylinder where it may**

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become part of an electrical circuit. When using compressed gases in and around electric welding applications, never ground the cylinders. Grounding exposes the cylinders to damage by the electric welding arc.

Mixtures. When you mix two or more gases or liquefied gases, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Remember, gases and liquids have properties that can cause serious injury or death.

HAZARD RATING SYSTEMS:

NFPA RATINGS:

HEALTH = 2
FLAMMABILITY = 0
INSTABILITY = 0
SPECIAL = SA (CGA recommends this to designate Simple Asphyxiant.)

HMIS RATINGS:

HEALTH = 1
FLAMMABILITY = 0
PHYSICAL HAZARD = 3

STANDARD VALVE CONNECTIONS FOR U.S. AND CANADA:

THREADED: CGA-320
PIN-INDEXED YOKE: CGA-940 (medical use)
ULTRA-HIGH-INTEGRITY CONNECTION: CGA-716

Use the proper CGA connections. **DO NOT USE ADAPTERS.** Additional limited-standard connections may apply. See CGA pamphlet V-1 listed below.

Ask your supplier about free Praxair safety literature as referred to in this SDS and on the label for this product. Further information can be found in the following materials published by the Compressed Gas Association, Inc. (CGA), <http://www.cganet.com>.

AV-1 *Safe Handling and Storage of Compressed Gases*
AV-7 *Characteristics and Safe Handling of Carbon Dioxide*
G-6 *Carbon Dioxide*
G-6.1 *Standard for Low Pressure Carbon Dioxide Systems at Customer Sites*
G-6.2 *Commodity Specification for Carbon Dioxide*
P-1 *Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers*
SB-2 *Oxygen-Deficient Atmospheres*
V-1 *Compressed Gas Cylinder Valve Inlet and Outlet Connections*
— *Handbook of Compressed Gases*

Last revised 9 May 2015.

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Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use of the product are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

Praxair SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative or local distributor or supplier. If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the form number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write the Praxair Call Center (**Phone:** 1-800-PRAXAIR; **Address:** Praxair Call Center, Praxair, Inc., PO Box 44, Tonawanda, NY 14151-0044).

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Praxair, Inc.
39 Old Ridgebury Road
Danbury, CT 06810-5113



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Meets the Requirements of OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication and EPA Supplier Notification Requirements under Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act.

SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS)

GRAY IRON CASTINGS

SDS SC-000-041 Rev. 12

DATE ISSUED

10/13

SECTION 1—PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION & COMPANY INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME

GRAY IRON CASTINGS

OTHER DESIGNATIONS: ASTM (American Society for Testing & Materials) Specification No's., (ACI (Alloy Casting Institute) Alloy Designations—Grades)

ASTM: A48, A74, A126, A159, A278, A319, A667, A748, A823, A942

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION (Label Identifier)

Soil Pipe and Soil Pipe Fittings, Gray Iron Castings -

MANUFACTURER'S NAME

Tyler Pipe & Coupling

STREET ADDRESS

11910 County Road 492

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.

877-217-6372

MAILING ADDRESS

TELEPHONE NO.

800.527.8478

CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE, COUNTRY

Tyler, Texas, 75706

FAX NO.

800.248.9537

E-MAIL ADDRESS/WEBSITE

<http://www.tylerpipe.com/>

RECOMMENDED USE OF CHEMICAL AND RESTRICTIONS ON USE

Solid casting; no restrictions

SECTION 2—HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION

Castings are metallic articles that do not present hazards in their original form.

OTHER INFORMATION

1. Grinding castings that have not been cleaned or that contain embedded sand may generate significant amounts of dust containing crystalline silica.
2. Fumes from hot processes may contain other compounds with different exposure limits. Dust or fumes generated by machining, grinding, welding or thermal cutting of the casting may produce airborne contaminants. Consult Sections 3 & 8 for further information.

SECTION 3—COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL NAME/COMMON NAME/SYNONYM	Wt %	CAS NUMBER
Carbon (C)	2.5–4.0	7440-44-0
Chromium (Cr)	0.01–1.5	7440-47-3
Copper (Cu)	0.01–1.00	7440-50-8
Iron (Fe)	86.3–96.2	7439-89-6
Manganese (Mn)	0.2–1.1	7439-96-5
Nickel (Ni)	0.01–1.5	7440-02-0
Silicon (Si)	1.0–3.5	7440-21-3
Tin (Sn)	0.1–0.15	7440-31-5

SECTION 4—FIRST AID MEASURES**EYE CONTACT:** Not applicable**SKIN CONTACT:** No special requirements**INGESTION:** Not applicable**INHALATION:** Not applicable**SECTION 5—FIREFIGHTING MEASURES****FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES:** Not applicable**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Not applicable**PROTECTION OF FIREFIGHTERS:** Not applicable**SECTION 6—ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Not applicable

SECTION 7—HANDLING & STORAGE**RECOMMENDED STORAGE**

No special requirements

PROCEDURES FOR HANDLING

Proper hand and foot protection is recommended.

SECTION 8—EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION**ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

None Required. There are no health hazards from castings in solid form.

SUBSTANCE	ACGIH TLV mg/m³	OSHA PEL mg/m³
Carbon (C)	N/E	N/E
Chromium (Cr)	0.5	1
Copper (Cu)	1	1
Iron (Fe)	N/E	N/E
Manganese (Mn)	0.02 (R); 0.1 (I)	5 (C)
Nickel (Ni)	1.5 (I)	1
Silicon (Si)		
Total dust	N/E	15
Respirable dust	N/E	5
Tin (Sn)	2	2

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Grinding castings that have not been cleaned or that contain embedded sand may generate significant amounts of dust containing crystalline silica.

Fumes from hot processes may contain other compounds with different exposure limits than those listed above. Dust or fumes generated by machining, grinding, welding or thermal cutting of the casting may produce airborne contaminants. Exposure limits for the most common contaminants are offered as reference. Please consult a competent person for guidance on exposure assessment and controls.

In particular, Hexavalent Chromium is an OSHA Expanded Health Standard; refer to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1026-Chromium (VI) for complete requirements.

SUBSTANCE	ACGIH TLV mg/m ³	OSHA PEL mg/m ³
Chromium Compounds (as Cr)		
Chromium (II) inorganic compounds	N/E	0.5
Chromium (III) inorganic compounds	0.5	0.5
Chromium (VI) inorganic compounds, certain water insoluble	0.01	0.005
Chromium (VI) inorganic compounds, water soluble	0.05	0.005
Chromium (VI) all forms and compounds	N/E	0.005
Copper Compounds (as Cu)		
Fume, as Cu	0.2	0.1
Dusts and mists, as Cu	1	1
Iron Compounds		
Iron oxide (Fe ₂ O ₃) fume	N/E	10
Iron oxide (Fe ₂ O ₃)	5 (R)	N/E
Nickel Compounds (as Ni)		
Insoluble, inorganic compounds	0.2(I)	1
Soluble, inorganic compounds	0.1(I)	1
Nickel oxide	0.2(I)	1
Tin compounds (as Sn)		
Tin Oxide & inorganic compounds, except SnH ₄	2	N/E
Inorganic compounds, except oxides, as Sn	N/E	2
Tin Oxides, as Sn	2	N/E

TERMS

All exposure limits referenced above are 8 hour time weighted averages (TWA) unless otherwise noted.

N/E = None Established

C = Ceiling

I = Inhalable fraction

R = Respirable fraction

TLV = Threshold Limit Value/American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)

PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit / OSHA

mg/m³ = milligrams per cubic meter

PERSONAL PROTECTION:

Proper hand and foot protection is recommended.

SECTION 9—PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE /PHYSICAL STATE

Solid, silver gray in color

ODOR/ODOR THRESHOLD

None

VAPOR DENSITY

Not applicable

MELTING POINT/FREEZING POINT

Approximately 2350°F (1300°C)

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (relative density)

7.85 g/cm³ for iron

BOILING POINT

5000°F (2750°C) for iron

VAPOR PRESSURE

Not applicable

FLASH POINT

Not applicable for solid castings

EVAPORATION RATE

Not applicable

FLAMMABILITY

Not flammable

SOLUBILITY IN WATER

Insoluble

UPPER AND LOWER FLAMMABILITY LIMITS

Not applicable for solid castings

pH

Not applicable

AUTO IGNITION TEMPERATURE

Not applicable

VISCOSITY

Not applicable

DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE Not applicable		PARTITION COEFFICIENT Not applicable	
SECTION 10—STABILITY & REACTIVITY			
CHEMICAL STABILITY Stable			
CONDITIONS TO AVOID None			
REACTIVITY Not reactive		INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS None	
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS None		POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS Not applicable	
SECTION 11—TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION			
POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS			
EYE CONTACT: None			
SKIN: None			
INGESTION: None			
INHALATION: None			
Carcinogen Classification of Ingredients			
INGREDIENT	OSHA	NTP	IARC
Nickel (metal)	NL	K	2B
TARGET ORGAN Lung, Nose			
TERMS OSHA—Occupational Safety & Health Administration Y = Listed as a Human Carcinogen NTP—National Toxicology Program K = Known to be a Human Carcinogen R = Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen (RAHC) IARC—International Agency for Research on Cancer 1 = Carcinogen to Humans 2A = Probably Carcinogenic to Humans 2B = Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans 3 = Unclassifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans 4 = Probably not Carcinogenic to Humans Other NL = Not Listed			
SECTION 12—ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION			
ECOTOXICITY Not applicable		PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY Not applicable	
BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL Not applicable		MOBILITY IN SOIL Not applicable	
OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS Not applicable			
SECTION 13—DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS			
Recover or recycle if possible. Dispose of according to federal, state and local regulations. Dust collected from machining, welding, etc. may be classified as a hazardous waste. Consult federal, state and local regulations.			
SECTION 14—TRANSPORT INFORMATION			
US DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (DOT)-HMR (Hazardous Materials Registration) Not Regulated		CANADIAN TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG) Not regulated	
UN SHIPPING NAME Not regulated		UN NUMBER Not regulated	

TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS Not regulated	PACKING GROUP Not regulated
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS None	LABEL(S) REQUIRED? No
TRANSPORT IN BULK Not applicable	SPECIAL SHIPPING INFORMATION Not applicable
SECTION 15—REGULATORY INFORMATION	
US-OSHA (Hazard Communication Standard) Reference 29 CFR 1910.1200 and 1910.1000. A finished casting is an article as defined in the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200 (c). Dust or fumes generated by cleaning, machining, grinding, or welding of the casting may produce airborne contaminants, such as chromium, copper, iron, manganese, nickel, silicon, tin and silica. For hexavalent chromium references see 29 CFR 1910.1026.	
US-EPA (Toxic Substances Control Act—TSCA) All components of these products are on the TSCA inventory list or are excluded from listing.	
US-EPA (SARA Title III) Releases to the environment of Chromium, Copper, Manganese and Nickel , may be subject to reporting under Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 72.	
CANADA-WHMIS (Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System) This SDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Product Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains the information required by the CPR.	
CANADA DSL (Domestic Substance List) Inventory Status All components of these products are on the DSL Inventory.	
CEPA (Canadian Environmental Protection Act) Chromium and nickel are on the CEPA Priorities Substances Lists	
EINECS No. (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) All components of these products are on the EINECS list.	
RoHS (Restriction of Certain Hazardous Substances) Compliance Castings comply with RoHS	
CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 Compliance WARNING: This product contains or produces chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects (or other reproductive harm). (California Health & Safety Code 25248.5 et seq.)	
US STATE REGULATORY INFORMATION Some of the components listed in Section 3 may be covered under specific state regulations.	
SECTION 16—OTHER INFORMATION	
SDS SHEET PREPARED BY American Foundry Society, Inc. Occupational Safety & Health Committee (10-Q)	DATE 10/13
NOTE: This data and label information is offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. No warranty either expressed or implied is hereby made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review the recommendations in specific context of the intended use and determine if they are appropriate.	

Addendum: Label Information

<u>PRODUCT IDENTIFIER</u> SC-000-041 Rev. 12 GRAY IRON CASTINGS	
<u>SUPPLIER IDENTIFICATION</u> Company Name <u>Tyler Pipe & Coupling</u> Street Address <u>11910 County Road 492</u> Mailing Address: <u>11910 County Road 492</u> City <u>Tyler</u> State <u>TX</u> Zip/Postal Code <u>75706</u> Country <u>USA</u> Emergency Phone Number <u>877-217-6372</u> Other Info <u>Coatings will have their own SDS</u> 	<u>HAZARD PICTOGRAMS</u> None* <u>SIGNAL WORD</u> None*
<u>PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS</u> None*	<u>HAZARD STATEMENTS</u> None*
*Castings do not present hazards in their original form. OTHER INFORMATION 1. Grinding castings that have not been cleaned or that contain embedded sand may generate significant amounts of dust containing crystalline silica. 2. Fumes from hot processes may contain other compounds with different exposure limits. Dust or fumes generated by machining, grinding, welding or thermal cutting of the casting may produce airborne contaminants. Consult Sections 3 & 8 of the SDS for further information.	



SAFETY DATA SHEET
Coated Abrasives
SDS #4

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identity / Trade Name: Coated Abrasives - Resin over Resin, Cotton Cloth, Fiber, Polyester Backing or Paper (Dry Wall Sheets, Cloth or Paper Sheets, Flap Wheels, Flap Discs, Fiber Discs, PSA Cloth Discs, Paper Stearate Discs, Shop Rolls, Abrasive Belts, Sanding Products)

Floor

Product Use: Abrasive materials used for sanding metals, concrete, masonry and building materials.

Manufacturer: United Abrasives, Inc.
185 Boston Post Road
North Windham, CT 06256

Internet: www.unitedabrasives.com

Information Phone: (860) 456-7131 **Emergency Phone:** (860) 456-7131

SDS Date of Preparation: December 14, 2012

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This product is cloth or paper coated with abrasive material in sheets, discs or on wheels

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Dust may cause eye and respiratory irritation. Dust particles may cause abrasive injury to the eyes.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Component	CAS #	%
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	0-50
and/or Silicon Carbide	409-21-2	0-50
and/or Garnet	12178-41-5	0-30
and/or Zirconium Oxide	1314-23-4	0-30
Cured Phenolic or Urea Formaldehyde Resin	N/A	5-40
and/or Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	0-25
and/or Calcium Stearate	1592-23-0	5-10
And/or Calcium Sulfate	7778-18-9	0-5
and/or Zinc Stearate	557-05-1	0-10
and/or Cryolite (as fluorides)	15096-52-3	0-15
and/or Potassium Fluoroborate	14075-53-7	5-0
and/or Flame Retardant	Proprietary	0-8
And/or Kaolin	1332-58-7	0-5
And/or Crystalline Silica, Quartz	14808-60-7	0.1-1
Cotton or Polyester Cloth	N/A	15-55
and/or paper backing	N/A	20-65
and/or fibre	N/A	35-70

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Ingestion: If sanding dust is swallowed, seek medical attention.

Inhalation: If overexposed to sanding dust, remove victim to fresh air and get medical attention.

Eye Contact: Flush eyes thoroughly with water, holding open eyelids. Get medical attention if irritation persists. Obtain immediate medical attention for foreign body in the eye.

Skin Contact: Wash dust from skin with soap and water. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Use any media that is appropriate for the surrounding fire.

Special Firefighting Procedures: None needed.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: This product is not combustible, however, consideration must be given to the potential fire/explosion hazards from the base material being processed. Many materials create flammable/explosive dusts or turnings when sanded, machined or ground.

Hazardous Combustion Products: None known.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Pick up, sweep up or vacuum and place in a container for disposal. Minimize generation of dust. Notify authorities as required by local, state and federal regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Recommended Work Practices: Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly after handling and use, especially before eating, drinking or smoking. Consider potential exposure to components of the base materials or coatings being sanded or ground. Refer to OSHA's substance specific standards for additional work practice requirements where applicable.

Storage: Store in a dry location.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines:

Hazardous Component	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Aluminum Oxide	15 mg/m ³ (total dust)	1 mg/m ³ (respirable) (as Al metal)
Silicon Carbide	15 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable)	10 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) 3 mg/m ³ (respirable)
Garnet	15 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable)	None Established
Zirconium Oxide (as Zr)	5 mg/m ³	5 mg/m ³ TWA 10 mg/m ³ STEL
Cured Phenolic or Urea Formaldehyde Resin	None Established	None Established
Calcium Carbonate	15 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable)	None Established
Calcium Stearate	None Established	None Established
Calcium Sulfate	15 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable)	10 mg/m ³ (inhalable)
Zinc Stearate	15 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable)	10 mg/m ³
Cryolite (as fluorides)	2.5 mg/m ³	2.5 mg/m ³
Potassium Fluoroborate (as fluorides)	2.5 mg/m ³	2.5 mg/m ³
Flame Retardant	None Established	None Established
Kaolin	15 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable)
Cotton or Polyester Cloth	None Established	None Established
Crystalline Silica, Quartz	10 mg/m ³ (respirable) % Silica + 2 30 mg/m ³ (total dust) % Silica + 2	0.025 mg/m ³
Paper Backing	15 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable)	None Established
Fibre	15 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable)	None Established

Note: Consider also components of base materials and coatings being ground.

Ventilation: Use local exhaust or general ventilation as required to minimize exposure to dust and maintain the concentration of contaminants below the occupational exposure limits.

Respiratory Protection: Use a NIOSH approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or where dust exposures are excessive. Consider the potential for exposure to components of the coatings or base material being ground in selecting proper respiratory protection. Refer to OSHA's specific standards for lead, cadmium, etc. where appropriate. Selection of respiratory protection depends on the contaminant type, form and concentration. Select and use respirators in accordance with OSHA 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice.

Gloves: Cloth or leather gloves recommended.

Eye Protection: Safety goggles or face shield over safety glasses with side shields.

Other: Protective clothing as needed to prevent contamination of personal clothing. Hearing protection may be required.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: Not Applicable
Solubility in Water: Insoluble
Specific Gravity: Not Applicable
Melting Point: Not Applicable
Flammable Limits: **LEL:** Not Applicable

Vapor Pressure: (mm Hg) Not Applicable
Vapor Density: (Air = 1) Not Applicable
Evaporation Rate: Not Applicable
Flash Point: Non-Combustible
UEL: Not Applicable

Appearance and Odor: Cloth or paper coated with abrasive material in sheets, discs or on wheels.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable

Incompatibility: None known.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Dust from sanding could contain ingredients listed in Section 3 and other, potentially more hazardous components of the base material being sanded or coatings applied to the base material.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

HEALTH HAZARDS:

Ingestion: None expected under normal use conditions. Swallowing large pieces may cause obstruction of the gastrointestinal tract.

Inhalation: Dust may cause respiratory irritation.

Eye: Dust may cause eye irritation. Dust particles may cause abrasive injury to the eyes.

Skin: None expected under normal use conditions. Rubbing product across the skin may cause mechanical irritation or abrasions.

Sensitization: This material is not known to cause sensitization.

Chronic: Long-term overexposure to respirable dust may cause lung damage (fibrosis) with symptoms of coughing, shortness of breath and diminished breathing capacity. Chronic effects may be aggravated by smoking. Excessive inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause a progressive, disabling and sometimes fatal lung disease called silicosis. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness and reduced pulmonary function. Prolonged overexposure to fluorides may cause a bone condition, fluorosis. Prolonged exposure to elevated noise levels during operations may affect hearing. A greater hazard, in most cases, is the exposure to the dust/fumes from the material or paint/coatings being sanded. Most of the dust generated during sanding is from the base material being sanded and the potential hazard from this exposure must be evaluated.

Carcinogenicity: Crystalline silica quartz is listed as "Carcinogenic to Humans" (Group 1) by IARC and "Known to be a Human Carcinogen" by NTP. None of the other components are listed as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA, NTP or IARC.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Employees with pre-existing respiratory disease may be at risk from exposure.

Acute Toxicity Values:

This product and its components are not acutely toxic. The only acute toxicity data available for the components are listed below.

Cryolite: LD50 Oral rat >5g/kg

Zinc Stearate: LD50 Oral rat >10 gm/kg

Calcium Stearate: LD50 Oral rat >10 gm/kg

Kaolin: LD50 Oral rat >5,000 mg/kg; LD50 dermal rat >5,000 mg/kg

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No ecological data is available for this product. No hazards to the environment are expected from this product. However, consideration must be given to potential environment effects of the base material being processed.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose in accordance with all applicable local, state/provincial and federal regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional and national requirements. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical characteristics of the material to determine the proper waste identification and disposal in compliance with applicable regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Hazardous Materials Description:

Proper Shipping Name: Not Regulated

UN Number: None

Hazard Class/Packing Group: None

Labels Required: None

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories: Not Applicable

SARA Section 313: Some products contain the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372 (Toxic Chemical Release Reporting):

Zinc Stearate (as zinc compounds)	557-05-1	0-10%

(Only in 9x11 Sheets - No Load Stearate, Fileboard Sheets - No Load, PSA Paper Discs - Stearate and Premium and Hook and Loop Paper Discs - Premium)

California Proposition 65: WARNING You create dust when you cut, sand, drill or grind materials such as wood, paint, cement, masonry or metal. This dust often contains chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Canadian WHMIS Classification: Not a controlled product. This product meets the definition of a "manufactured article" under the WHMIS regulations.

This product has been classified under the CPR and this SDS discloses information elements required by the CPR.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Hazard Rating: Health: 1
Fire: 0
Reactivity: 0

Date Previous Revision: 12/1/09

Date This Revision: 12/14/12

Revision Summary: Section 8 Exposure Limits; Comprehensive Review

Prepared By: Chandra D Gioiello, CIH IH&SC Inc., Shelton, CT 06484

The preceding information is believed to be correct and current as of the date of preparation of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use of this product are not within the control of United Abrasives, Inc., it is the user's obligation to assure safe use of this product.



Always Moving Forward.®

Corporate Headquarters
PO Box 66800
St. Louis, MO 63166-6800
888-237-7611 | 618-337-6000
cerroflow.com

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Copper Tubing (all sizes and wall thicknesses)

Cerro Flow Products LLC

PO Box 66800, St Louis, MO 63166-6800 Telephone number 618-337-6000

Recommended use: Plumbing and industrial copper tubing. Restricted use: None known

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

CAUTION

Inhalation Hazard Fumes are created by heating copper past its melting point. Proper soldering or sweating copper tubes will not produce fumes. Brazing of copper tube may produce fumes. Consult the Copper Development Association Inc. (CDA) "The Copper Tube Handbook" for proper joining methods, and recommended solders, fluxes and filler metals (see CDA link on www.cerroflow.com to obtain handbook).

Ingestion Hazard Ingestion of metallic copper is not a primary route of exposure. Metallic copper may be moderately irritating to the gastrointestinal tract.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

MATERIAL OR COMPONENT	C.A.S. No.	WT. %
Copper	7440-50-8	99.9+

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Remove from exposure; place individual under care of a physician.

Ingestion: Induce vomiting in conscious individual and call a physician.

Skin or Eyes: Flush with plenty of water. If symptoms develop, consult a physician.

SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS	FIRE EXTINGUISHING AGENTS RECOMMENDED	FIRE EXTINGUISHING AGENTS TO AVOID
Not Applicable	No specific agents recommended	No specific agents recommended

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PRECAUTIONS

Copper tube will not burn or give off toxic gases in normal fires Use fire fighting methods compatible with surrounding materials.

SECTION 6. RELEASE MEASURES

SPILLS OR LEAKS

Proper installation of copper tubing will not produce dust. Consult Copper Development Association, Inc (CDA) "The Copper Tube Handbook" for proper joining methods (See CDA link on <http://www.cerroflow.com> to obtain handbook) Vacuuming is preferred for dust. Do not use compressed air for cleaning. Recycle unused or scrap copper tube at a local scrap metal dealer.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

NORMAL HANDLING

Avoid conditions which create fumes or fine dust. Use of approved respirators is required where adequate ventilation cannot be provided. Do not use copper tubing where incompatible materials may be present, (see section X).

STORAGE

Avoid storage near incompatible materials, see Section 10.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Permissible Air Conc. (mg/m3)			
	OSHA		ACGIH
Dust	1.0		1.0
Fume	0.1		0.2

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Local exhaust is recommended for dust and/or fume generating operations where airborne exposure may exceed permissible air concentrations.

PERSONAL HYGIENE

Avoid inhalation or ingestion. Practice good housekeeping and personal hygiene procedures. Showering is recommended if significant dust exposure occurs.

SPECIAL: PRECAUTIONS/PROCEDURES/LABEL INSTRUCTIONS

No special precautions.

LABEL SIGNAL WORD:

NOT APPLICABLE

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Where airborne exposures may exceed OSHA/ACGIH permissible air concentrations, the minimum respiratory protection recommended is a negative pressure air purifying respirator with cartridges that are NIOSH/MSHA approved against dust, fumes, and mists having a TWA not less than 0.05 mg/m3

EYES AND FACE

Safety glasses recommended when dust or shavings may exist.

OTHER CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT

Protective clothing is recommended to prevent burns during installation of tube or splattering of fluxes, solder or filler metals.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

MATERIAL IS (AT NORMAL CONDITIONS)

Solid

APPEARANCE AND ODOR

Yellow-red metal, various shapes and sizes.

MELTING POINT (DEGREES C)

1083

BOILING POINT (DEGREES C)

2595

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O = 1)

8.96

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1)

Not applicable

SOLUBILITY IN WATER (% BY WT.)

Insoluble

pH

Not Applicable

VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg)

Not Applicable

EVAPORATION RATE

Not Applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY

Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Not Applicable

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID)

Reacts violently with acetylene, hydrogen peroxides, gaseous chlorine, ammonia nitrate, bromates, chlorates, hydrogen sulfide, lead azide, and hydrazine.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Copper does not decompose

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Not Applicable

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY	INHALATION	CARCINOGENICITY
	X	Not listed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA

ACUTE OVER EXPOSURE (SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS)

A. Fumes are created by heating metallic copper past its melting point. Proper soldering or sweating copper tubes will not produce fumes. Brazing of copper tube may produce fumes. Consult Copper Development Association, Inc. (CDA) “The Copper Tube Handbook” for proper joining methods, and recommended solders, fluxes and filler metals (see CDA link on Cerro Flow Products, LLC website to obtain handbook). Use approved ventilation or respiratory protection if the possibility of fumes exists. Inhalation of fume may cause irritation of the respiratory tract or metal fume fever (chills, fever, aching muscles, dry mouth and throat, headache, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea). Onset may be delayed several hours.

B. Ingestion of metallic copper is not a primary route of exposure. Metallic copper may be moderately irritating to the gastrointestinal tract.

CHRONIC OVEREXPOSURE (SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS)

No long term effects. Skin irritation or discoloration of the skin and hair are short term.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS POSSIBLY AGGRAVATED

Wilson's Disease (an abnormal genetic condition) could be aggravated.

LD50 (SPECIES, ROUTE)	LC50 (SPECIES)	MUTAGENICITY
Copper: 3.5 mg/kg (mouse, intraperitoneal)	Not Available	Not positive in Ames test

Health Hazard Ratings				
	Health	Flammability	Reactivity	Other
NFPA	1	0	0	
HMIS	1	0	0	E

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL

ECOTOXICITY	ENVIRONMENTAL FATE
The LC50 for copper in the fathead minnow is 12 mg/L.	Acid solutions promote mobility and solubility of copper.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS (DISPOSER MUST COMPLY WITH FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL DISPOSAL OR DISCHARGE LAWS) .

Recycling or disposal must be in accordance with the appropriate federal, state, or local statutes or regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT

DOT REGULATION AND ID (OR PIN) NUMBER

Not a DOT controlled material (United States).

Special Provisions for Transport: Marine Pollutant

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION, SARA REGULATION AND OTHER INFORMATION

WHMIS does not classify this material

TSCA Status ----- On TSCA Inventory

Regulated under SARA Title III:

Sect. 302 ----- None

Sect. 311/312 ----- Immediate and Delayed

Sect. 313 Chemicals ----- Copper

CERCLA Reportable Quantity ----- 5,000 pounds for Copper Powder

Federal and State Regulations:

Pennsylvania RTK: Copper Massachusetts RTK: Copper TSCA 8(b) inventory: Copper CERCLA: Hazardous substances. Copper

WHMIS (Canada): CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

<u>ISSUED DATE</u>	<u>SUPERSEDES</u>
August 15, 2013	October 1, 2011

PERMISSIBLE CONCENTRATION REFERENCE
OSHA regulations for airborne contaminants 29 CFR 1910.1000 and 1018; ACGIH Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances

HAZARD INFORMATION REFERENCES
Documentation Up to date, curated data provided by Mathematica's ElementData function from Wolfram Research, Inc

GENERAL
Copper Development Association, The Copper Tube Handbook, 2010

Notes

No additional information.

THE INFORMATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS SET FORTH HEREIN ARE TAKEN FROM SOURCES BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE AS OF THE DATE HEREOF; HOWEVER, CERRO FLOW PRODUCTS LLC MAKES NO WARRANTY WITH RESPECT TO THE ACCURACY OF THE INFORMATION OR THE SUITABILITY OF THE RECOMMENDATIONS, AND ASSUMES NO LIABILITY TO ANY USER THEREOF.



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Meets the Requirements of OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication and EPA Supplier Notification Requirements under Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act.

SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS)

DUCTILE IRON/ COMPACTED GRAPHITE IRON (CGI) CASTINGS

SDS SC-000-042 Rev. 12

DATE ISSUED

10/13

SECTION 1—PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION & COMPANY INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME

DUCTILE IRON and COMPACTED GRAPHITE IRON (CGI) CASTINGS

OTHER DESIGNATIONS: ASTM (American Society for Testing & Materials) Specification No's., (ACI (Alloy Casting Institute) Alloy Designations—Grades)

ASTM: A395, A536, A476, A874, A897, Compacted Graphite Iron (CGI) A842

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION (Label Identifier)

DUCTILE IRON PIPE and FITTINGS (Articles)

MANUFACTURER'S NAME

United States Pipe and Foundry Company, LLC

STREET ADDRESS

Two Chase Corporate Drive, Suite 200

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.

(205) 254-7601

MAILING ADDRESS

Two Chase Corporate Drive, Suite 200

TELEPHONE NO.

(205) 254-7654

CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE, COUNTRY

Birmingham, AL 35244

FAX NO.

(205) 254-7918

E-MAIL ADDRESS/WEBSITE

www.uspipe.com

RECOMMENDED USE OF CHEMICAL AND RESTRICTIONS ON USE

Solid casting; no restrictions

SECTION 2—HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION

Castings are metallic articles that do not present hazards in their original form.

OTHER INFORMATION

1. Grinding castings that have not been cleaned or that contain embedded sand may generate significant amounts of dust containing crystalline silica.
2. Fumes from hot processes may contain other compounds with different exposure limits. Dust or fumes generated by machining, grinding, welding or thermal cutting of the casting may produce airborne contaminants. Consult Sections 3 & 8 for further information.

SECTION 3—COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL NAME/COMMON NAME/SYNONYM	Wt %	CAS NUMBER
Carbon (C)	3.0—4.3	7440-44-0
Chromium (Cr)	0.02—0.13	7440-47-3
Copper (Cu)	0.01—1.5	7440-50-8
Iron (Fe)	87.7—95.1	7439-89-6
Magnesium (Mg)	0.0001—0.10	7439-95-4
Manganese (Mn)	<1.2	7439-96-5
Molybdenum (Mo)	0.01—0.50	7439-98-7
Nickel (Ni)	0.1—2	7440-02-0
Silicon (Si)	1.8—4	7440-21-3
Tin (Sn)	0.1—0.15	7440-31-5

SECTION 4—FIRST AID MEASURES**EYE CONTACT:** Not applicable**SKIN CONTACT:** No special requirements**INGESTION:** Not applicable**INHALATION** Not applicable**SECTION 5—FIREFIGHTING MEASURES****FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES:** Not applicable**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Not applicable**PROTECTION OF FIREFIGHTERS:** Not applicable**SECTION 6—ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Not applicable

SECTION 7—HANDLING & STORAGE**RECOMMENDED STORAGE**

No special requirements

PROCEDURES FOR HANDLING

Proper hand and foot protection is recommended.

SECTION 8—EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

None Required. There are no health hazards from castings in solid form.

SUBSTANCE	ACGIH TLV mg/m³	OSHA PEL mg/m³
Carbon (C)	N/E	N/E
Chromium (Cr)	0.5	1
Copper (Cu)	1	1
Iron (Fe)	N/E	N/E
Magnesium (Mg) oxide	10 (I)	15
Manganese (Mn)	0.02 (R); 0.1 (I)	5 (C)
Molybdenum (Mo) insoluble	10 (I); 3 (R)	15
Nickel (Ni)	1.5 (I)	1
Silicon (Si)		
Total dust	N/E	15
Respirable dust	N/E	5
Tin (Sn)	2	2

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Grinding castings that have not been cleaned or that contain embedded sand may generate significant amounts of dust containing crystalline silica.

Fumes from hot processes may contain other compounds with different exposure limits than those listed above. Dust or fumes generated by machining, grinding, welding or thermal cutting of the casting may produce airborne contaminants. Exposure limits for the most common contaminants are offered as reference. Please consult a competent person for guidance on exposure assessment and controls.

In particular, Hexavalent Chromium is an OSHA Expanded Health Standard; refer to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1026- Chromium (VI) for complete requirements.

SUBSTANCE	ACGIH TLV mg/m ³	OSHA PEL mg/m ³
Chromium Compounds (as Cr)		
Chromium (II) inorganic compounds	N/E	0.5
Chromium (III) inorganic compounds	0.5	0.5
Chromium (VI) inorganic compounds, certain water insoluble	0.01	0.005
Chromium (VI) inorganic compounds, water soluble	0.05	0.005
Chromium (VI) all forms and compounds	N/E	0.005
Copper Compounds (as Cu)		
Fume, as Cu	0.2	0.1
Dusts and mists, as Cu	1	1
Iron Compounds		
Iron oxide (Fe ₂ O ₃) fume	N/E	10
Iron oxide (Fe ₂ O ₃)	5 (R)	N/E
Nickel Compounds (as Ni)		
Insoluble, inorganic compounds	0.2(I)	1
Soluble, inorganic compounds	0.1(I)	1
Nickel oxide	0.2(I)	1
Tin compounds (as Sn)		
Tin Oxide & inorganic compounds, except SnH ₄	2	N/E
Inorganic compounds, except oxides, as Sn	N/E	2
Tin Oxides, as Sn	2.0	N/E

TERMS

All exposure limits referenced above are 8 hour time weighted averages (TWA) unless otherwise noted.

N/E = None Established

C = Ceiling

I = Inhalable fraction

R = Respirable fraction

TLV = Threshold Limit Value/American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)

PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit / OSHA

mg/m³ = milligrams per cubic meter

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Proper hand and foot protection is recommended.

SECTION 9—PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE /PHYSICAL STATE

Solid, silver gray in color

ODOR/ODOR THRESHOLD

None

VAPOR DENSITY

Not applicable

MELTING POINT/FREEZING POINT

Approximately 2350°F (1300°C)

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (relative density)

7.85 g/cm³ for iron

BOILING POINT

5000°F (2750°C) for iron

VAPOR PRESSURE

Not applicable

FLASH POINT

Not applicable for solid castings

EVAPORATION RATE

Not applicable

FLAMMABILITY

Not flammable

SOLUBILITY IN WATER

Insoluble

UPPER AND LOWER FLAMMABILITY LIMITS

Not applicable for solid castings

pH

Not applicable

AUTO IGNITION TEMPERATURE

Not applicable

VISCOSITY

Not applicable

DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE Not applicable		PARTITION COEFFICIENT Not applicable		
SECTION 10—STABILITY & REACTIVITY				
CHEMICAL STABILITY Stable				
CONDITIONS TO AVOID None				
REACTIVITY Not reactive		INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS None		
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS None		POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS Not applicable		
SECTION 11—TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION				
POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS				
EYE CONTACT: None				
SKIN: None				
INGESTION: None				
INHALATION: None				
Carcinogen Classification of Ingredients				
INGREDIENT	OSHA	NTP	IARC	TARGET ORGAN
Nickel (metal)	NL	R	2B	Lung, Nose
TERMS OSHA—Occupational Safety & Health Administration Y = Listed as a Human Carcinogen NTP—National Toxicology Program K = Known to be a Human Carcinogen R = Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen (RAHC) IARC—International Agency for Research on Cancer 1 = Carcinogen to Humans 2A = Probably Carcinogenic to Humans 2B = Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans 3 = Unclassifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans 4 = Probably not Carcinogenic to Humans Other NL = Not Listed				
SECTION 12—ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION				
ECOTOXICITY Not applicable		PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY Not applicable		
BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL Not applicable		MOBILITY IN SOIL Not applicable		
OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS Not applicable				
SECTION 13—DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS				
Recover or recycle if possible. Dispose of according to federal, state and local regulations. Dust collected from machining, welding, etc. may be classified as a hazardous waste. Consult federal, state and local regulations.				
SECTION 14—TRANSPORT INFORMATION				
US DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (DOT)-HMR (Hazardous Materials Registration) Not Regulated		CANADIAN TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG) Not regulated		
UN SHIPPING NAME Not regulated		UN NUMBER Not regulated		

TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS Not regulated	PACKING GROUP Not regulated
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS None	LABEL(S) REQUIRED? No
TRANSPORT IN BULK Not applicable	SPECIAL SHIPPING INFORMATION Not applicable
SECTION 15—REGULATORY INFORMATION	
US-OSHA (Hazard Communication Standard) Reference 29 CFR 1910.1200 and 1910.1000. A finished casting is an article as defined in the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200 (c). Dust or fumes generated by cleaning, machining, grinding, or welding of the casting may produce airborne contaminants, such as chromium, copper, iron, magnesium, manganese, nickel, tin, silicon and silica. For hexavalent chromium references see 29 CFR 1910.1026.	
US-EPA (Toxic Substances Control Act—TSCA) All components of these products are on the TSCA inventory list or are excluded from listing.	
US-EPA (SARA Title III) Releases to the environment of Chromium, Copper, Manganese and Nickel , may be subject to reporting under Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.	
CANADA-WHMIS (Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System) This SDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Product Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains the information required by the CPR.	
CANADA DSL (Domestic Substances List) Inventory Status All components of these products are on the DSL Inventory.	
CEPA (Canadian Environmental Protection Act) Chromium and Nickel are on the CEPA Priorities Substances Lists	
EINECS No. (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) All components of these products are on the EINECS list.	
RoHS (Restriction of Certain Hazardous Substances) Compliance Castings comply with RoHS	
CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 Compliance WARNING: This product contains or produces chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects (or other reproductive harm). (California Health & Safety Code 25248.5 et seq.)	
US STATE REGULATORY INFORMATION Some of the components listed in Section 3 may be covered under specific state regulations.	
SECTION 16 — OTHER INFORMATION	
SDS SHEET PREPARED BY American Foundry Society, Inc. Occupational Safety & Health Committee (10-Q)	DATE 10/13
NOTE This data and label information is offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. No warranty either expressed or implied is hereby made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review the recommendations in specific context of the intended use and determine if they are appropriate.	

Addendum: Label Information

<u>PRODUCT IDENTIFIER</u> SC-000-042 Rev. 12 DUCTILE IRON/COMPACTED GRAPHITE IRON (CGI) CASTINGS	
<u>SUPPLIER IDENTIFICATION</u> Company Name <u>United States Pipe & Foundry</u> Street Address <u>Two Chase Corp. Drive</u> Mailing Address <u>Suite 200</u> City <u>Birmingham</u> State <u>AL</u> Zip/Postal Code <u>35244</u> Country <u>USA</u> Emergency Phone Number <u>(205) 254-7601</u> Other Info _____	<u>HAZARD PICTOGRAMS</u> None* <u>SIGNAL WORD</u> None*
<u>PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS</u> None*	<u>HAZARD STATEMENTS</u> None*
*Castings do not present hazards in their original form. OTHER INFORMATION 1. Grinding castings that have not been cleaned or that contain embedded sand may generate significant amounts of dust containing crystalline silica. 2. Fumes from hot processes may contain other compounds with different exposure limits. Dust or fumes generated by machining, grinding, welding or thermal cutting of the casting may produce airborne contaminants. Consult Sections 3 & 8 of the SDS for further information.	



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Floor Absorbent - CN

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Floor Absorbent - CN

SDS Number: 1006500

Manufacturer:	Oil-Dri Corporation of America 410 North Michigan Avenue Chicago, IL 60611 +1-312-321-1515
TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY INFORMATION:	Chemtrec +1-800-424-9300 (US and Canada) +1-703-527-3887 (International - Call Collect)

Product Use: Absorbent

Restrictions On Use: Spontaneous combustion can occur when this product is used to high concentrations of chemicals having a high heat of absorption such as olefins, hydrochloric acid, etc.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification:

Health: Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure Category 3

Environmental: Not Hazardous

Physical: Not Hazardous

GHS Labeling:

Pictogram:



Exclamation mark

WARNING!

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Prevention: P261 Avoid breathing dust

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response: P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Storage: Store in a dry area.

Disposal: P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with all local and national regulations.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS-No./ EINECS-No	%
Fullers Earth (Attapulgite-type clay)	8031-18-3	10-100%
Proprietary Ingredient	Proprietary	10-100%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Move to fresh air. If irritation or other symptoms occurs, get medical attention.

Skin contact: No first aid should be needed.

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with cool running water, lifting upper and lower lids. If irritation persists or for foreign body in the eye, get medical attention.

Ingestion: If used material is ingested, get medical attention due to possibility of chemical contamination. If large amount of unused material is swallowed, get immediate medical attention.

Most Important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Eye contact may cause mechanical irritation and possible eye injury. May cause mechanical skin and respiratory irritation.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: No immediate medical attention is required.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use media that is appropriate for surrounding fire; unused product is not combustible.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical: None for unused product.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters: Firefighters should always wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires involving chemicals or in confined spaces.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures: No special equipment is generally required for spill clean-up. For dusty conditions, an approved respiratory may be needed. Refer to Section 8 for additional information.

Environmental Hazards: Report releases as required by local and federal regulations.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up: Sweep up and collect unused material for re-use or disposal. For dusty conditions, an approved respiratory may be needed. Refer to Section 8 for additional information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling: Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after use. If clothing becomes dusty, launder before re-use. Use only with adequate ventilation. Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust. Follow good housekeeping practices to keep surfaces, including areas overhead such as piping, drop ceilings, ductwork, etc. free from settled dust. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to friction of transfer and in mixing operations.

Conditions for Safe Storage, including any Incompatibilities: Store in a dry area. Keep away from turpentine, hydrofluoric acid, vegetable oil, and other unsaturated organic compounds (such as fish oil), as this may generate heat and/or fire.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limit(s)

Chemical Name	Exposure limit(s)
Fullers Earth (Attapulgite-type clay)	15 mg/m ³ (total dust) TWA OSHA PEL 5 mg/m ³ (respirable dust) TWA OSHA PEL
Proprietary Ingredient	15 mg/m ³ (total dust) TWA OSHA PEL 5 mg/m ³ (respirable dust) TWA OSHA PEL

Appropriate Engineering Controls: General ventilation is adequate for normal use. If handling produces airborne dust, local exhaust ventilation may be needed.

Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment:

Eye Protection: Safety glasses or goggles if needed to prevent eye contact.

Skin Protection: None required for normal use.

Respiratory Protection: None required for normal use. For operations where the dust concentration may be excessive, a dust respirator may be used. Follow OSHA regulations in the selection and use of respiratory protection.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Property	Value
Appearance:	White to tan granules
Odor Threshold:	Not applicable.
Boiling point/range	Not applicable.
Melting point/range	Not available
Relative density	2.3-2.37
Vapor pressure	Not applicable.
Vapor density (air=1)	Not applicable.
Solubility	Partially soluble
pH	Not applicable.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not available
Evaporation Rate (Butyl acetate=1)	Not applicable.
Viscosity:	Not applicable.
Volatile Organic Carbon Compounds (VOC) (g/L)	Not available
Flashpoint:	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits in Air % by Volume:	LEL (Lower): Not applicable. UEL (Upper): Not applicable.
Autoignition temperature:	Not available
Decomposition temperature:	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not flammable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not normally reactive.

Chemical Stability: Stable

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Spontaneous combustion can occur when this product is used to high concentrations of chemicals having a high heat of absorption such as olefins, hydrochloric acid, etc.

Conditions to Avoid: None.

Incompatible Materials: Turpentine, hydrofluoric acid, vegetable oil, fish oil, unsaturated organic compounds.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: None.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Potential Health Effects:

Acute Hazards:

Inhalation: Inhalation of dust may cause irritation to the eyes, nose, throat and respiratory tract.

Skin contact: No known hazard.

Eye contact: Contact may cause mechanical, abrasive irritation with possible injury.

Ingestion: No known hazard.

Chronic Effects: Inhalation of excessive concentrations of any dust, including this material, may lead to lung irritation and/or injury.

Carcinogenicity Listing: None.

Acute Toxicity Values: None.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: No data available for the product. No adverse effects on the environment are expected.

Persistence and Degradability: Fuller's Earth is non-degradable.

Bioaccumulative Potential: Not bioaccumulative.

Mobility in Soil: No data available

Other Adverse Effects: None currently known.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose in accordance with local, state and federal environmental Regulations. Unused material is suitable for disposal in sanitary landfill. Used material may be subject to regulation, depending on the nature of the material absorbed. Check with appropriate regulatory authority for used material containing hazardous waste.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US DOT Shipping Description: Not regulated

IATA Shipping Description (Air): Not regulated

Proper Shipping Name: Not regulated

UN Number: Not applicable.

Packing Group: Not applicable.

Labels Required: None.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Regulations

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories: Chronic Health

SARA 313 This Product Contains the Following Chemicals Subject to Annual Release Reporting Requirements Under the SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372): None.

SARA 302 Listed Chemicals: None.

CERCLA: This product is not subject to CERCLA release reporting. Many states have more stringent reporting requirements. Report releases as required by local and state regulations.

California Proposition 65: None.

EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA): All of the components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory or exempted from TSCA.

International Regulations:

EU REACH: Contact Oil Dri for information on REACH status.

Japan MITI: No data available

AICS: No data available

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Date Prepared: 5/29/2015

Revision Summary: May 29, 2015 - Conversion to Hazcom 2012 classification and labeling and format.

HMIS Rating: Health 0* Fire 0 Reactivity 0

0 = Minimal Hazard, 1 = Slight Hazard, 2 = Moderate Hazard, 3 = Serious Hazard, 4 = Severe Hazard

The information contained herein is true and correct to the best of Oil-Dri Corporation of America's knowledge. However, no warranty, expressed or implied, is made. Nothing herein should be interpreted as a recommendation to infringe existing patents or violate any laws or regulations. Final determination of the suitability of the material is the sole responsibility of the user.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name GASOILA® 100.

Other means of Identification

Product Code GH04, GH08, GH16.

Recommended Use Pipe Thread Sealant.

Recommended Restrictions None Known.

Manufacturer

Company Name Federal Process Corporation
Address 4520 Richmond Road
Cleveland OH 44128
Telephone 1-800-846-7325

Emergency Telephone Number: Call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300

Section 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid

Classification:

Flammable	Category 3
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Skin sensitization	Category 1

Signal Word: Warning



Hazard Statements:

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.
H302 – Harmful if swallowed.
H319 – Causes serious eye irritation.

H317 – May cause an allergic skin reaction

Precautionary Statements:Prevention:

P210 – Keep away heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking.
 P261 – Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
 P272 – Contaminated clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P301 + P331 + P310 – IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P337 + P313 – If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P332 + P313 – If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Disposal:

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other Hazards:

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Unknown Acute Toxicity:

2% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

Section 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Weight %
Mineral spirits	8052-41-3	30.0-39.0
Block copolymer	66070-58-4	5.0-15.0
Hydrocarbon resin	69430-35-9	4.0-9.0

Section 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures:

Eye Contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact

If skin irritation occurs, rinse affected area with water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention. Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting Get medical attention immediately. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious individual.
<u>Most Important Symptoms and effects:</u>	
Symptoms	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Do NOT ingest.

Section 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or water fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Avoid solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical:
Carbon oxides expected to be the primary hazardous combustion product.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters:
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus and other protective clothing. (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Section 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:

Personal Precautions: Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep unnecessary personnel away.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up:

Methods for Containment: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for Clean-Up: Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Section 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Advice on Safe Handling: Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Contaminated work-clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Conditions for Safe Storage, including Any Incompatibilities:

Storage Conditions: Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Do not store near heat, sparks, or open flames.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Incompatible Materials: None known based on information supplied.

Section 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines:

Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA	ACGIH STEL	OSHA TWA
Mineral spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)	100 ppm	N/A	N/A
Block copolymer (CAS 66070-41-3)	N/D	N/D	N/D
Hydrocarbon resin (CAS 69430-35-9)	N/D	N/D	N/D

Appropriate Engineering Controls:

Engineering Controls: Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment:

Eye/Face Protection: Avoid contact with eyes.

Skin and Body Protection: No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.

Respiratory Protection: Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. If confined in poorly ventilated areas use NIOSH/MSHA

General Hygiene Considerations: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash exposed areas thoroughly before eating, drinking, smoking or leaving work area. Launder contaminated clothing before reusing.

Section 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State:	Liquid.	Odor:	Mild.
Appearance:	Viscous liquid.	Odor Threshold:	Not available.
Color:	Black.		

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>
pH	N/A
Melting Point/Freezing Point	Not determined.
Boiling Point/Boiling Range	Not determined.

Flash Point	105F (41C) Closed Cup.
Evaporation Rate	Not determined.
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	n/a-liquid
Upper Flammability Limit	Not determined.
Lower Flammability Limit	Not determined.
Vapor Pressure	Not determined.
Vapor Density	Not determined.
Specific Gravity	Not determined.
Water Solubility	None.
Solubility in other Solvents	Not determined.
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not determined.
Auto-ignition Temperature	Not determined.
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined.
Kinematic Viscosity	Not determined.
Explosive Properties	Not determined.
Oxidizing Properties	Not determined.

Section 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<u>Reactivity:</u>	Not reactive under normal conditions.
<u>Chemical Stability:</u>	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
<u>Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:</u>	None under normal processing.
<u>Conditions to Avoid:</u>	Keep out of reach of children.
<u>Incompatible Materials:</u>	None known.
<u>Hazardous Decomposition Products:</u>	Oxides of carbon.

Section 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure:

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Inhalation: Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

Ingestion: Do not taste or swallow.

Component Information:

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Mineral spirits (8052-41-3)	>5,000 mg/kg (Rat)	>2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	>5mg/L (48h mist) (Rat)
Block copolymer (CAS 66070-58-4)	>2,000 mg/kg	NO DATA	NO DATA
Hydrocarbon resin (CAS 69430-35-9)	7,000 mg/kg (Mammal)	NO DATA	NO DATA

Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects:

Symptoms: Please section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

Delayed and Immediate Effects as Well as Chronic Effects From Short and Long Term Exposure:

Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Carcinogenicity: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Mineral spirits (8052-41-3)	N/D	N/D	NN/D	N/D
Block copolymer (CAS 66070-58-4)	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D
Hydrocarbon resin (CAS 69430-35-9)	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D

Legend

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer).

Group3 IARC components are "not classifiable as human carcinogens".

OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)

X - Present

Numerical Measures of Toxicity:

Not Determined.

Section 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

Toxic to aquatic life with lasting effects.

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Crustacea
Mineral spirits (8052-41-3)	N/D	LL50/96 hours Oncorhynchus mykiss: 8.2 mg/L	N/D	N/A
Block copolymer (66070-58-4)	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D
Hydrocarbon resin (CAS 69430-35-9)	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D

Persistence/Degradability:

Not determined.

Bioaccumulation:

Not determined.

Mobility:

Not determined.

Other Adverse Effects:

Not determined.

Section 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Method:

Disposal of Wastes:

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Contaminated Packaging:

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Section 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT:

Combustible liquid N.O.S.

PROPER SHIPPING NAME:

Combustible liquid N.O.S. (contains Mineral spirits).

IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: UN1993, III

IATA: Not restricted

GASOILA®100.

IMDG: This material may meet the definition of a marine pollutant.

Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories: Not determined.

U.S. Federal Regulations: Not determined.

SARA Title 313: Not determined.

U.S. State Regulations:

U.S Right-to-Know Regulations: Not determined.

Section 16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA:	Health Hazards 1	Flammability 2	Instability 0	Special Hazards Not determined
HMIS	Health Hazards 1	Flammability 2	Instability 0	Special Hazards Not determined

Issue Date: 1st March 2014

Revision Date: 1st May 2015

DISCLAIMER: The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA HCS 2012 (29 CFR 1910.1200)



SECTION 1: Identification

Product Identifier	Conventional Gasoline
SDS Number	251720
MARPOL Annex I Category	Gasoline and Spirits
Relevant identified uses	Fuel
Uses advised against	All others
24 Hour Emergency Phone Number	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 CANUTEC 613-996-6666 CHEMTREC Mexico 01-800-681-9531

Manufacturer/Supplier	SDS Information
Phillips 66 Company	Phone: 800-762-0942
P.O. Box 4428	Email: SDS@P66.com
Houston, Texas 77210	URL: www.Phillips66.com

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

Classified Hazards

H224 -- Flammable liquids -- Category 1
H304 -- Aspiration Hazard -- Category 1
H315 -- Skin corrosion/irritation -- Category 2
H336 -- Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) -- Category 3
H350 -- Carcinogenicity -- Category 1B
H411 -- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity -- Category 2

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

PHNOC: Electrostatic charge may be generated during pumping and other operations

HHNOC: None known

Label Elements



DANGER

Extremely flammable liquid and vapor
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Causes skin irritation
May cause drowsiness or dizziness
May cause cancer
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects



Obtain special instructions before use; Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood; Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking; Keep container tightly closed; Ground/bond container and receiving equipment; Use only non-sparking tools; Take precautionary measures against static discharge; Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray; Wash skin thoroughly after handling; Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area; Avoid release to the environment; Wear protective gloves/protective clothing and eye/face protection; IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician; Do NOT induce vomiting; IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower; IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing; Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell; Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse; In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction; Collect spillage; Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CASRN	Concentration ¹
Gasoline	86290-81-5	100

Hazardous Constituent(s) Contained Within Above Complex Substance(s)

Chemical Name	CASRN	Concentration ¹
Toluene	108-88-3	0-35
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	0-15
Benzene	71-43-2	0-5
n-Hexane	110-54-3	0-5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0-5

¹ All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Eye Contact: If irritation or redness develops from exposure, flush eyes with clean water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated shoes and clothing, and flush affected area(s) with large amounts of water. If skin surface is damaged, apply a clean dressing and seek medical attention. If skin surface is not damaged, cleanse affected area(s) thoroughly by washing with mild soap and water or a waterless hand cleaner. If irritation or redness develops, seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician. (see Note to Physician)

Inhalation: If respiratory symptoms develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen or artificial respiration should be administered by qualified personnel. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Ingestion: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. If victim is drowsy or unconscious and vomiting, place on the left side with the head down. If possible, do not leave victim unattended and observe closely for adequacy of breathing. Seek medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Effects of overexposure can include slight irritation of the respiratory tract, nausea, vomiting, and signs of nervous system depression (e.g., headache, drowsiness, dizziness, loss of coordination, disorientation and fatigue). Continued exposure to high concentrations can result in vomiting, cardiac irregularities and sudden loss of consciousness. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Notes to Physician: Epinephrine and other sympathomimetic drugs may initiate cardiac arrhythmias in persons exposed to high concentrations of hydrocarbon solvents (e.g., in enclosed spaces or with deliberate abuse). The use of other drugs with less arrhythmogenic potential should be considered. If sympathomimetic drugs are administered, observe for the development of cardiac arrhythmias.

When using high-pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. In this case, the casualty should be sent immediately to the hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. High-pressure hydrocarbon injection injuries may produce substantial necrosis of underlying tissue despite an innocuous appearing external wound. These injuries often require extensive emergency surgical debridement and all injuries should be evaluated by a specialist in order to assess the extent of injury. Early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

Federal regulations (29 CFR 1910.1028) specify medical surveillance programs for certain exposures to benzene above the action level or PEL (specified in Section (i)(1)(i) of the Standard). In addition, employees exposed in an emergency situation shall, as described in Section (i)(4)(i), provide a urine sample at the end of the shift for measurement of urine phenol.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

NFPA 704 Hazard Class

Health: 1 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0



0 (Minimal)
1 (Slight)
2 (Moderate)
3 (Serious)
4 (Severe)

Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or foam is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Water may be ineffective for extinguishment, unless used under favorable conditions by experienced fire fighters.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards: Extremely flammable. This material can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g., static electricity, pilot lights, mechanical/electrical equipment, and electronic devices such as cell phones, computers, calculators, and pagers which have not been certified as intrinsically safe) Vapors may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition where they can ignite, flash back, or explode. May create vapor/air explosion hazard indoors, in confined spaces, outdoors, or in sewers. This product will float and can be reignited on surface water. Vapors are heavier than air and can accumulate in low areas. If container is not properly cooled, it can rupture in the heat of a fire.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Combustion may yield smoke, carbon monoxide, and other products of incomplete combustion. Oxides of nitrogen and sulfur may also be formed.

Special protective actions for firefighters: For fires beyond the initial stage, emergency responders in the immediate hazard area should wear protective clothing. When the potential chemical hazard is unknown, in enclosed or confined spaces, a self contained breathing apparatus should be worn. In addition, wear other appropriate protective equipment as conditions warrant (see Section 8).

Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Cool equipment exposed to fire with water, if it can be done safely. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes.

See Section 9 for Flammable Properties including Flash Point and Flammable (Explosive) Limits

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Extremely flammable. Spillages of liquid product will create a fire hazard and may form an explosive atmosphere. Keep all sources of ignition and hot metal surfaces away from spill/release if safe to do so. The use of explosion-proof electrical equipment is recommended. Stay upwind and away from spill/release. Avoid direct contact with material. For large spillages, notify persons down wind of the spill/release, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Wear appropriate protective equipment, including respiratory protection, as conditions warrant (see Section 8). See Sections 2 and 7 for additional information on hazards and precautionary measures.

Environmental Precautions: Stop and contain spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems, and natural waterways. Use foam on spills to minimize vapors Use water sparingly to minimize environmental contamination and reduce disposal requirements. If spill occurs on water notify appropriate authorities and advise shipping of any hazard. Spills into or upon navigable waters, the contiguous zone, or adjoining shorelines that cause a sheen or discoloration on the surface of the water, may require notification of the National Response Center (phone number 800-424-8802).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. Immediate cleanup of any spill is recommended. Dike far ahead of spill for later recovery or disposal. Absorb spill with inert material such as sand or vermiculite, and place in suitable container for disposal. If spilled on water remove with appropriate methods (e.g. skimming, booms or absorbents). In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil for remediation or disposal, in accordance with local regulations.

Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however local conditions and regulations may influence or limit the choice of appropriate actions to be taken.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use good personal hygiene practices and wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Extremely Flammable. May vaporize easily at ambient temperatures. The vapor is heavier than air and may create an explosive mixture of vapor and air. Beware of accumulation in confined spaces and low lying areas. Open container slowly to relieve any pressure. Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when handling or processing this material. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. The use of explosion-proof electrical equipment is recommended and may be required (see appropriate fire codes). Refer to NFPA-70 and/or API RP 2003 for specific bonding/grounding requirements. Do not enter confined spaces such as tanks or pits without following proper entry procedures such as ASTM D-4276 and 29CFR 1910.146. Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes. Keep contaminated clothing away from sources of ignition such as sparks or open flames.

High pressure injection of hydrocarbon fuels, hydraulic oils or greases under the skin may have serious consequences even though no symptoms or injury may be apparent. This can happen accidentally when using high pressure equipment such as high pressure grease guns, fuel injection apparatus or from pinhole leaks in tubing of high pressure hydraulic oil equipment.

For use as a motor fuel only. Do not use as a solvent due to its flammable and potentially toxic properties. Siphoning by mouth can result in lung aspiration which can be harmful or fatal.

The use of hydrocarbon fuel in an area without adequate ventilation may result in hazardous levels of incomplete combustion products (e.g. carbon monoxide, oxides of sulfur and nitrogen, benzene and other hydrocarbons) and/or dangerously low oxygen levels.

Gasoline engine exhaust contains hazardous combustion products and has been identified as a possible cancer hazard. Exposure should be minimized to reduce potential risk.

Static Accumulation Hazard: Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when handling this material. To minimize this hazard, bonding and grounding of tanks, transfer piping, and storage tank level floats are necessary but may not, by themselves, be sufficient. Review all operations which have the potential of generating and accumulating an electrostatic charge and/or a flammable atmosphere (including tank and container filling, splash filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, filtering, mixing, agitation, and vacuum truck operations) and use appropriate mitigating procedures. Special care should be given to ensure that special slow load procedures for "switch loading" are followed to avoid the static ignition hazard that can exist when higher flash point material (such as fuel oil or diesel) is loaded into tanks previously containing low flash point products (such as gasoline or naphtha). For more information, refer to OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.106, 'Flammable and Combustible Liquids', National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 77, 'Recommended Practice on Static Electricity', and/or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, 'Protection Against Ignitions Arising Out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents'.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Use and store this material in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, hot metal surfaces, and all sources of ignition. Store only in approved containers. Post area "No Smoking or Open Flame." Keep away from any incompatible material (see Section 10). Protect container(s) against physical damage. Outdoor or detached storage is preferred. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes.

Portable Containers: Static electricity may ignite gasoline vapors when filling portable containers. To avoid static buildup do not use a nozzle lock open device. Use only approved containers for the storage of gasoline. Place the container on the ground before filling. Keep the nozzle in contact with the container during filling. Do not fill any portable container in or on a vehicle or marine craft.

"Empty" containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and promptly shipped to the supplier or a drum reconditioner. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations. Before working on or in tanks which contain or have contained this material, refer to OSHA regulations, ANSI Z49.1, and other references pertaining to cleaning, repairing, welding, or other contemplated operations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Chemical Name	ACGIH	OSHA	Phillips 66

Gasoline	TWA: 300 ppm STEL: 500 ppm	---	TWA: 0.5 ppm STEL: 2.5ppm Skin (as benzene) 0.25 ppm TWA12hr (as benzene) 2.5 ppm STEL (as benzene) Skin
Toluene	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm Ceiling: 300 ppm	20 ppm TWA8hr
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	TWA: 100 ppm STEL: 150 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m ³	100 ppm TWA8hr 100 ppm TWA12hr 150 mg/m ³ STEL Skin
Benzene	TWA: 0.5 ppm STEL: 2.5 ppm Skin	TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 1 ppm STEL: 5 ppm Ceiling: 25 ppm Carcinogen	0.5 ppm TWA8hr 0.25 ppm TWA12hr 2.5 ppm STEL Skin Carcinogen
n-Hexane	TWA: 50 ppm Skin	TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 1800 mg/m ³	50 ppm TWA8hr 25 ppm TWA12hr Skin
Ethylbenzene	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m ³ Carcinogen	20 ppm TWA8hr 10 ppm TWA12hr Skin

Note: State, local or other agencies or advisory groups may have established more stringent limits. Consult an industrial hygienist or similar professional, or your local agencies, for further information.

Engineering controls: If current ventilation practices are not adequate to maintain airborne concentrations below the established exposure limits, additional engineering controls may be required.

Eye/Face Protection: The use of eye protection that meets or exceeds ANSI Z.87.1 is recommended to protect against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury. Depending on conditions of use, a face shield may be necessary.

Skin/Hand Protection: The use of gloves impervious to the specific material handled is advised to prevent skin contact. Users should check with manufacturers to confirm the breakthrough performance of their products. Depending on exposure and use conditions, additional protection may be necessary to prevent skin contact including use of items such as chemical resistant boots, aprons, arm covers, hoods, coveralls, or encapsulated suits. Suggested protective materials: Nitrile

Respiratory Protection: Where there is potential for airborne exposure above the exposure limit a NIOSH certified air purifying respirator equipped with organic vapor cartridges/canisters may be used.

A respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. Air purifying respirators provide limited protection and cannot be used in atmospheres that exceed the maximum use concentration (as directed by regulation or the manufacturer's instructions), in oxygen deficient (less than 19.5 percent oxygen) situations, or under conditions that are immediately dangerous to life and health (IDLH).

If benzene concentrations equal or exceed applicable exposure limits, OSHA requirements for personal protective equipment, exposure monitoring, and training may apply (29CFR1910.1028 - Benzene).

Other Protective Equipment: Eye wash and quick-drench shower facilities should be available in the work area. Thoroughly clean shoes and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Suggestions provided in this section for exposure control and specific types of protective equipment are based on readily available information. Users should consult with the specific manufacturer to confirm the performance of their protective equipment. Specific situations may require consultation with industrial hygiene, safety, or engineering professionals.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Note: Unless otherwise stated, values are determined at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 atm). Data represent typical values and are not intended to be specifications.

Appearance: Clear to amber
Physical Form: Liquid
Odor: Gasoline

Flash Point: < -49 °F / < -45 °C
Test Method: (estimate)
Initial Boiling Point/Range: 80 - 440 °F / 27 - 227 °C

Odor Threshold: No data
pH: Not applicable
Vapor Density (air=1): >1
Upper Explosive Limits (vol % in air): 7.6
Lower Explosive Limits (vol % in air): 1.4
Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1): >1
Particle Size: Not applicable
Percent Volatile: 100%
Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable

Vapor Pressure: 330-775 mm Hg / 6.4-15 psia (Reid VP) @ 100°F / 37.8°C
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) (Kow): No data
Melting/Freezing Point: No data
Auto-ignition Temperature: 833 °F / 445 °C
Decomposition Temperature: No data
Specific Gravity (water=1): 0.72-0.75 @ 60°F (15.6°C)
Bulk Density: 6.17 lbs/gal
Viscosity: No data
Solubility in Water: Negligible

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: Not chemically reactive.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal ambient and anticipated conditions of use.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous reactions not anticipated.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid high temperatures and all sources of ignition. Prevent vapor accumulation.

Incompatible materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and strong reducing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products: Not anticipated under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on Toxicological Effects

Substance / Mixture

Acute Toxicity	Hazard	Additional Information	LC50/LD50 Data
Inhalation	Expected to have a low degree of toxicity by inhalation		>5.2 mg/L (vapor)
Dermal	Unlikely to be harmful		3.75 g/kg
Oral	Unlikely to be harmful		14 g/kg

Aspiration Hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes mild eye irritation.

Skin Sensitization: Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Respiratory Sensitization: No information available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not expected to cause organ effects from repeated exposure. Two year inhalation studies of wholly vaporized unleaded gasoline, and 90 days studies of various petroleum naphthas, did not produce significant target organ toxicity in laboratory animals. Nephropathy in male rats, characterized by the accumulation of alpha-2-u- globulin in epithelial cells of the proximal tubules was observed, however follow-up studies suggest that these changes are unique to the male rat.

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Based on component information. Two year inhalation studies of vaporized unleaded gasoline produced an increased incidence of kidney tumors in male rats and liver tumors in female mice. Repeated skin application of various petroleum naphthas in mice for two years resulted in an increased incidence of skin tumors but only in the presence of severe skin irritation. Follow-up mechanistic studies suggest that the occurrence of these tumors may be the consequence of promotional processes and not relevant to human risk assessment. Epidemiology data collected from a study of more than 18,000 petroleum marketing and distribution workers showed no increased risk of leukemia, multiple myeloma, or kidney cancer from gasoline exposure. Unleaded gasoline has been identified as a possible carcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not expected to cause heritable genetic effects. Gasoline was negative in microbial mutagenicity and unscheduled DNA tests in rat hepatocytes. Gasoline did not induce chromosome aberrations in vivo in rat bone marrow cells and was negative in a mouse dominant lethal assay.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not expected to cause reproductive toxicity. No evidence of developmental toxicity was found in pregnant laboratory animals (rats and mice) exposed to high vapor concentrations of unleaded gasoline and petroleum naphthas via inhalation. A two-generation reproductive toxicity study of vapor recovery gasoline did not adversely affect reproductive function or offspring survival and development.

Other Comments: Gasoline engine exhaust has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as possibly carcinogenic to human.

Information on Toxicological Effects of Components

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)

Reproductive Toxicity: Both mixed xylenes and the individual isomers produced limited evidence of developmental toxicity in laboratory animals. Inhalation and oral administration of xylene resulted in decreased fetal weight, increased incidences of delayed ossification, skeletal variations and resorptions, but no evidence of teratogenicity.

Target Organ(s): Rats exposed to xylenes at 800, 1000 or 1200 ppm 14 hours daily for 6 weeks demonstrated high frequency hearing loss. Another study in rats exposed to 1800 ppm 8 hours daily for 5 days demonstrated middle frequency hearing loss.

Toluene

Carcinogenicity: Exposure of rats and mice to toluene at concentrations ranging from 120-1200 ppm for two years did not demonstrate evidence of carcinogenicity. Toluene has not been listed as a carcinogen by IARC.

Reproductive Toxicity: Exposure to toluene during pregnancy has demonstrated limited evidence of developmental toxicity in laboratory animals. Decreased fetal body weight and increased skeletal variations in both inhalation and oral studies, but only at doses that were maternally toxic. No fetal toxicity was seen at doses that were not maternally toxic. Decreased sperm counts have been observed in male rats in the absence of a reduction in fertility. Toluene has been reported to cause mental or growth retardation in the children of solvent abusers who directly inhale toluene during pregnancy.

Target Organ(s): Epidemiology studies suggest that chronic occupational overexposure to toluene may damage color vision. Subchronic and chronic inhalation studies with toluene produced kidney and liver damage, hearing loss and central nervous system (brain) damage in laboratory animals. Intentional misuse by deliberate inhalation of high concentrations of toluene has been shown to cause liver, kidney, and central nervous system damage, including hearing loss and visual disturbances.

Benzene

Carcinogenicity: Benzene is an animal carcinogen and is known to produce acute myelogenous leukemia (a form of cancer) in humans. Benzene has been identified as a human carcinogen by IARC, the US National Toxicology Program and the US-Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

Reproductive Toxicity: Some studies in occupationally exposed women have suggested benzene exposure increased risk of miscarriage and stillbirth and decreased birth weight and gestational age. The size of the effects detected in these studies was small, and ascertainment of exposure and outcome in some cases relied on self-reports, which may limit the reliability of these results.

Target Organ(s): Prolonged or repeated exposures to benzene vapors can cause damage to the blood and blood forming organs, including disorders like leukopenia, thrombocytopenia, and aplastic anemia.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Benzene exposure has resulted in chromosomal aberrations in human lymphocytes and animal bone marrow cells. Exposure has also been associated with chromosomal aberrations in sperm cells in human and animal studies.

Ethylbenzene

Carcinogenicity: Rats and mice exposed to 0, 75, 250, or 750 ppm ethyl benzene in a two year inhalation study demonstrated limited evidence of kidney, liver, and lung cancer. Ethyl benzene has been listed as a possible human carcinogen by IARC.

Target Organ(s): In rats and mice exposed to 0, 75, 250, or 750 ppm ethyl benzene in a two year inhalation study there was mild damage to the kidney (tubular hyperplasia), liver (eosinophilic foci, hypertrophy, necrosis), lung (alveolar epithelium metaplasia), thyroid (hyperplasia), thyroid (hyperplasia) and pituitary (hyperplasia). In animal models (particularly rats), ethyl benzene affects the auditory function mainly in the cochlear mid-frequency range and ototoxicity was observed after combined exposure to noise and ethyl benzene. There is no evidence of either ethyl benzene-induced hearing losses or ototoxicity with combined exposure to ethyl benzene and noise in workers.

n-Hexane

Reproductive Toxicity: Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of n-hexane (>1,000 ppm) resulted in decreased sperm count and degenerative changes in the testes of rats but not those of mice.

Target Organ(s): Excessive exposure to n-hexane can result in peripheral neuropathies. The initial symptoms are symmetrical sensory numbness and paresthesias of distal portions of the extremities. Motor weakness is typically observed in muscles of the toes and fingers but may also involve muscles of the arms, thighs and forearms. The onset of these symptoms may be delayed for several months to a year after the beginning of exposure. The neurotoxic properties of n-hexane are potentiated by exposure to methyl ethyl ketone and methyl isobutyl ketone.

SECTION 12: Ecological information



GHS Classification:

H411 -- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity -- Category 2

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Toxicity: Acute aquatic toxicity studies on samples of gasoline and naphtha streams show acute toxicity values greater than 1 mg/L and mostly in the range 1-100 mg/L. These tests were carried out on water accommodated fractions, in closed systems to prevent evaporative loss. Results are consistent with the predicted aquatic toxicity of these substances based on their hydrocarbon composition. These substances should be regarded as toxic to aquatic organisms, with the potential to cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Persistence and Degradability: The hydrocarbons in this material are not readily biodegradable but are regarded as inherently biodegradable since their hydrocarbon components can be degraded by microorganisms.

Persistence per IOPC Fund definition: Non-Persistent

Bioaccumulative Potential: Log Kow values measured for the hydrocarbon components of this material range from 3 to greater than 6 and therefore are regarded as having the potential to bioaccumulate. In practice, metabolic processes or physical properties may prevent this effect or limit bioavailability.

Mobility in Soil: On release to water, hydrocarbons will float on the surface and since they are sparingly soluble, the only significant loss is volatilization to air. In air, these hydrocarbons are photodegraded by reaction with hydroxyl radicals with half lives varying from 6.5 days for benzene to 0.5 days for n-dodecane.

Other adverse effects: None anticipated.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The generator of a waste is always responsible for making proper hazardous waste determinations and needs to consider state and local requirements in addition to federal regulations. This material, if discarded as produced, would not be a federally regulated RCRA "listed" hazardous waste. However, it would likely be identified as a federally regulated RCRA hazardous waste for the following characteristic(s) shown below. See Sections 7 and 8 for information on handling, storage and personal protection and Section 9 for physical/chemical properties. It is possible that the material as produced contains constituents which are not required to be listed in the SDS but could affect the hazardous waste determination. Additionally, use which results in chemical or physical change of this material could subject it to regulation as a hazardous waste. Container contents should be completely used and containers should be emptied prior to discard. Container residues and rinseates could be considered to be hazardous wastes.

EPA Waste Number(s)

- D001 - Ignitability characteristic
- D018 - Benzene

SECTION 14: Transport information

U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)

UN Number: UN1203

UN proper shipping name: Gasoline

Transport hazard class(es): 3

Packing Group: II

Environmental Hazards: Marine pollutant - Environmentally Hazardous

Special precautions for user: *If transported in bulk by marine vessel in international waters, product is being carried under the scope of MARPOL Annex I.*

Container(s) greater than 5 liters (liquids) or 5 kilograms (solids), shipped by water mode and ALL bulk shipments may require the shipping description to contain the "Marine Pollutant" notation [49 CFR 172.203(l)] and the container(s) to display the [Marine Pollutant Mark] [49 CFR 172.322].

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances and TPQs (in pounds):

This material does not contain any chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 302 and 40 CFR 372.

CERCLA/SARA - Section 311/312 (Title III Hazard Categories)

Acute Health Hazard: Yes
Chronic Health Hazard: Yes
Fire Hazard: Yes
Pressure Hazard: No
Reactive Hazard: No

CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 and 40 CFR 372:

This material contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III and 40 CFR 372:

Chemical Name	Concentration ¹	de minimis
Toluene	0-35	1.0%
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	0-15	1.0%
Benzene	0-5	0.1%
n-Hexane	0-5	1.0%
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	0-5	1.0%
Ethylbenzene	0-5	0.1%
Cyclohexane	0-2	1.0%

¹ All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

EPA (CERCLA) Reportable Quantity (in pounds):

EPA's Petroleum Exclusion applies to this material - (CERCLA 101(14)).

California Proposition 65:

Warning: This material may contain detectable quantities of the following chemicals, known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, and which may be subject to the warning requirements of California Proposition 65 (CA Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5):

Chemical Name	Type of Toxicity
Toluene	Developmental Toxicant
Benzene	Cancer Developmental Toxicant Male Reproductive Toxicant
Ethylbenzene	Cancer
Unleaded Gasoline (Wholly Vaporized)	Cancer

Gasoline engine exhaust is on the Proposition 65 list of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

International Hazard Classification

Canada:

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the Regulations.

International Inventories

All components are either listed on the US TSCA Inventory, or are not regulated under TSCA.
All components are either on the DSL, or are exempt from DSL listing requirements.

U.S. Export Control Classification Number: EAR99

SECTION 16: Other information

Issue Date:	Previous Issue Date:	SDS Number	Status:
09-May-2016	02-Dec-2015	251720	FINAL

Revised Sections or Basis for Revision:
Composition (Section 3)

Guide to Abbreviations:

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; CASRN = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number; CEILING = Ceiling Limit (15 minutes); CERCLA = The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; GHS = Globally Harmonized System; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; INSHT = National Institute for Health and Safety at Work; IOPC = International Oil Pollution Compensation; LEL = Lower Explosive Limit; NE = Not Established; NFPA = National Fire Protection Association; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit (OSHA); SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes); TLV = Threshold Limit Value (ACGIH); TWA = Time Weighted Average (8 hours); UEL = Upper Explosive Limit; WHMIS = Worker Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

Disclaimer of Expressed and implied Warranties:

The information presented in this Safety Data Sheet is based on data believed to be accurate as of the date this Safety Data Sheet was prepared. HOWEVER, NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IS TO BE IMPLIED REGARDING THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ABOVE, THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE USE OF THIS INFORMATION OR THE PRODUCT, THE SAFETY OF THIS PRODUCT, OR THE HAZARDS RELATED TO ITS USE. No responsibility is assumed for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use or from any failure to adhere to recommended practices. The information provided above, and the product, are furnished on the condition that the person receiving them shall make their own determination as to the suitability of the product for their particular purpose and on the condition that they assume the risk of their use. In addition, no authorization is given nor implied to practice any patented invention without a license.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Goop Hand Cleaner

1: Product and company identification

Product Name: *Goop Hand Cleaner / Goop Multipurpose Hand Cleaner / Goop Stain Remover*
Product Use: Bathroom/Industrial hand cleaner/Laundry
Revision Date: 10-29-2014
Product ID: #10, #12, #23, #57, #59, #64, #105, #125, #128, #150, #164, #464,
Company Information: Critzas Industries Inc.
4041 Park Avenue
St. Louis, MO 63110, United States
Phone: 314-773-8510
Fax: 314-773-4837
Email: Critzasin@aol.com
Emergency Contact Information: For Chemical Emergency **314-773-8510**

2: Hazards Identification

Goop Hand Cleaner
Item #10, 12, 23, 57, 59, 64, 105,
#125, 128, 150, 164, 464

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

The product within this SDS, when used in accordance with the instructions, presents no immediate or long term health hazard. Abnormal entry may, such as gross ingestion, may require medical attention.

Class:
Not Classified

Prevention:
Do not eat or drink while using this product

Response
If swallowed: Call a doctor if you feel unwell
Rinse mouth
Rinse eyes thoroughly with clean water
If irritation persists, contact a medical physician

WARNING

HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED
IRRITATION TO EYES

Storage
Store above 32° F and below 100° F
Disposal
None specified

3: Composition / Information on ingredients

Hazardous Components	CAS No.	EINECS	Conc.
Petroleum Distillates, Hydrotreated (light)	64742-47-8	232-298-5	33.25%
INCI Names	CAS No.		Conc.
Water	7732-18-5		<40%
C9-11 Pareth-8	68439-46-3		<10%
Oleic Acid	112-80-1		<5%
Triethanolamine	102-71-6		<5%
Glycerin	56-81-5		<5%
DMDM Hydantoin	6440-58-0		.11%
Fragrance	Proprietary		<1%

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Goop Hand Cleaner

4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:	Flush eyes with thoroughly with plenty of water. Tilt head to avoid contaminating unaffected eye. If irritation occurs seek medical attention.
Skin Contact:	No hazard expected under normal use. If irritation occurs seek medical attention.
Ingestion:	No hazard expected under normal use. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur.
Inhalation:	No hazard expected under normal use. Remove to fresh air if symptoms occur. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist.
Note to Physicians:	There is no specific antidote. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

5: Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media:	For fires in area use appropriate media, i.e. dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water fog, alcohol foam.
Fire Fighting Methods:	Will not burn. No special instruction available. Use fire fighting methods appropriated for surrounding materials.
Fire and Explosion:	None known.
Hazardous Combustion Products:	None known.

6: Accidental Release Measures

Spill Clean-Up Procedures:	Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section 8. Soak up residue with inert absorbent material. Place in non-leaking containers for disposal. Flush remaining residue in area with water and dispose of properly. Avoid direct discharge to sewers and surface waters in large amounts. Notify authorities if entry occurs.

7: Handling and Storage

Handling:	Avoid eye contact. Do not swallow. Do not eat, drink or smoke in work area. Avoid breathing mists or dusts.

8: Exposure Control / Personal Protection

Exposure Guide Lines:	None established by OSHA
Engineering Controls:	None expected to be needed under normal use. Use local exhaust ventilation if in confined spaces. Avoid creating mist.
Eye/Face Protection:	None needed under normal use. Safety glasses or goggles recommended if eye contact is eminent.
Skin Protection:	Material is not considered a skin contact hazard.
Respiratory Protection:	None required under normal use.
Other Protective Equipment:	Eye-wash station.
General Hygiene Conditions:	Wash with soap and water before meal times and at the end of each work shift.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Goop Hand Cleaner

9: Physical Data

Physical State:	Solid Gel
Color:	White
Odor:	Sweet
Boiling Point:	212°F
Freezing Point:	N.D.
Melting Point:	N.D.
Evaporation Point:	>1.0
Vapor Pressure:	N.D.
Vapor Density:	<1.0 (Air=1)
Viscosity:	N.D.
Solubility:	Soluble in Water
pH:	Range 7-8
Specific Gravity:	.90g/ml @25°C (Water=1)
VOC (wt%):	.97%
VOC (g/L):	9.7g/L
VOC Method	EPA Method 24
Flash Point:	>158°F
Flash Point Method:	ASTM D 56
Auto Ignition Temp.:	No Data

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability:	Stable under normal conditions
Conditions to Avoid:	Avoid all forms of contamination, Heat over 150°F/Below -10°F
Incompatible Materials:	Avoid strong oxidizing agents, sources of ignition.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	None known.
Hazardous Polymerization:	None known.

11: Toxicological Information

LD50 Oral:	No Data
LD50 Skin:	No Data
LD50 Inhalation:	No Data

12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity:	No data available.
Environmental Fate:	Product is biodegradable.

13: Disposal Considerations

Hazardous Waste Number:	N.A.
Disposal Method:	Dispose of in accordance with all local, state, and federal regulations. Disposal methods identified are for the product as sold. For disposal of used material, an assessment must be completed to determine proper disposal methods for your location.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Goop Hand Cleaner

14: Transportation Information

Department of Transportation: Not regulated by the Department of Transportation.
Harmonized System Code: 3401.20.0000

15: Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

TSCA: All components of this product are in compliance with or exempt. (15USC 2602 (2)(B)(iv))

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

All components of this product are in compliance with regulations set forth by the EPA. (USEPA sec 183e)

U.S. State Regulations:

California

California Air Resources Board (CARB):

All components of this product are in compliance with regulations set forth by CARB. (CARB art. 94509)

Southern California Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD):

All components of this product are in compliance with regulations set forth by SCAQMD. (SCAQMD rule 1113)

California Proposition 65 Statement

This product does not contain chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or cause reproductive harm.

16: Additional Information

NFPA Hazard Ratings:

Health: 0
Flammability: 0
Reactivity: 0
Special Hazard: None

MSDS Abbreviations

N.A. = Not Applicable

N.D. = Not Determined

VOC = Volatile Organic Material

MSDS Prepared by: LH

Completed: 10/29/14

Disclaimer:

This material safety data sheet relates to the specific material designated and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material. The date contained is believed to be correct. However, since conditions of use are outside our control is should be taken as warranty or representation for which Critzas Industries Inc. assumes legal responsibility. This information is provided solely for your consideration, investigation, and verification.

Safety Data Sheet



Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

- Product Name** • Iso-HEET® Gas Line Antifreeze
- Synonyms** • 584403
- Product Code** • 28202; 28204; 28206; 28214

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

- Recommended use** • Gasoline fuel additive
- Restrictions on use** • Use per the label directions

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

- Manufacturer** • Gold Eagle Co.
4400 S. Kildare Avenue
Chicago, IL 60632-4372
United States
<http://www.goldeagle.com/>
- Telephone (General)** • 773-376-4400

Emergency telephone number

- Manufacturer** • 1-800-535-5053 - (INFOTRAC #22283)

Section 2: Hazard Identification

United States (US)

According to: OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

Classification of the substance or mixture

- OSHA HCS 2012**
- Flammable Liquids 2
 - Eye Irritation 2
 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Respiratory Tract Irritation
 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects
 - Germ Cell Mutagenicity 2
 - Carcinogenicity 2
 - Reproductive Toxicity 1B
 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 2

Label elements

OSHA HCS 2012

DANGER



- Hazard statements** • Highly flammable liquid and vapour
Causes serious eye irritation

May cause respiratory irritation
 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
 Suspected of causing cancer.
 May damage fertility or the unborn child - via Inhalation
 May cause damage to organs.

Precautionary statements

- Prevention •** Obtain special instructions before use.
 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and/or hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Ground and/or bond container and receiving equipment.
 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
 Use only non-sparking tools.
 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
 Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.
 Wash thoroughly after handling.
 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- Response •** In case of fire: Use appropriate media for extinction.
 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
 IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

- Storage/Disposal •** Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
 Store locked up.
 Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Other hazards

OSHA HCS 2012

- Under United States Regulations (29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication Standard), this product is considered hazardous.

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substances

- Material does not meet the criteria of a substance.

Mixtures

Composition				
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive
Isopropyl alcohol	CAS:67-63-0	98.5%	Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 16000 ppm 8 Hour(s) Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 12800 mg/kg Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 •	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; Muta. 2; Repr. 2; STOT SE 3: Narc.; STOT SE 3: Resp. Irrit.; STOT RE 2

			5000 mg/kg	
Proprietary	NDA	0% TO 1.5%	NDA	OSHA HCS 2012: Not Classified
Proprietary	Proprietary	0.225405% TO 0.45081%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 4300 mg/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 5000 ppm 4 Hour(s) Skin-Rabbit LD50 • >1700 mg/kg	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 3; Acute Tox. 4 (Inhl); Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; Repr. 1B (Inhl); STOT SE 3: Narc.; STOT SE 3: Resp. Irrit.
Proprietary	Proprietary	0.14985% TO 0.22485%	Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 15800 mg/kg Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 5600 mg/kg Inhalation-Rabbit LC50 • 81000 mg/m ³ 14 Hour(s)	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; Skin Irrit. 2; STOT SE 1 (Eyes); STOT SE 3: Narc.; STOT RE 1 (Eyes); Repr. 2;
Proprietary	Proprietary	0.07498473% TO 0.15012173%	Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 17800 µL/kg Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 3500 mg/kg Inhalation-Rabbit LC50 • 4000 ppm 4 Hour(s)	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; Repr. 2.; Carc. 2; STOT SE 3: Resp. Irrit.; STOT SE 3: Narc.; Asp. Tox. 1

Section 4: First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

- Move victim to fresh air. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing.

Skin

- In case of burns, immediately cool affected skin for as long as possible with cold water. Do not remove clothing if adhering to skin. In case of contact with substance, immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water.

Eye

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first five minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

- Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention immediately if ingested.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

- All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media • Use halon replacement or carbon dioxide extinguishers or alcohol foam for small fires. Large fires should be extinguished with alcohol foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media • Water spray or fog can cool fire but may not be effective in extinguishing fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards • Containers may explode when heated.
Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers.
HIGHLY FLAMMABLE: Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames.

Many liquids are lighter than water.
 Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks).
 Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
 Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
 Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

- No data available

Advice for firefighters

- Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.
 LARGE FIRES: Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions

- Ventilate the area. Do not walk through spilled material. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Do not breathe mist, vapours and/or spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing.

Emergency Procedures

- As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. LARGE SPILL: Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 300 meters (1000 feet) ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.

Environmental precautions

- Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Containment/Clean-up Measures

- Stop leak if you can do it without risk.
 Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers.
 Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.
 A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors.
 All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.
 LARGE SPILLS: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.
 LARGE SPILLS: Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Handling

- Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Do not use sparking tools. Contact lenses should not be worn when working with this chemical. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Do not breathe mist, vapours and/or spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage

- Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from sources of ignition – No Smoking. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Empty containers contain product residues, assume emptied containers to have same hazards as full containers.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits/Guidelines				
	Result	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA
Proprietary (Proprietary)	TWAs	20 ppm TWA	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m ³ TWA	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m ³ TWA
	STELs	Not established	125 ppm STEL; 545 mg/m ³ STEL	Not established
Proprietary (Proprietary)	TWAs	200 ppm TWA	200 ppm TWA; 260 mg/m ³ TWA	200 ppm TWA; 260 mg/m ³ TWA
	STELs	250 ppm STEL	250 ppm STEL; 325 mg/m ³ STEL	Not established
Proprietary (Proprietary)	TWAs	100 ppm TWA	Not established	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m ³ TWA
	STELs	150 ppm STEL	Not established	Not established
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	TWAs	200 ppm TWA	400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m ³ TWA	400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m ³ TWA
	STELs	400 ppm STEL	500 ppm STEL; 1225 mg/m ³ STEL	Not established

Exposure controls

Engineering Measures/Controls

- Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Use only appropriately classified electrical equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

Respiratory

- In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or symptoms are experienced.

Eye/Face

- Wear chemical splash safety goggles.

Skin/Body

- Wear appropriate gloves. Wear protective clothing

Environmental Exposure Controls

- Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways. Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste.

Key to abbreviations

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene

NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

STEL = Short Term Exposure Limits are based on 15-minute exposures

TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on Physical and Chemical Properties

Material Description			
Physical Form	Liquid	Appearance/Description	Water-white liquid.
Color	Water-white	Odor	No data available
Odor Threshold	No data available		
General Properties			
Boiling Point	> 180 F(> 82.2222 C)	Melting Point/Freezing Point	No data available
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	pH	No data available
Specific Gravity/Relative Density	= 0.79 Water=1	Water Solubility	Soluble 100 %
Viscosity	3 Centistoke (cSt, cS) or mm ² /sec @ 25 C(77 F)		
Volatility			

Vapor Pressure	32.25 mmHg (torr)	Vapor Density	> 1 Air=1
Evaporation Rate	2.2 n-Butyl Acetate = 1		
Flammability			
Flash Point	54 F(12.2222 C)	UEL	12.7 %
LEL	2 %	Autoignition	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available		
Environmental			
Octanol/Water Partition coefficient	No data available		

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

- No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability

- Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

- Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

- Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame.

Incompatible materials

- Strong oxidizing agents, amines, chlorinated compounds, and caustic materials.

Hazardous decomposition products

- Excessive heating and/or incomplete combustion will produce carbon monoxide.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Information on toxicological effects

Components		
Isopropyl alcohol (98.5%)	67-63-0	Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 5000 mg/kg; <i>Behavioral:General anesthetic</i>; Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 16000 ppm 8 Hour(s); Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 12800 mg/kg; Irritation: Eye-Rabbit • 100 mg • Severe irritation; Skin-Rabbit • 500 mg • Mild irritation; Multi-dose Toxicity: Inhalation-Mouse TCLo • 5000 ppm 6 Hour(s) 13 Week(s)-Intermittent; <i>Behavioral:General anesthetic; Behavioral:Ataxia; Liver:Changes in liver weight</i>; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 1000 mg/m³ 6 Hour(s) 4 Week(s)-Intermittent; <i>Sense Organs and Special Senses:Eye:Optic nerve neuropathy</i>; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 500 mg/m³ 4 Hour(s) 122 Day(s)-Intermittent; <i>Liver:Multiple effects; Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder:Other changes; Nutritional and Gross Metabolic:Gross Metabolite Changes:Weight loss or decreased weight gain</i>; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 20 mg/m³ 24 Hour(s) 90 Day(s)-Continuous; <i>Brain and Coverings:Other degenerative changes; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Other changes; Liver:Multiple effects</i>; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 100 mg/m³ 4 Hour(s) 17 Week(s)-Intermittent; <i>Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder:Other changes in urine composition; Blood:Changes in serum composition (e.g., TP, bilirubin cholesterol); Biochemical:Enzyme inhibition, induction, or change in blood or tissue levels:True cholinesterase</i>; Mutagen: Cytogenetic analysis • Inhalation-Rat • 1030 µg/m³ 16 Week(s)-Intermittent; Reproductive: Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 3500 ppm 7 Hour(s)(1-19D preg); <i>Reproductive Effects:Effects on Embryo or Fetus:Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus)</i>; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 10000 ppm 7 Hour(s)(1-19D preg); <i>Reproductive Effects:Effects on Fertility:Pre-implantation mortality; Reproductive Effects:Effects on Fertility:Post-implantation mortality; Reproductive Effects:Effects on Embryo or Fetus:Fetal death</i>; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 7000 ppm 7 Hour(s)(1-19D preg); <i>Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Musculoskeletal system</i>
		Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 4300 mg/kg; <i>Liver:Other changes; Kidney, Ureter, and</i>

Proprietary (0.225405% TO 0.45081%)	Proprietary	Bladder:Other changes ; Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 5000 ppm 4 Hour(s); Inhalation-Man LCLo • 10000 ppm 6 Hour(s); Behavioral:General anesthetic ; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Cyanosis ; Blood:Other changes ; Inhalation-Human TCLo • 200 ppm; Sense Organs and Special Senses:Olfaction:Other changes ; Sense Organs and Special Senses:Eye:Conjunctive irritation ; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Other changes ; Skin-Rabbit LD50 • >1700 mg/kg; Irritation : Eye-Rabbit • 5 mg 24 Hour(s) • Severe irritation; Skin-Rabbit • 500 mg 24 Hour(s) • Moderate irritation; Reproductive : Inhalation-Rabbit TCLo • 1 g/m³ 24 Hour(s)(7-20D preg); Reproductive Effects:Effects on Fertility:Abortion ; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 50 mg/m³ 6 Hour(s)(1-21D preg); Reproductive Effects:Effects on Fertility:Post-implantation mortality ; Reproductive Effects:Effects on Embryo or Fetus:Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus) ; Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Craniofacial (including nose and tongue) ; Inhalation-Rat TDLo • 200 ppm 6 Hour(s)(4-20D preg); Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Musculoskeletal system ; Reproductive Effects:Effects on Newborn:Behavioral
Proprietary (0.14985% TO 0.22485%)	Proprietary	Acute Toxicity : Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 5600 mg/kg; Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 64000 ppm 4 Hour(s); Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 15800 mg/kg; Irritation : Eye-Rabbit • 100 mg 24 Hour(s) • Moderate irritation; Skin-Rabbit • 20 mg 24 Hour(s) • Moderate irritation; Mutagen : Cytogenetic analysis • Ingestion/Oral-Mouse • 1 g/kg; DNA damage • Ingestion/Oral-Rat • 10 µmol/kg; Reproductive : Inhalation-Mouse TCLo • 5000 ppm 7 Hour(s)(6-15D preg); Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Central nervous system ; Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Craniofacial (including nose and tongue) ; Inhalation-Mouse TCLo • 2000 ppm 7 Hour(s)(6-15D preg); Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Musculoskeletal system
Proprietary (0.07498473% TO 0.15012173%)	Proprietary	Acute Toxicity : Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 3500 mg/kg; Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 55000 mg/m³ 2 Hour(s); Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 17800 µL/kg; Irritation : Eye-Rabbit • 500 mg • Severe irritation; Skin-Rabbit • 15 mg 24 Hour(s)-Open • Mild irritation; Reproductive : Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 1000 ppm (6H/6-20D preg); Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Other developmental abnormalities ; Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Musculoskeletal system ; Tumorigen / Carcinogen : Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 750 ppm 6 Hour(s) 2 Year(s)-Intermittent; Tumorigenic:Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria ; Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder:Tumors

GHS Properties	Classification
Respiratory sensitization	OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking
Serious eye damage/Irritation	OSHA HCS 2012 • Eye Irritation 2
Acute toxicity	OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking
Aspiration Hazard	OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking
Carcinogenicity	OSHA HCS 2012 • Carcinogenicity 2
Skin corrosion/Irritation	OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking
Skin sensitization	OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking
STOT-RE	OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking
STOT-SE	OSHA HCS 2012 • Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 2; Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects; Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Respiratory Tract Irritation
Toxicity for Reproduction	OSHA HCS 2012 • Toxic to Reproduction 1B
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	OSHA HCS 2012 • Germ Cell Mutagenicity 2

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation

Acute (Immediate)

- May cause respiratory irritation. May affect the central nervous system. Symptoms may include dizziness, drowsiness, lethargy, coma and death.

Chronic (Delayed)

- No data available.

Skin

- Acute (Immediate)** • May cause irritation.
- Chronic (Delayed)** • No data available.

Eye

- Acute (Immediate)** • Causes serious eye irritation.
- Chronic (Delayed)** • No data available.

Ingestion

- Acute (Immediate)** • Human systemic effects from ingestion of Isopropyl alcohol: flushing, pulse rate decr, blood pressure lowering, anesthesia, /CNS depression/, headache, dizziness, mental depression, hallucinations, distorted perceptions, dyspnea, respiratory depression, nausea or vomiting, coma.
- Chronic (Delayed)** • No data available.

Other

- Acute (Immediate)** • May cause damage to organs.
- Mutagenic Effects** • Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause mutagenic effects.
- Carcinogenic Effects** • Suspected of causing cancer.

Carcinogenic Effects		
	CAS	IARC
Proprietary	Proprietary	Group 2B-Possible Carcinogen

- Reproductive Effects** • Animal tests for components have shown adverse reproductive effects.

Key to abbreviations

LD = Lethal Dose

TC = Toxic Concentration

TD = Toxic Dose

Section 12 - Ecological Information**Toxicity**

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

Persistence and degradability

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

Bioaccumulative potential

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

Mobility in Soil

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

Other adverse effects

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations**Waste treatment methods**

Product waste

- Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Packaging waste

- Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

	UN number	UN proper shipping name	Transport hazard class(es)	Packing group	Environmental hazards
DOT	ORM-D	Consumer commodity	NDA	NDA	NDA

Special precautions for user

- None specified.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

- No data available

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
SARA Hazard Classifications • Acute, Chronic, Fire

Inventory		
Component	CAS	TSCA
Proprietary	Proprietary	Yes
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Yes
Proprietary	Proprietary	Yes
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Yes
Proprietary	Proprietary	Yes

United States

Labor

U.S. - OSHA - Process Safety Management - Highly Hazardous Chemicals

• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed
• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed
• Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Not Listed

U.S. - OSHA - Specifically Regulated Chemicals

• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed
• Proprietary	Proprietary	Not Listed
• Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Not Listed

Environment

U.S. - CAA (Clean Air Act) - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants

• Proprietary	Proprietary	(listed under Ethyl benzene)
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed

• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	(isomers and mixtures)
• Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Not Listed

U.S. - CAA (Clean Air Act) - Accidental Release Prevention - Flammable Substances

• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Not Listed

U.S. - CAA (Clean Air Act) - Accidental Release Prevention - Toxic Substances

• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities

• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	1000 lb final RQ; 454 kg final RQ
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	100 lb final RQ; 45.4 kg final RQ
• Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA RQs

• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances TPQs

• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting

• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	0.1 % de minimis concentration
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	1.0 % de minimis concentration (only if manufactured by the strong acid process, no supplier notification)
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	1.0 % de minimis concentration
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	1.0 % de minimis concentration
• Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - PBT Chemical Listing

• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Not Listed

U.S. - CWA (Clean Water Act) - Hazardous Substances

• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	
• Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Not Listed

U.S. - CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants

• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Not Listed

United States - California**Environment****U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List**

• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	carcinogen, initial date 6/11/04
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity

• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	developmental toxicity, initial date 3/16/12
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)

• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - No Significant Risk Levels (NSRL)

• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	54 µg/day NSRL (inhalation); 41 µg/day NSRL (oral)
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female

• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male

• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• <i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	Not Listed
• Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Not Listed

Other Information

- WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

Section 16 - Other Information

Revision Date	• 09/September/2015
Preparation Date	• 01/October/2014
Other Information	• Schedule B Number: 3820.00.0000.
Disclaimer/Statement of Liability	• Information presented herein is believed to be factual, as it has been derived from the works and opinions of persons believed to be qualified experts. However, nothing contained in this information is to be taken as warranty or representation for which the Gold Eagle Co. bears legal responsibility. The user should review any recommendations in the specific context of the intended use to determine whether they are appropriate.

Key to abbreviations

NDA = No data available



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Hercules Clear Cutting Oil

Other means of identification

Product code 7335E

Synonyms Part Numbers: 40110, 40115, 40120, 40125, 40140

Recommended use Thread Cutting Oil

Recommended restrictions None Known

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company Name HCC Holdings, Inc. an Oatey Affiliate

Address 4700 West 160th Street
Cleveland, OH 44135

Telephone 216-267-7100

E-mail info@oatey.com

Transport Emergency Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)

Emergency First Aid 1-877-740-5015

Contact person MSDS Coordinator

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not Classified.

Health hazards Not Classified

OSHA defined hazards Not Classified.

Label elements

Hazard symbol None.

Signal word None

Hazard statement This product does not require any hazard statements.

Precautionary statement

Prevention This product does not require any precautionary statements.

Response This product does not require any precautionary statements.

Storage Not applicable.

Disposal Not applicable.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) Used Oil may contain harmful impurities.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Petroleum Hydrocarbon Mixture	Mixture	>95

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Skin contact Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting, and or diarrhea.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.	Immediate medical attention is not required.
General information	Note to physician, treat symptomatically.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases, oxides of sulfur and phosphorous (smoke). Carbon monoxide.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Specific methods	None
General fire hazards	None

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Large Spills: Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see section 1 of SDS for emergency contact information and section 13 of SDS for waste disposal. Small Spills: Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see section 1 of SDS for emergency contact information and section 13 of SDS for waste disposal.
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapors, mists or aerosols. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials to prevent fires. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8 of SDS). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of SDS) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Oil Mist, Mineral	TLV or PEL	5 mg/m ³

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits

Components	Type	Value

Biological limit values	Data Not available.
Appropriate engineering controls	No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.
Skin protection	
Hand	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Other	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Thermal hazards	None.
General hygiene considerations	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid
Form	Liquid
Color	Dark Amber
Odor	Slight hydrocarbon
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not applicable
Melting point/freezing point	No data available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not determined
Flash point	> 340 °F (> 171°C)
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit – lower (%)	Not available
Flammability limit – upper (%)	Not available
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available
Vapor pressure	Not applicable
Vapor density	Not applicable
Relative density	0.91
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Negligible
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	>6 based on similar products
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable

Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity, kinematic	27.5 – 33.5 mm ² /s @ 40 °C
Other information	
VOC (Weight %)	< 1% by weight, < 10 g/L

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph..
Chemical stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reaction	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Extreme temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	Strong Oxidizing Agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Mist from processing.
Skin contact	Skin contact.
Eye contact	Eye contact.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
No specific data.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Acute Toxicity

Components	Species	Results

Skin corrosion/irritation
May cause skin irritation after prolonged exposure. Prolonged exposure or repeated exposure without proper cleaning can clog pores of the skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization
Inhalation of vapors or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system.

Skin sensitization
This product is not expected to cause skin irritation.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not considered a mutagenic hazard

Carcinogenicity
No component of this product is identified as a probable, possible, or confirmed carcinogen by IARC, NTP, Monographs, or OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity

Single exposure
Not expected to be a hazard.

Repeated exposure
Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration Hazard
Contains Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated – Which is a category 1 Aspiration Hazard. The likely hood of aspirating the product in this form is very low due to the high viscosity.

Chronic effects
Not Classified.

Further information
Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and may present risks to health and the environment on disposal. Used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact should be avoided when possible.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Results	Species	Exposure

Persistence and degradability
Not Available.

Bio accumulative potential	Not Available.
Mobility in soil	Liquid under most conditions. Floats on water. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.
Other adverse effects	No known significant effects of critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Local disposal regulations	Not Applicable
Hazardous waste code	Not Applicable

14. Transportation information

DOT	Not Regulated
UN number	
UN Proper Shipping Name	
Transportation Hazard classes	
Packing group	
IATA	Not Regulated
UN number	
UN Proper Shipping Name	
Transportation Hazard classes	
Packing group	
IMDG	Not Regulated
UN number	
UN Proper Shipping Name	
Transportation Hazard classes	
Packing group	
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories	All the substances contained in this product are listed or exempted from listing in the following inventories: U.S.A. (TSCA)

U.S. Federal Regulations SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	no
Chronic Health Hazard	no
Fire Hazard	no
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	no
Reactive Hazard	no

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

U.S. State Regulations**California Proposition 65**

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue Date 12-May-2015

Revision Date -

Version # 01

HMIS Rating Health: 1
Flammability: 1
Physical Hazards: 0

Disclaimer HCC Holdings Inc. an Oatey Affiliate cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	HERCULES CLEAR, PURPLE, AND UNPURPLE PRIMER
Other means of identification	
SDS number	7402E
Synonyms	Part Numbers: Clear - 60453, 60458, 60460, 60465, 60470, Purple - 60403, 60413, 60415, 60420, 60425 Un-Purple - 60445, 60447
Recommended use	Joining PVC Pipes
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information	
Company Name	HCC Holdings, Inc. an Oatey Affiliate
Address	4700 West 160th Street Cleveland, OH 44135
Telephone	216-267-7100
E-mail	info@oatey.com
Transport Emergency	Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)
Emergency First Aid	1-877-740-5015
Contact person	MSDS Coordinator

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.
May form explosive peroxides. Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected possible carcinogen.

Supplemental information
Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Acetone	67-64-1	30-60
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	15-40
Furan, Tetrahydro-	109-99-9	10-30
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	10-30

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

Environmental precautions

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3 1000 ppm
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	PEL	200 mg/m3 50 ppm
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	PEL	590 mg/m3 200 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	PEL	590 mg/m3 200 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm
	TWA	500 ppm
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm
	TWA	20 ppm
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	TWA	50 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3
		250 ppm
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	TWA	100 mg/m3
		25 ppm
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	735 mg/m3
		250 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	TWA	590 mg/m3
		200 ppm
	STEL	885 mg/m3
		300 ppm
	TWA	590 mg/m3
		200 ppm

Biological limit values**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	80 mg/l	1,2-Cyclohexanediol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
	8 mg/l	Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	2 mg/l	Tetrahydrofuran	Urine	*
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines**US - California OELs: Skin designation**

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**Eye/face protection**

Face shield is recommended. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Translucent.
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Clear. or Purple
Odor	Solvent.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	151 °F (66.11 °C)
Flash point	14.0 - 23.0 °F (-10.0 - -5.0 °C)
Evaporation rate	5.5 - 8
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	145 mm Hg @ 20 C
Vapor density	2.5
Relative density	0.82 - 0.86
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	< 100 cP
Other information	
Bulk density	7 lb/gal
VOC (Weight %)	505 g/l SQACMD Method 304

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics.

Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure**

Inhalation	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.

Components	Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	20 ml/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	50 mg/l, 8 Hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	948 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	1540 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not available.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Narcotic effects. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Respiratory tract irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components	Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	-0.24
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	0.81
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	0.46
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	0.29

Mobility in soil	No data available.

Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT	
UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone RQ = 25063 LBS, Acetone RQ = 12522 LBS)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	II

Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242

IATA

UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3H
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-E
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not available.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	LISTED
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	LISTED
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	LISTED
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes
	Delayed Hazard - No
	Fire Hazard - Yes
	Pressure Hazard - No
	Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 6714

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 6714

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	17-December-2014
Revision date	-
Version #	01
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0
Disclaimer	The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. HCC Holdings Inc. an Oatey Affiliate cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Hercules Dark Cutting Oil

Other means of identification

Product code 7336E

Synonyms Part Numbers: 40110, 40115, 40120, 40125, 40140

Recommended use Thread Cutting Oil

Recommended restrictions None Known

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company Name HCC Holdings, Inc. an Oatey Affiliate

Address 4700 West 160th Street
Cleveland, OH 44135

Telephone 216-267-7100

E-mail info@oatey.com

Transport Emergency Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)

Emergency First Aid 1-877-740-5015

Contact person MSDS Coordinator

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not Classified.

Health hazards Not Classified

OSHA defined hazards Not Classified.

Label elements

Hazard symbol None.

Signal word None

Hazard statement This product does not require any hazard statements.

Precautionary statement

Prevention This product does not require any precautionary statements.

Response This product does not require any precautionary statements.

Storage Not applicable.

Disposal Not applicable.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) Used Oil may contain harmful impurities. Contaminated surfaces will be extremely slippery.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	64742-53-6	70-80

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Skin contact Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting, and or diarrhea.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.	Immediate medical attention is not required.
General information	Note to physician, treat symptomatically.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases, oxides of sulfur and phosphorous (smoke). Carbon monoxide.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Specific methods	None
General fire hazards	None

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Large Spills: Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see section 1 of SDS for emergency contact information and section 13 of SDS for waste disposal. Small Spills: Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see section 1 of SDS for emergency contact information and section 13 of SDS for waste disposal.
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapors, mists or aerosols. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials to prevent fires. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8 of SDS). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of SDS) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Oil Mist, Mineral	TLV or PEL	5 mg/m ³

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits

Components	Type	Value

Biological limit values

Data Not available.

Appropriate engineering controls

No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.

Skin protection

Hand

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Other

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Thermal hazards

None.

General hygiene considerations

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid
Form	Liquid
Color	Dark brown
Odor	Slight hydrocarbon
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not applicable
Melting point/freezing point	No data available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not determined
Flash point	> 350 °F (> 177°C)
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit – lower (%)	Not available
Flammability limit – upper (%)	Not available
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available
Vapor pressure	Not applicable
Vapor density	Not applicable
Relative density	0.915
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Negligible
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	No information available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable

Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity, kinematic	35 – 42.5 mm ² /s @ 40 °C
Other information	
VOC (Weight %)	< 1% by Weight, < 10 g/L

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph..
Chemical stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reaction	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Extreme temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	Strong Oxidizing Agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Mist from processing.
Skin contact	Skin contact.
Eye contact	Eye contact.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
No specific data.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Acute Toxicity

Components	Species	Results
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic 64742-53-6	Rat	LD 50 Oral > 5000 mg/kg
	Rabbit	LD 50 Dermal > 2000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation	May cause skin irritation after prolonged exposure. Prolonged exposure or repeated exposure without proper cleaning can clog pores of the skin.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Expected to be slightly irritating.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	
Respiratory sensitization	Inhalation of vapors or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system.
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin irritation.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not considered a mutagenic hazard
Carcinogenicity	No component of this product is identified as a probable, possible, or confirmed carcinogen by IARC, NTP, Monographs, or OSHA.
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Specific target organ toxicity	
Single exposure	Not expected to be a hazard.
Repeated exposure	Not expected to be a hazard.
Aspiration Hazard	Contains Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated – Which is a category 1 Aspiration Hazard. The likely hood of aspirating the product in this form is very low due to the high viscosity.
Chronic effects	Not Classified.
Further information	Characteristic skin lesions (pimples) may develop following prolonged and repeated exposures (contact with contaminated clothing).

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Results	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LC 50 > 5000 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss ()	96 Hours
Naphthenic 64742-53-6	EC50 > 1000 mg/L	Daphnia magna	48 Hours

Hercules Dark Cutting Oil

SDS #7336E Version #: 01 Revision date: Issue date: 12-May-2015

SDS US

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Persistence and degradability	Not Available.
Bio accumulative potential	Not Available.
Mobility in soil	Liquid under most conditions. Floats on water. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.
Other adverse effects	No known significant effects of critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Local disposal regulations	Not Applicable
Hazardous waste code	Not Applicable

14. Transportation information

DOT	Not Regulated
UN number	
UN Proper Shipping Name	
Transportation Hazard classes	
Packing group	
IATA	Not Regulated
UN number	
UN Proper Shipping Name	
Transportation Hazard classes	
Packing group	
IMDG	Not Regulated
UN number	
UN Proper Shipping Name	
Transportation Hazard classes	
Packing group	
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories	All the substances contained in this product are listed or exempted from listing in the following inventories: U.S.A. (TSCA)

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	no
Chronic Health Hazard	no
Fire Hazard	no

Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard no
Reactive Hazard no

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

U.S. State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue Date 12-May-2015

Revision Date -

Version # 01

HMIS Rating Health: 1
Flammability: 1
Physical Hazards: 0

Disclaimer HCC Holdings Inc. an Oatey Affiliate cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Hercules Plumber's Caulk White, Almond/Bone, Biscuit/Linen

Other means of identification

Product code 7354E

Synonyms Part Numbers: 25605, 25615, 25631, 25636, 25641, 25641R, 35646

Recommended use Caulk and sealant for use around tubs, sinks and other plumbing applications.

Recommended restrictions Do not use on applications where product will be submerged under water.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company Name HCC Holdings, Inc. an Oatey Affiliate

Address 4700 West 160th Street
Cleveland, OH 44135

Telephone 216-267-7100

E-mail info@oatey.com

Transport Emergency Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)

Emergency First Aid 1-877-740-5015

Contact person MSDS Coordinator

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not Classified.

Health hazards Not Classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not Classified.

Label elements

Hazard symbol None.

Signal word None.

Hazard statement This material does not meet the criteria for classification

Precautionary statement

Prevention Not applicable.

Response Not applicable.

Storage Not applicable.

Disposal Not applicable.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) Uncured product is irritating to eyes, skin and respiratory system.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Plasticizer Polymer Additive	Trade Secret*	5 - 10
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	1 - 5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Skin contact Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get

Eye contact	medical attention if symptoms occur. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Skin or eye irritation.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.	Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
General information	Note to physician, treat symptomatically.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Use dry chemical, CO2, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	water jet
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Specific methods	None
General fire hazards	None

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Large Spills: Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see section 1 of SDS for emergency contact information and section 13 of SDS for waste disposal. Small Spills: Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see section 1 of SDS for emergency contact information and section 13 of SDS for waste disposal.
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8 of SDS). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of SDS) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	TWA	200 mg/m3

Biological limit values

No Biological limits.

Appropriate engineering controls

No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.

Skin protection

Hand

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Other

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Thermal hazards

None.

General hygiene considerations

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state

Solid.

Form

Paste

Color

White or Off-White.

Odor

Ammonia.

Odor threshold

Not available.

pH

7.7

Melting point/freezing point

Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Not determined

Flash point

> 199 °F (> 93.3 °C)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit – lower (%)

Not available

Flammability limit – upper (%)

Not available

Explosive limit - lower (%)

Not available

Explosive limit - upper (%)

Not available

Vapor pressure

Not applicable

Vapor density

Not applicable

Relative density

1.50

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water)

Not available

Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

Not available

Auto-ignition temperature

Not applicable

Decomposition temperature

Not available

Viscosity

Not available

Other information

VOC (Weight %)

1.4% or 37 g/L

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Stable under normal conditions.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reaction	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	No specific data.
Incompatible materials	No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	No specific data.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Acute Toxicity

Components	Species	Results
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not determined.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Not determined.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Not considered a respiratory irritant	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin irritation.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No specific data	
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Specific target organ toxicity		
Single exposure	Not Classified.	
Repeated exposure	Not Classified.	
Aspiration Hazard	Contains Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated – Which is a category 1 Aspiration Hazard. The likely hood of aspirating the product in this form is very low due to the high viscosity.	
Chronic effects	Not Classified.	
Further information		

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Results	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute LC50 2,900 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout, Donaldson trout	96 h
	Acute LC50 2,200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill	96 h

Persistence and degradability	Not Available.
Bio accumulative potential	Not Available.
Mobility in soil	Not available.
Other adverse effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Local disposal regulations	Not Applicable
Hazardous waste code	Not Applicable

14. Transportation information

DOT	Not Regulated
UN number	
UN Proper Shipping Name	
Transportation Hazard classes	
Packing group	
IATA	Not Regulated
UN number	
UN Proper Shipping Name	
Transportation Hazard classes	
Packing group	
IMDG	Not Regulated
UN number	
UN Proper Shipping Name	
Transportation Hazard classes	
Packing group	
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	

15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None required. TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed	
SARA 311/312		
Classification	Not applicable	
US state regulations		
California Prop 65	This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.	
Canada		
WHMIS (Canada)	Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).	
International regulations		
Country(s) or region	Inventory Name	On inventory list (yes/no)*
Canada	At least one component not listed in DSL, but all such components are listed in NDSL Domestic Substance List	Yes
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Not Determined
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Not Determined
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA 8b)	Yes

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue Date 12-May-2015

Revision Date -

Version # 01

HMIS Rating Health: 1
Flammability: 1

Physical Hazards: 0

Disclaimer HCC Holdings Inc. an Oatey Affiliate cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	HERCULES CLEAR, PURPLE, AND UNPURPLE PRIMER
Other means of identification	
SDS number	7402E
Synonyms	Part Numbers: Clear - 60453, 60458, 60460, 60465, 60470, Purple - 60403, 60413, 60415, 60420, 60425 Un-Purple - 60445, 60447
Recommended use	Joining PVC Pipes
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information	
Company Name	HCC Holdings, Inc. an Oatey Affiliate
Address	4700 West 160th Street Cleveland, OH 44135
Telephone	216-267-7100
E-mail	info@oatey.com
Transport Emergency	Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)
Emergency First Aid	1-877-740-5015
Contact person	MSDS Coordinator

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. May form explosive peroxides. Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected possible carcinogen.

Supplemental information
Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Acetone	67-64-1	30-60
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	15-40
Furan, Tetrahydro-	109-99-9	10-30
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	10-30

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

Environmental precautions

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3 1000 ppm
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	PEL	200 mg/m3 50 ppm
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	PEL	590 mg/m3 200 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	PEL	590 mg/m3 200 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm
	TWA	500 ppm
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm
	TWA	20 ppm
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	TWA	50 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3
		250 ppm
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	TWA	100 mg/m3
		25 ppm
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	735 mg/m3
		250 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	TWA	590 mg/m3
		200 ppm
	STEL	885 mg/m3
		300 ppm
	TWA	590 mg/m3
		200 ppm

Biological limit values**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	80 mg/l	1,2-Cyclohexanediol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
	8 mg/l	Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	2 mg/l	Tetrahydrofuran	Urine	*
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines**US - California OELs: Skin designation**

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Face shield is recommended. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Translucent.
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Clear. or Purple
Odor	Solvent.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	151 °F (66.11 °C)
Flash point	14.0 - 23.0 °F (-10.0 - -5.0 °C)
Evaporation rate	5.5 - 8
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	145 mm Hg @ 20 C
Vapor density	2.5
Relative density	0.82 - 0.86
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	< 100 cP
Other information	
Bulk density	7 lb/gal
VOC (Weight %)	505 g/l SQACMD Method 304

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics.

Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure**

Inhalation	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.

Components	Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	20 ml/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	50 mg/l, 8 Hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	948 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	1540 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not available.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Narcotic effects. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Respiratory tract irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components	Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	-0.24
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	0.81
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	0.46
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	0.29

Mobility in soil	No data available.

Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT	
UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone RQ = 25063 LBS, Acetone RQ = 12522 LBS)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	II

Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242

IATA

UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3H
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-E
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not available.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	LISTED
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	LISTED
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	LISTED
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes
	Delayed Hazard - No
	Fire Hazard - Yes
	Pressure Hazard - No
	Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 6714

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 6714

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	17-December-2014
Revision date	-
Version #	01
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0
Disclaimer	The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. HCC Holdings Inc. an Oatey Affiliate cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	HERCULES PVC CEMENT HEAVY BODY, SLOW SET CLEAR AND GRAY
Other means of identification	
SDS number	7102E
Synonyms	Part Numbers: CLEAR – 60155, 60160, 60165 GRAY – 60210, 60215, 60220, 60225
Recommended use	Joining PVC Pipes
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information	
Company Name	HCC Holdings, Inc. an Oatey Affiliate
Address	4700 West 160th Street Cleveland, OH 44135
Telephone	216-267-7100
E-mail	info@oatey.com
Transport Emergency	Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)
Emergency First Aid	1-877-740-5015
Contact person	MSDS Coordinator

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. May form explosive peroxides. Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected possible carcinogen.

Supplemental information

Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Furan, Tetrahydro-	109-99-9	30-60
2-Propanone	67-64-1	10-30
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	10-30
Polyvinyl chloride	9002-86-2	10-30
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	5-10
Colloidal silicon dioxide	112945-52-5	1-5

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors or mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

Environmental precautions**7. Handling and storage****Precautions for safe handling**

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Avoid contact with clothing. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**Occupational exposure limits****U.S. - OSHA**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Colloidal silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	Unspecified.
		20 mppcf	Unspecified.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Components	Type	Value
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	STEL	5 ppm
	TWA	1 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	PEL	200 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	PEL	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	PEL	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Colloidal silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3
		20 mppcf

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

U.S. - NIOSH

Components	Type	Value	Form
Colloidal silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)	REL	6 mg/m3	Unspecified.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3
		250 ppm
Colloidal silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	6 mg/m3
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	TWA	100 mg/m3
		25 ppm
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	735 mg/m3
		250 ppm
	TWA	590 mg/m3
		200 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	885 mg/m3
		300 ppm
	TWA	590 mg/m3
		200 ppm

Biological limit values**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	80 mg/l	1,2-Cyclohexanediol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
	8 mg/l	Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	2 mg/l	Tetrahydrofuran	Urine	*

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands after handling and before eating.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Opaque.or Translucent.

Physical state

Liquid.

Form

Liquid.

Color

Gray or Clear.

Odor

Solvent.

Odor threshold

Not available.

pH

Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range

151 °F (66.11 °C)

Flash point

14.0 - 23.0 °F (-10.0 - -5.0 °C)

Evaporation rate

5.5 - 8

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)

Not available.

Flammability limit - upper (%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	145 mm Hg @ 20 C
Vapor density	2.5
Relative density	0.88 - 0.92
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Negligible
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	1200 - 2500 cP
Other information	
Bulk density	7.5 lb/gal
VOC (Weight %)	481 g/l SQACMD Method 304

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause irritation to the respiratory system.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.

Components	Species	Test Results
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	948 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	1540 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization**Respiratory sensitization** Not available.**Skin sensitization** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.**Germ cell mutagenicity** No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer. In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure. This product contains polyvinyl chloride (PVC) that is not a fabricated product, and is therefore, defined and regulated as a toxic and hazardous substance under 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1017 due to the presumed presence of residual vinyl chloride monomer. The concentrations of residual vinyl chloride calculated to be contained in this product are well below the threshold for classification in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1200.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Colloidal silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2) Cancer

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure** Respiratory tract irritation. Narcotic effects.**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure** Not classified.**Aspiration hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.**Chronic effects** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.**12. Ecological information****Ecotoxicity** The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components	Species	Test Results
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.**Bioaccumulative potential** No data available.**Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1) -0.24

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) 0.81

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) 0.46

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 0.29

Mobility in soil No data available.**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.**13. Disposal considerations****Disposal instructions** Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.**Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	UN1133
UN proper shipping name	Adhesives
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	II
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	T11, TP1, TP8, TP27
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	201
Packaging bulk	243

IATA

UN number	UN1133
UN proper shipping name	Adhesives
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number	UN1133
UN proper shipping name	ADHESIVES
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-D
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not available.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	Cancer
	Central nervous system
	Liver
	Blood
	Flammability

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1)	LISTED
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	LISTED
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	LISTED
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes
	Delayed Hazard - No
	Fire Hazard - Yes
	Pressure Hazard - No
	Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1)	6532
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	6714

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1)	35 %WV
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1)	6532
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	6714

US state regulations**US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1)
Colloidal silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1)
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1)
Colloidal silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. Rhode Island RTK

2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1)
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. This product contains trace amounts of chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer. Under normal use conditions, exposure to these chemicals at levels above the State of California "No significant Risk Level" (NSRL) are unlikely. The use of proper personal protective equipment (PPE) and ventilation guidelines noted in Section 8 will minimize exposure levels to these chemicals.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	04-August-2014
Revision date	15-December-2014
Version #	02
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0
Disclaimer	The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	HERCULES PVC Cement Clear Medium Body, Medium Set
Other means of identification	
Product code	MSDS #92
Synonyms	Part Numbers: 60003, 60013, 60015, 60020, 60025 Export Part Numbers: 60003E, 60013E, 60015E, 60020E, 60025E
Recommended use	Joining PVC Pipes
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information	
Company Name	HCC Holdings, Inc. an Oatey Affiliate
Address	4700 West 160th Street Cleveland, OH 44135
Telephone	216-267-7100
E-mail	info@oatey.com
Transport Emergency	Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)
Emergency First Aid	1-877-740-5015
Contact person	MSDS Coordinator

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. May form explosive peroxides. Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected possible carcinogen.
Supplemental information	Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Furan, Tetrahydro-	109-99-9	40-60
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	10-25
Polyvinyl chloride	9002-86-2	10-20
Acetone	67-64-1	7-15
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	5-15
Silica, amorphous, fumed	112945-52-5	1-5

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Components	Type	Value
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	STEL	5 ppm
	TWA	1 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	PEL	200 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	PEL	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	PEL	590 mg/m3	

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	PEL	200 ppm	Respirable fraction.
		5 mg/m3	
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Silica, amorphous, fumed (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3
		20 mppcf

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	Respirable fraction.
	TWA	500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	TWA	1 mg/m3	
	TWA	1 mg/m3	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3
		250 ppm
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	TWA	100 mg/m3
		25 ppm
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	735 mg/m3
		250 ppm
	TWA	590 mg/m3
		200 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	885 mg/m3
		300 ppm
	TWA	590 mg/m3
		200 ppm
Silica, amorphous, fumed (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	6 mg/m3
		6 mg/m3

Biological limit values**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	80 mg/l	1,2-Cyclohexanediol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
	8 mg/l	Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	2 mg/l	Tetrahydrofuran	Urine	*
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face shield is recommended. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state

Liquid.

Form

Transparent liquid.

Color

Clear.

Odor

Solvent.

Odor threshold

Not available.

pH

Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range

151 °F (66.11 °C)

Flash point

6.0 °F (-14.4 °C) Based on THF

Evaporation rate

7 - 11

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)

1.8

Flammability limit - upper (%)	11.8
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	143 mm Hg @ 20 C
Vapor density	2 - 2.5
Relative density	0.91 +/- 0.02
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Negligible
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	80 - 500 cP
Other information	
Bulk density	7.6 lb/gal
VOC (Weight %)	484 g/l SCAQMD 1168/M316A

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.

Components	Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	20 ml/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	50 mg/l, 8 Hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	948 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	1540 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not available.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Silica, amorphous, fumed (CAS 112945-52-5) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2) Cancer

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Narcotic effects. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Respiratory tract irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Not classified.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components	Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	-0.24
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	0.81
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	0.46
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	0.29

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone RQ = 32446 LBS, Acetone RQ = 37147 LBS)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	II
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242

IATA

UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3H
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-E
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not available.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	Cancer
	Central nervous system
	Liver
	Blood
	Flammability

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	LISTED
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	LISTED
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	LISTED
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes
	Delayed Hazard - No
	Fire Hazard - Yes
	Pressure Hazard - No
	Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)
Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	6532
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	6714

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	35 %WV
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	6532
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	6714

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)
Silica, amorphous, fumed (CAS 112945-52-5)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)
Silica, amorphous, fumed (CAS 112945-52-5)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 27-May-2015
Revision date -
Version # 01
HMIS® ratings Health: 2
Flammability: 3
Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings**Disclaimer**

The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. HCC Holdings Inc. an Oatey Affiliate cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.

1 Identification

- **Product identifier**
- **Trade name:** Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD
- **Container size:** 330 ml, 500 ml
- **Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**
- **Sector of Use** Building and construction work
- **Application of the substance / the mixture** Adhesive mortar for rebar and anchor fastenings in solid concrete
- **Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**
- **Manufacturer/Supplier:**
Hilti, Inc.
5400 South 122nd East Ave.
US-Tulsa, OK 74146
Phone: (800) 879-8000
Fax: (800) 879-7000
Español: (800) 879-5000
- **Information department:**
anchor.hse@hilti.com
see section 16
- **Emergency telephone number:**
Chem-Trec
Tel.: 1 800 424 9300 (USA, PR, Virgin Islands, Canada)
Tel.: 703 527 3887 (Other countries)

2 Hazard(s) identification

- **Classification of the substance or mixture**
Skin Corr. 1A H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.
Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

- **Label elements**

- **GHS label elements** The product is classified and labeled according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

- **Hazard pictograms**



GHS05

GHS07

GHS09

- **Signal word** Danger

- **Hazard-determining components of labeling:**

m-Xylylenediamine

reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin
(number average molecular weight = 700)

Reaction product: bisphenol-F epichlorhydrin resin, MW ≤ 700

- **Hazard statements**

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- **Precautionary statements**

P260 Do not breathe vapours.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

(Contd. on page 2)

Trade name: Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

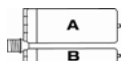
(Contd. of page 1)

- Classification system
- NFPA ratings (scale 0-4)



Health = 3
Fire = 1
Reactivity = 0

- Other hazards
- Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- PBT: Not applicable.
- vPvB: Not applicable.
- Additional information:



Hilti HIT

- Information pertaining to particular dangers for man and environment: A

H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- Information pertaining to particular dangers for man and environment: B

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

- Chemical characterization: Mixtures

- Description:

2-component-foilpack, contains:

Component A: Epoxy resin, Reactive diluent, inorganic filler

Component B: Amine hardener, inorganic filler

Mixture of the substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

- Dangerous components: .

- Dangerous components A:

25068-38-6	reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight = 700)	25-50%
28064-14-4	Reaction product: bisphenol-F epichlorhydrin resin, MW ≤ 700	10-30%
16096-31-4	1,6-bis(2,3-epoxypropoxy)hexane	10-25%
30499-70-8	Trimethylolpropane, (chloromethyl)oxirane polymer	2.5-10%
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO ₂)	25-50%

- Dangerous components B:

1477-55-0	m-Xylylenediamine	25-40%
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO ₂)	15-30%
1344-28-1	aluminium oxide	5-10%

- Additional information For the wording of the listed risk phrases refer to section 16.

4 First-aid measures

- Description of first aid measures

- General information Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

- After inhalation

Take affected persons into fresh air and keep quiet.

Seek medical treatment in case of complaints.

- After skin contact Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

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- **After eye contact**
Call a doctor immediately.
Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water.
Protect unharmed eye.
- **After swallowing**
Do not induce vomiting; immediately call for medical help.
Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.
- **Information for doctor**
- **Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed** Allergic reactions
- **Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**
No further relevant information available.

5 Fire-fighting measures

- **Extinguishing media**
- **Suitable extinguishing agents**
CO₂, extinguishing powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.
- **For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents** Water with full jet.
- **Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**
In case of fire, the following can be released:
Nitrogen oxides (NO_x)
Carbon monoxide (CO)
In certain fire conditions, traces of other toxic gases cannot be excluded.
- **Advice for firefighters**
- **Protective equipment:** Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.
- **Additional information**
Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

6 Accidental release measures

- **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.
Wear protective clothing.
Ensure adequate ventilation
- **Environmental precautions:**
Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course.
Do not allow to penetrate the ground/soil.
- **Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:**
Pick up mechanically.
Clean the affected area carefully; suitable cleaners are:
organic solvent
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.
- **Reference to other sections**
See Section 7 for information on safe handling
See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.
See Section 13 for disposal information.

7 Handling and storage

- **Handling**
- **Precautions for safe handling**
The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed.
Use only in well ventilated areas.
Take note of emission threshold.
Check the expiry date: see imprint on manifold (month/year). Do not use expired mortar!
- **Information about protection against explosions and fires:** Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.
- **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**
- **Storage**
- **Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:**
Keep in a cool, dry and dark place; 41 °F / 5 °C to 77 °F / 25 °C.
- **Information about storage in one common storage facility:** Store away from foodstuffs.

(Contd. on page 4)

Trade name: Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

(Contd. of page 3)

- **Further information about storage conditions:** Protect from heat and direct sunlight.
- **Storage class** As per VCI (1991) storage classification concept.
- **Specific end use(s)** Adhesive mortar for rebar and anchor fastenings in solid concrete

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

- **Control parameters**
- **Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:**
The product has a pasty consistency. Exposure limit values for respirable dusts are not relevant for this product.

1477-55-0 m-Xylylenediamine (25-50%)

REL	Short-term value: C 0.1 mg/m ³ Skin
TLV	Short-term value: C 0.1 mg/m ³ Skin

- **Additional information:** The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis.
- **Exposure controls**
- **Personal protective equipment**
- **General protective and hygienic measures**
The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed.
Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working.
Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.
Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.
Clean skin thoroughly immediately after handling the product.
Ensure that washing facilities are available at the work place.
Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.
Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing
Store protective clothing separately.
Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.
Use skin protection cream for skin protection.
Do not carry product impregnated cleaning cloths in trouser pockets.
- **Breathing equipment:**
Not necessary if room is well-ventilated.
In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use respiratory protective device that is independent of circulating air.
- **Recommended filter device for short term use:** Filter AX
- **Protection of hands:**



Protective gloves.

Only use chemical-protective gloves with CE-labeling of category III.
EN 374

Avoid direct contact with the chemical/ the product/ the preparation by organizational measures.
The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

- **Material of gloves**

Nitrile rubber, NBR

Recommended thickness of the material: ≥ 0.4 mm

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

- **Penetration time of glove material**

Value for the permeation: Level 6 (> 480 min)

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

- **As protection from splashes gloves made of the following materials are suitable:** Nitrile rubber, NBR

- **Not suitable are gloves made of the following materials:**

Natural rubber, NR
Leather gloves
Strong gloves

(Contd. on page 5)

US EN

Trade name: Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

(Contd. of page 4)

· Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles.

 Gauze goggles
 Face protection
 EN 166 / EN 170

· Body protection:



Protective work clothing.

9 Physical and chemical properties

· Information on basic physical and chemical properties

· General Information

· Appearance:

Form: Pasty
Color: Component A: grey
 Component B: red
 Mixture: red
Odor: Amine-like
Odour threshold: Not determined

pH-value: Component A: 7
 Component B: 11,5
 Mixture: 11,5
 Not applicable.

· Change in condition

Melting point/Melting range: Not determined.
Boiling point/Boiling range: > 200 °C (> 392 °F)

· **Flash point:** >100 °C (>212 °F) (DIN EN ISO 1523)

· **Flammability (solid, gaseous)** Not determined

· **Ignition temperature:** Not determined

· **Decomposition temperature:** Not determined

· **Auto igniting:** Product is not selfigniting.

· **Danger of explosion:** Product does not present an explosion hazard.

· Explosion limits:

Lower: Not determined
Upper: Not determined

· **Vapor pressure at 20 °C (68 °F):** 0.04 hPa

Density: Component A: 1.5 g/cm³ (DIN 51757)
 Component B: 1.4 g/cm³ (DIN 51757)

Not determined

· **Relative density**

Not determined

· **Vapour density**

Not determined

· **Solubility in / Miscibility with**

Water: Insoluble

· **Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):** Not determined

· Viscosity:

dynamic at 20 °C (68 °F): 50 Pa.s (DIN 53019)

kinematic at 20 °C (68 °F): >20 s (ISO 2431)

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· Solvent separation test	Not determined
· Solvent content:	
Organic solvents:	0 %
Water:	0 %
· Other information	No further relevant information available.

10 Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity
- Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions: No dangerous reactions known
- Conditions to avoid: No further relevant information available.
- Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- Hazardous decomposition products: No dangerous decomposition products known

11 Toxicological information

· Information on toxicological effects

· Acute toxicity:

· LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:

1477-55-0 m-Xylylenediamine

Oral	LD50	1040 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	2000 mg/kg (rabbit)
Inhalative	LC50/4h	2.4 mg/l (rat)

· Primary irritant effect:

· on the skin: Strong caustic effect on skin and mucous membranes.

· on the eye:

Strong caustic effect.

Strong irritant with the danger of severe eye injury.

· Sensitization: Sensitization possible through skin contact.

· Additional toxicological information:

The product shows the following dangers according to the calculation method of the General EU Classification Guidelines for Preparations as issued in the latest version:

Harmful

Corrosive

Irritant

· Carcinogenic categories

· NTP (National Toxicology Program)

14808-60-7 | Quartz (SiO₂)

K

12 Ecological information

· Toxicity

· Aquatic toxicity:

25068-38-6 reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight = 700)

EC50/48h	9.4 mg/l (Algae)
	1.7 mg/l (magna daphnia)
EC50/96h	1.2 mg/l (fish)

28064-14-4 Reaction product: bisphenol-F epichlorhydrin resin, MW ≤ 700

EC50/48h	9.4 mg/l (Algae)
	1.7 mg/l (magna daphnia)
EC50/96h	1.5 mg/l (fish)

(Contd. on page 7)

Trade name: Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

(Contd. of page 6)

1477-55-0 m-Xylylenediamine

EC50/48h	12 mg/l (Algae)
	15.2 mg/l (magna daphnia)
EC50/96h	75 mg/l (fish)

16096-31-4 1,6-bis(2,3-epoxypropoxy)hexane

EC50/48h	23.1 mg/l (Algae)
	39 mg/l (magna daphnia)
EC50/96h	17.1 mg/l (fish)

- **Persistence and degradability** No further relevant information available.
- **Behavior in environmental systems:**
- **Bioaccumulative potential** No further relevant information available.
- **Mobility in soil** No further relevant information available.
- **Ecotoxic effects:**
- **Remark:** Toxic for fish
- **Additional ecological information:**
- **According to the formulation contains the following heavy metals and compounds from the EU guideline NO. 2006/11/EC:**
None
- **General notes:**
Avoid transfer into the environment.
The product contains materials that are harmful to the environment.
Also poisonous for fish and plankton in water bodies.
Toxic for aquatic organisms
Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for water.
- **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**
- **PBT:** Not applicable.
- **vPvB:** Not applicable.
- **Other adverse effects** No further relevant information available.

13 Disposal considerations

- **Waste treatment methods**
- **Recommendation**
Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.
Hand over to hazardous waste disposers.
Full or only partially emptied cartridges must be disposed of as special waste in accordance with official regulations.

· European waste catalogue:

08 04 09*	waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
20 01 27*	paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing dangerous substances

- **Uncleaned packagings:**
- **Recommendation:**
Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
Dispose of packaging according to regulations on the disposal of packagings.

14 Transport information

- **UN-Number**
- **ADR, IMDG, IATA** UN3259
- **UN proper shipping name**
- **ADR, IMDG, IATA** AMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (m-Xylylenediamine)
- **Transport hazard class(es)**
- **DOT**
- **Class** 8 Corrosive substances
- **ADR, IMDG, IATA**
- **Class** 8 Corrosive substances
- **Label** 8

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· Packing group	II
· ADR, IMDG, IATA	
· Environmental hazards:	Not applicable.
· Special precautions for user	Warning: Corrosive substances
· EMS Number:	F-A,S-B
· Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	
· IMDG	
· Limited quantities (LQ)	1 kg
· IATA	
· Remarks:	Packing Instruction No.: 859
· UN "Model Regulation":	UN3259 AMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (m-Xylylenediamine), 8, II
· HS-Code:	3214 10 10: Glaziers' putty, grafting putty, resin cements, caulking compounds and other mastics

15 Regulatory information

· Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

· Section 355 (Extremely hazardous substances):

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

1344-28-1 | aluminium oxide

· TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

All ingredients are listed.

· Proposition 65:

· Chemicals known to cause cancer:

14808-60-7 | Quartz (SiO₂)

· Cancerogenity categories

· EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· TLV (Threshold Limit Value established by ACGIH)

14808-60-7 | Quartz (SiO₂)

A2

1344-28-1 | aluminium oxide

A4

· MAK (German Maximum Workplace Concentration)

14808-60-7 | Quartz (SiO₂)

1

1344-28-1 | aluminium oxide

2

· NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

14808-60-7 | Quartz (SiO₂)

· National regulations

· Information about limitation of use: Employment restrictions concerning young persons must be observed.

· Chemical safety assessment: not required.

16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Relevant phrases H318 Causes serious eye damage.

· Department issuing SDS:

Hilti Entwicklungsgesellschaft mbH

Hiltistrasse 6

D-86916 Kaufering

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US EN



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Version number 8

Reviewed on 05/18/2015

Trade name: Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD

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Tel.: +49 8191 906310

Fax: +49 8191 90176310

e-mail: anchor.hse@hilti.com

· **Contact:** Mechthild Krauter· **Date of preparation / last revision** 05/18/2015 / 7· **Abbreviations and acronyms:**

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

DOT: US Department of Transportation

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation, Hazard Category 1A

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard Category 1

Skin Sens. 1: Sensitisation - Skin, Hazard Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard, Category 2

· *** Data compared to the previous version altered.**

US EN

Hydrogen, compressed

Safety Data Sheet P-4604

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980

Revision date: 06/03/2015

Supersedes: 04/28/2015

SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance
Name : Hydrogen, compressed
CAS No : 1333-74-0
Formula : H₂
Other means of identification : Dihydrogen, parahydrogen, refrigerant gas R702, water gas

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use. Use as directed.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.
39 Old Ridgebury Road
Danbury, CT 06810-5113 - USA
T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146
www.praxair.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week
— Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887
(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Flam. Gas 1 H220
Compressed gas H280

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS02

GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) :

DANGER

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :

H220 - EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS
H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED
OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.
CGA-HG04 - MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR
CGA-HG08 - BURNS WITH INVISIBLE FLAME.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P210 - Keep away from Heat, Open flames, Sparks, Hot surfaces. - No smoking
P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.
P377 - Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely
P381 - Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so
CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.
CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure.
CGA-PG12 - Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.
CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty.
CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

Hydrogen, compressed

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2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : None.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Name : Hydrogen, compressed
CAS No : 1333-74-0

Name	Product identifier	%
Hydrogen	(CAS No) 1333-74-0	99.5 - 100

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Immediately remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, qualified personnel may give oxygen. Call a physician.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an ophthalmologist immediately. Get immediate medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, water spray, fog.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. The hydrogen flame is nearly invisible. Hydrogen has a low ignition energy; escaping hydrogen gas may ignite spontaneously. A fireball forms if the gas cloud ignites immediately after release. Hydrogen forms explosive mixtures with air and oxidizing agents.

Explosion hazard : EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. Forms explosive mixtures with air and oxidizing agents.

Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described below.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : If venting or leaking gas catches fire, do not extinguish flames. Flammable vapors may spread from leak, creating an explosive reignition hazard. Vapors can be ignited by pilot lights, other flames, smoking, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from product handling point. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering an area, especially a confined area, check the atmosphere with an appropriate device.

Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.

Protection during firefighting : Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.

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Special protective equipment for fire fighters	: Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
Specific methods	: Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.
	Stop flow of product if safe to do so.
	Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: DANGER: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. Forms explosive mixtures with air and oxidizing agents. See section 5. Evacuate personnel to a safe area. Appropriate self-contained breathing apparatus may be required. Approach suspected leak area with caution. Remove all sources of ignition. If safe to do so. Reduce gas with fog or fine water spray. Stop flow of product if safe to do so. Ventilate area or move container to a well-ventilated area. Flammable gas may spread from leak. Before entering the area, especially a confined area, check the atmosphere with an appropriate device.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water pollution. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only explosion-proof equipment.
	Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post "No Smoking or Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g., NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Hydrogen, compressed (1333-74-0)		
ACGIH	Not established	
USA OSHA	Not established	
Hydrogen (1333-74-0)		
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Simple asphyxiant
USA OSHA	Not established	

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use an explosion-proof local exhaust system. Local exhaust and general ventilation must be adequate to meet exposure standards. MECHANICAL (GENERAL): **Inadequate - Use only in a closed system.** Use explosion proof equipment and lighting.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Respiratory protection : An air-supplied respirator must be used while working with this product in confined spaces. The respiratory protection used must conform with OSHA rules as specified in 29 CFR 1910.134. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2.

Thermal hazard protection : None necessary.

Other information : Consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing. Wear safety shoes while handling containers.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas

Appearance : Colorless gas.

Molecular mass : 2 g/mol

Color : Colorless.

Odor : Odorless.

Odor threshold : No data available

pH : Not applicable.

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available

Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) : Not applicable.

Melting point : -259.2 °C (-434.56°F)

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Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: -252.9 °C (-422.97°F)
Flash point	: No data available
Critical temperature	: -239.9 °C (-399.82°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: 566 °C (1051°F)
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: Not applicable.
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 0.089 g/l (0.0056 lb/ft ³) (at STP = 0°C and 1atm)
Relative gas density	: 0.07
Solubility	: Water: 1.6 mg/l
Log Pow	: Not applicable.
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.
Explosion limits	: 4 - 77 vol %

9.2. Other information

Gas group	: Compressed gas
Additional information	: BURNS WITH INVISIBLE FLAME.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described below.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Can form explosive mixture with air. May react violently with oxidants.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents. Lithium. Halogens.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Not classified

Hydrogen, compressed (1f)1333-74-0

LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	> 15000 ppm/1h

Hydrogen (1333-74-0)

LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	> 15000 ppm/1h

Hydrogen, compressed

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Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hydrogen, compressed (1333-74-0)

Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

Hydrogen (1333-74-0)

Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Hydrogen, compressed (1333-74-0)

BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

Hydrogen (1333-74-0)

BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Hydrogen, compressed (1333-74-0)

Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.

Hydrogen (1333-74-0)

Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : None.

Effect on the global warming : No known effects from this product.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

Hydrogen, compressed

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SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1049 Hydrogen, compressed, 2.1
UN-No.(DOT) : UN1049
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Hydrogen, compressed
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 2.1 - Class 2.1 - Flammable gas 49 CFR 173.115
Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.1 - Flammable gas



DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : N89 - When steel UN pressure receptacles are used, only those bearing the "H" mark are authorized.

Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 115 (UN1049)
Other information : No supplementary information available.
Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1049
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : HYDROGEN, COMPRESSED
Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases
MFAG-No : 115

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1049
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Hydrogen, compressed
Class (IATA) : 2
Civil Aeronautics Law : Gases under pressure/Gases flammable under pressure

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Hydrogen, compressed (1333-74-0)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Sudden release of pressure hazard Fire hazard

All components of this product are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

This product or mixture does not contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

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Hydrogen, compressed (1333-74-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Hydrogen (1333-74-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

Hydrogen, compressed (1333-74-0)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

15.2.2. National regulations

Hydrogen, compressed (1333-74-0)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

15.3. US State regulations

Hydrogen, compressed(1333-74-0)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive harm

Hydrogen (1333-74-0)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Hydrogen (1333-74-0)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

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Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

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NFPA health hazard

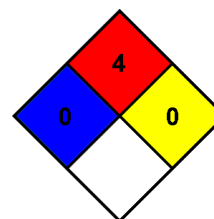
: 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

NFPA fire hazard

: 4 - Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal pressure and temperature, or is readily dispersed in air and will burn readily.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



HMIS III Rating

Health : 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health

Flammability : 4 Severe Hazard

Physical : 3 Serious Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture
Product name : Liqui-Vac
Product code : 4036

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Imperial Tools
6442 Route 242 E.
Ellicottville, NY 14731
T: 716-699-2031
www.imperial-tools.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

No additional information available

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Flam. Liq. 3	H226 -	Flammable liquid and vapour
Carc. 1B	H350 -	May cause cancer

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS02

GHS08

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor
H350 - May cause cancer

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking
P233 - Keep container tightly closed
P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use Foam, carbon dioxide (CO2) and powder to extinguish
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool
P405 - Store locked up
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

Liqui-Vac Clear Sealer

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according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
heptan-2-one	(CAS No) 110-43-0	30 - 40	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332
DOP	(CAS No) 117-81-7	1 - 5	Carc. 1B, H350

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
- First-aid measures after inhalation : Allow victim to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persist.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : Flammable liquid and vapor.
- Explosion hazard : May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
- Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- General measures : Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No open flames. No smoking.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

- Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
- Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

Liqui-Vac Clear Sealer

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according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Additional hazards when processed : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
- Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No open flames. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.
- Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Keep container tightly closed.
- Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids.
- Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

heptan-2-one (110-43-0)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	50 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Eye & skin irr
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	465 mg/m ³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm

DOP (117-81-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	LRT irr
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³

8.2. Exposure controls

- Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure.
- Hand protection : Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection protective gloves.
- Eye protection : Chemical goggles or safety glasses.
- Respiratory protection : Wear appropriate mask.
- Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- Physical state : Liquid
- Color : Colorless
- Odor : characteristic
- Odor threshold : No data available
- pH : No data available
- Melting point : No data available
- Freezing point : No data available
- Boiling point : No data available
- Flash point : 102 °F
- Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available
- Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available
- Explosion limits : No data available

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Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Specific gravity / density	: 7.92 lb/gal
Solubility	: Water: Solubility in water of component(s) of the mixture : • : 0.421 g/100ml
Log Pow	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Overheating. Heat. Sparks.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

heptan-2-one (110-43-0)	
LD50 oral rat	1670 mg/kg (Rat; Experimental value; 1600 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat)
LD50 dermal rat	10300 mg/kg (Rat; Experimental value; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity; >2000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	14 mg/l/4h (Rat; Experimental value; >16.7 mg/l/4h; Rat)
ATE US (oral)	1670.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	10300.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	14.000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.500 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer .

DOP (117-81-7)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	3 - Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen

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Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

heptan-2-one (110-43-0)	
LC50 fish 1	131 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas; Lethal)
EC50 Daphnia 1	124 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia sp.; QSAR)
EC50 Daphnia 2	> 90.1 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna; GLP)
Threshold limit algae 1	77 mg/l (72 h; Algae)
Threshold limit algae 2	98.2 mg/l (72 h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata; Growth rate)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Liqui-Vac	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
heptan-2-one (110-43-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Highly mobile in soil. Not established.
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.44 % ThOD

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Liqui-Vac	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
heptan-2-one (110-43-0)	
Log Pow	2.26 (Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Not established.

12.4. Mobility in soil

heptan-2-one (110-43-0)	
Surface tension	0.0591 N/m (21.6 °C)

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the global warming	: No known ecological damage caused by this product.
Other information	: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Additional information	: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT	
Transport document description	: UN1263 Paint (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac solutions, varnish, polish, liquid filler, and liquid lacquer base), 3, III
UN-No.(DOT)	: UN1263

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Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Paint including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac solutions, varnish, polish, liquid filler, and liquid lacquer base
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT)	: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 3 - Flammable liquid
	
Packing group (DOT)	: III - Minor Danger
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 173
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 242
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: B1 - If the material has a flash point at or above 38 C (100 F) and below 93 C (200 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.241 of this subchapter are applicable. If the material has a flash point of less than 38 C (100 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.242 of this subchapter are applicable. B52 - Notwithstanding the provisions of 173.24b of this subchapter, non-reclosing pressure relief devices are authorized on DOT 57 portable tanks. IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672). T2 - 1.5 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = $97 / 1 + a (tr - tf)$ Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling. TP29 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150.0 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 1.5 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous materials, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 150
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 60 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 220 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
Other information	: No supplementary information available.

TDG

No additional information available

Transport by sea

No additional information available

Air transport

No additional information available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

heptan-2-one (110-43-0)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
DOP (117-81-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	100 lb

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15.2. International regulations

CANADA

No additional information available

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

DOP (117-81-7)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)

15.3. US State regulations

heptan-2-one (110-43-0)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

DOP (117-81-7)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H350	May cause cancer

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1: Product and Company Identification

Product Name: LUBRI-JOINT® Water Dispersible Gasket Lubricant

Product Code: 78713

Product Use: Lubricant for rubber gaskets. Suitable for all types of pipelines, including PVC and soil pipe.

Supplier: LA-CO Industries, Inc.
1201 Pratt Boulevard
Elk Grove Village, IL.
60007-5746
E-mail Contact: customer_service@laco.com

Phone: (847) 956-7600

Fax: (847) 956-9885

24-hour Emergency: CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300

Section 2: Hazards Identification

Protective Clothing	GHS Classification	WHMIS (Canada)	Transport
Not Required for Normal Use	Not classified as a hazardous chemical	 Not controlled	Not Regulated

Emergency Overview: Non-hazardous. Used in potable water supply systems, certified to NSF/ANSI Standard 61-G.

Appearance, Color and Odor: off-white paste, bland odor.

USA: This product is not a hazardous material as defined by 29 CFR1910.1200, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

Canada: This is not a controlled product under WHMIS.

European Union (EU): This product is not classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Potential Health Effects

ACUTE (short term):

Relevant Route(s) of Exposure: Skin contact.

Inhalation: Exposure to hazardous substances by inhalation is not expected with normal use.

Ingestion: Not an expected route of occupational exposure. Acute oral toxicity of the component substances is low. Swallowing large amounts of the product may cause nausea and diarrhea.

Skin: Prolonged skin contact may cause mild skin irritation.

Eye: Not an expected route of occupational exposure. Paste may cause mild irritation with direct eye contact.

CHRONIC (long term): see Section 11 for additional toxicological data

Long-term health effects are not expected with normal use.
Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause mild skin irritation.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Not available

Interactions With Other Chemicals: Not available

Potential Environmental Effects: Not available

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Wt. %	EINECS / ELINCS	Symbol	Risk Phrases
No hazardous/dangerous ingredients by OSHA, WHMIS and EU criteria					

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Inhalation:	If symptoms are experienced remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air and obtain medical advice.
Eye Contact:	No effects expected. If irritation occurs, flush contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes. If irritation persists, obtain medical advice.
Skin Contact:	No health effects expected. If irritation does occur, flush with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes. If irritation persists, obtain medical advice.
Ingestion:	If irritation or discomfort occurs, obtain medical advice immediately.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

Flammable Properties:	Product will burn if involved in a fire. Flashpoint: >104°C (>220°F)
Suitable extinguishing Media:	For small fires, use water spray, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or alcohol-resistant foam. For large fires, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam or polymer foam. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers.
Unsuitable extinguishing Media:	Do not use water jet on hot, molten product.
Explosion Data:	
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact:	Not applicable
Sensitivity to Static Discharge:	Not applicable
Specific Hazards arising from the Chemical:	If involved in a fire, combustion may produce toxic and irritating fumes and gases.
Protective Equipment and precautions for firefighters:	Self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing should be worn. Remove all unprotected personnel.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions:	Wear protective gloves to prevent skin contact. Contaminated gloves and clothing should be washed before re-use.
Environmental Precautions:	Prevent the product from entering sewers or waterways.
Methods for Containment:	Not applicable
Methods for Clean-up:	Pick up spilled product and collect for re-use or proper disposal. Dispose of any contaminated, unusable product as described in Section 13 of this SDS.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Handling:	Keep out of reach of children. Avoid breathing any fumes from thermal decomposition. Do not ingest.
Storage:	Store out of direct sunlight and away from heat, flames and ignition sources. Keep container closed when not in use.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Exposure Guidelines

Measurable airborne concentrations of the component substances are not expected when the product is used for its intended purpose.

Exposure Controls

Engineering Controls: Not required for normal use.

Personal Protection: Wear protective equipment appropriate for the workplace conditions where this product is used.

Eye/Face Protection: Not required for normal use. Wear safety glasses or goggles when needed to prevent eye contact.

Skin Protection: Not required for normal use. Wear gloves when needed to prevent repeated or prolonged contact.

Respiratory Protection: Not required for normal use

General Hygiene Measures: Avoid contact with the skin. Keep out of reach of children. Wash hands at the end of every work shift and before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State:	Semi-solid	Flash Point & method:	>104°C (>220°F)
Appearance, Color and Odor:	Off-white paste, bland odor	Autoignition Temperature:	Not available
Odor Threshold:	Not available	Flammability Limits in Air:	Not available
pH:	8.95 – 9.5	Vapor Pressure:	Not applicable
Relative density (water = 1):	1.26 Bulk density: 10.5 lbs/gal.	Vapor Density (Air = 1):	Not applicable
Partition coefficient:	Not available	Evaporation Rate:	Not applicable
Solubility:	Completely dispersible in water.	Boiling Point/Range:	>104°C (220°F)
Viscosity:	Viscous paste	Freezing Point:	<0°C (32°F)
Decomposition Temperature:	Not available	VOC Content:	33%

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable at normal room temperature.

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

Incompatible Materials: Not available

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Combustion or heating to decomposition may release irritating and toxic fumes.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Not applicable

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity Data

Acute toxicity data are not available for the product. Acute toxicity of the component substances is low.

Other Toxicity Data**Carcinogenicity:**

Normal use of this product will not result in exposure to any component that is considered a human carcinogen by IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer), ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, OSHA or NTP (National Toxicology Program).

Irritation:

No data available. Contains a biodegradable soap component. Soaps can cause mild, reversible irritation to eyes and skin.

Corrosivity:

Not applicable

Sensitization:

Not applicable

Neurological Effects:

Not applicable

Genetic Effects:

Not applicable

Reproductive Effects:

Not applicable

Developmental Effects:

Not applicable

Target Organ Effects:

Not applicable

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity:

Not available

Persistence/Degradability:

Biodegradable soap product.

Bioaccumulation/Accumulation:

Not available

Mobility:

Completely dispersible in water.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal Method:

Do NOT dump into any sewers, on the ground or into any body of water. Store material for disposal as indicated in Section 7 Handling and Storage. The conditions of use, storage and disposal of this product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, LA-CO Industries, Inc. does not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of this product.

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with relevant EU Directives and national, regional and local environmental control regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information:

U.S. Hazardous Materials Regulation (DOT 49CFR): Not regulated

Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG): Not regulated

IMDG: Not regulated

ICAO/IATA: Not regulated

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 15: Regulatory Information

USA

TSCA Status: All component substances are listed on the TSCA inventory.

SARA Title III

Sec. 302/304: None

Sec. 311/312: Not applicable

Sec. 313: Not applicable

CERCLA RQ: Not applicable

California Prop 65: This product does not contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations* and the MSDS contains all the information required by the *Controlled Products Regulations*.

WHMIS Classification: Not controlled.

NSNR: All component substances are listed on Canada's Domestic Substances List (DSL).

NPRI Substances: Not applicable

EU Classification

European Inventories: All component substances are listed in EINECS.

Symbol: This article is not classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Section 16: Other Information

Preparation Information:

Revision Date: September 27, 2012

Revision Summary: Section 9: Revised physical and chemical properties information.

Supplier Note: The information contained herein is based on data available to us and is accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge and belief. However, LA-CO Industries, Inc. makes no representations as to its completeness or accuracy. Information is supplied on condition that persons receiving such information will make their own determination as to its suitability for their purposes prior to use. In no event will LA-CO Industries, Inc. be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use of or reliance upon the information contained herein.

Prepared by: LEHDER Environmental Services Limited (519) 336-4101
www.lehder.com

While LEHDER Environmental Services Limited believes that the data set forth herein is accurate, as of the date hereof, LEHDER makes no warranty with respect thereto and expressly disclaims all liability for reliance thereon. Such data is offered solely for your consideration, investigation and verification.

Nitrogen, compressed

Safety Data Sheet P-4631

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980

Revision date: 06/24/2015

Supersedes: 04/23/2015

SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance
Name : Nitrogen, compressed
CAS No : 7727-37-9
Formula : N₂
Other means of identification : Dinitrogen, Refrigerant R728, Nitrogen, Medipure Nitrogen, Extendapak Nitrogen, Nitrogen - Diving Grade

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use
Medical applications.
Food applications.
Diving Gas (Underwater Breathing)

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.
39 Old Ridgebury Road
Danbury, CT 06810-5113 - USA
T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146
www.praxair.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week — Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Compressed gas H280

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) : WARNING
Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED
OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.
Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.
CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.
CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure.
CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty.
CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

Nitrogen, compressed

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according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980

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Supersedes: 04/23/2015

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Name : Nitrogen, compressed
CAS No : 7727-37-9

Name	Product identifier	%
Nitrogen	(CAS No) 7727-37-9	99.5 - 100

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Immediately remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, qualified personnel may give oxygen. Call a physician.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product. In case of eye irritation: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Consult an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity : Under certain conditions, nitrogen can react violently with lithium, neodymium, titanium (above 1472°F/800°C), and magnesium to form nitrides. At high temperature, it can also combine with oxygen and hydrogen.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.

Protection during firefighting : Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.

Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.

Stop flow of product if safe to do so.

Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.

Nitrogen, compressed

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Supersedes: 04/23/2015

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

No additional information available

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

Safe use of the product

: **The suitability of this product as a component in underwater breathing gas mixtures** is to be determined by or under the supervision of personnel experienced in the use of underwater breathing gas mixtures and familiar with the physiological effects, methods employed, frequency and duration of use, hazards, side effects, and precautions to be taken.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established

Nitrogen, compressed

Safety Data Sheet P-4631

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980

Revision date: 06/24/2015

Supersedes: 04/23/2015

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use a local exhaust system with sufficient flow velocity to maintain an adequate supply of air in the worker's breathing zone. Mechanical (general): General exhaust ventilation may be acceptable if it can maintain an adequate supply of air.
Eye protection	: Wear safety glasses with side shields.
Skin and body protection	: Wear metatarsal shoes and work gloves for cylinder handling, and protective clothing where needed. Wear appropriate chemical gloves during cylinder changeout or wherever contact with product is possible. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138.
Respiratory protection	: When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure (e.g., an organic vapor cartridge). For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Gas
Appearance	: Colorless gas.
Molecular mass	: 28 g/mol
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: No odor warning properties.
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: Not applicable.
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: -210 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: -195.8 °C
Flash point	: No data available
Critical temperature	: -149.9 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: Not applicable.
Critical pressure	: 3390 kPa
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 1.16 kg/m³
Relative gas density	: 0.97
Solubility	: Water: 20 mg/l
Log Pow	: Not applicable.
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.
Explosion limits	: No data available

9.2. Other information

Gas group	: Compressed gas
Additional information	: None.

Nitrogen, compressed

Safety Data Sheet P-4631

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980

Revision date: 06/24/2015

Supersedes: 04/23/2015

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Under certain conditions, nitrogen can react violently with lithium, neodymium, titanium (above 1472°F/800°C), and magnesium to form nitrides. At high temperature, it can also combine with oxygen and hydrogen.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

None.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

Nitrogen, compressed

Safety Data Sheet P-4631

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980

Revision date: 06/24/2015

Supersedes: 04/23/2015

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Log Pow	Not applicable for inorganic gases.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)

Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : None.

Effect on the global warming : None.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1066 Nitrogen, compressed, 2.2
UN-No.(DOT) : UN1066
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Nitrogen, compressed
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115
Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 121 (UN1066);120 (UN1977)

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1066
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : NITROGEN, COMPRESSED
Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases
MFAG-No : 121

Air transport

UN-No.(IATA) : 1066
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Nitrogen, compressed

Nitrogen, compressed

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according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

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Class (IATA)

: 2

Civil Aeronautics Law

: Gases under pressure/Gases nonflammable nontoxic under pressure

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes

Sudden release of pressure hazard

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

15.2.2. National regulations

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

15.3. US State regulations

Nitrogen, compressed(7727-37-9)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List

No

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity

No

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female

No

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male

No

State or local regulations

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male

No significance risk level (NSRL)

No

No

No

No

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Nitrogen, compressed

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according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980

Revision date: 06/24/2015

Supersedes: 04/23/2015

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date : 6/24/2015 12:00:00 AM

Other information : When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

Praxair SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.praxair.com. If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write the Praxair Call Center (Phone: 1-800-PRAXAIR/1-800-772-9247; Address: Praxair Call Center, Praxair, Inc., P.O. Box 44, Tonawanda, NY 14151-0044).

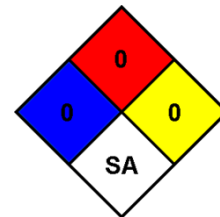
PRAXAIR and the Flowing Airstream design are trademarks or registered trademarks of Praxair Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

NFPA health hazard : 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

NFPA fire hazard : 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.

NFPA specific hazard : SA - This denotes gases which are simple asphyxiants.



HMIS III Rating

Health : 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard

Physical : 3 Serious Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid

Safety Data Sheet P-4630

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979

Revision date: 10/03/2014

Supersedes: 12/01/2013

SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance
Name : Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid
CAS No : 7727-37-9
Formula : N₂
Other means of identification : Nitrogen (cryogenic liquid), Nitrogen, Medipure Liquid Nitrogen

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Medical applications.
Industrial use
Food applications.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.
39 Old Ridgebury Road
Danbury, CT 06810-5113 - USA
T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146
www.praxair.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergencies: 1-800-645-4633
CHEMTREC: USA 1-800-424-9300, International 001-703-527-3887 (Collect calls accepted, contract 17729)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Refrigerated liquefied gas H281
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) : Warning
Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H281 - CONTAINS REFRIGERATED GAS; MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR INJURY
OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.
Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.
P282 - Wear cold insulating gloves, face shield, eye protection
CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.
CGA-PG24 - DO NOT change or force fit connections.
CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty.
CGA-PG23 - Always keep container in upright position.

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : Asphyxiant in high concentrations. Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid

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according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

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Supersedes: 12/01/2013

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Name	Product identifier	%
Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 7727-37-9	100

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Get immediate medical attention.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : DANGER! Extremely cold liquid and gas under pressure. Take care not to direct spray onto vents on top of container. Do not discharge sprays directly into liquid; cryogenic liquid can freeze water rapidly. Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.
- Protection during firefighting : Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.
- Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Use self-contained breathing apparatus. Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
- Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems. Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode. Stop flow of product if safe to do so. Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible. If leaking do not spray water onto container. Water surrounding area (from protected position) to contain fire.
- Other information : Cryogenic liquid causes severe frostbite, a burn-like injury. Heat of fire can build pressure in a closed container and cause it to rupture. Venting vapors may obscure visibility. Air will condense on surfaces such as vaporizers or piping exposed to liquid or cold gas. Nitrogen, which has a lower boiling point than oxygen, evaporates first, leaving an oxygen-enriched condensate. Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by DOT.).

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid

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according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

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Supersedes: 12/01/2013

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid (7727-37-9)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid

Safety Data Sheet P-4630

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

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Supersedes: 12/01/2013

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Consider work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.
Hand protection	: Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.
Eye protection	: Wear safety glasses with side shields. Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.
Respiratory protection	: Self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or positive pressure airline with mask are to be used in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.
Thermal hazard protection	: Wear cold insulating gloves. Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.
Environmental exposure controls	: None necessary.
Other information	: Wear safety shoes while handling containers.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Gas
Appearance	: Colorless liquid.
Molecular mass	: 28 g/mol
Color	: Colorless liquid.
Odor	: No data available
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: Not applicable.
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: -210 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: -195.8 °C
Flash point	: No data available
Critical temperature	: -149.9 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: Not applicable.
Critical pressure	: 3390 kPa
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: 0.8
Specific gravity / density	: 808.5 kg/m³ Liquid density at boiling point and 1 atm
Relative gas density	: 0.97
Solubility	: Water: 20 mg/l
Log Pow	: Not applicable.
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.
Explosive limits	: No data available

9.2. Other information

Gas group	: Refrigerated liquefied gas
Additional information	: Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid

Safety Data Sheet P-4630

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979

Revision date: 10/03/2014

Supersedes: 12/01/2013

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid high temperatures, exposure to Lithium (Li), Neodymium (Nd), Titanium (Ti), Magnesium.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under certain conditions, nitrogen can react violently with lithium, neodymium, titanium (above 1472°F/800°C), and magnesium to form nitrides. At high temperature, it can also combine with oxygen and hydrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
	No known effects from this product.
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
	Not applicable.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid (7727-37-9)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid (7727-37-9)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid (7727-37-9)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid

Safety Data Sheet P-4630

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979

Revision date: 10/03/2014

Supersedes: 12/01/2013

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid (7727-37-9)

Ecology - soil

No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : Can cause frost damage to vegetation.

Effect on ozone layer : None.

Effect on the global warming : No known effects from this product.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1977 Nitrogen, refrigerated liquid cryogenic liquid, 2.2

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1977

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Nitrogen, refrigerated liquid
cryogenic liquid

Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes : 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115

Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) :

- 345 - "Nitrogen, refrigerated liquid (cryogenic liquid), UN1977" transported in open cryogenic receptacles with a maximum capacity of 1 L are not subject to the requirements of this subchapter. The receptacles must be constructed with glass double walls having the space between the walls vacuum insulated and each receptacle must be transported in an outer packaging with sufficient cushioning and absorbent materials to protect the receptacle from damage.
- 346 - "Nitrogen, refrigerated liquid (cryogenic liquid), UN1977" transported in accordance with the requirements for open cryogenic receptacles in §173.320 and this special provision are not subject to any other requirements of this subchapter. The receptacle must contain no hazardous materials other than the liquid nitrogen which must be fully absorbed in a porous material in the receptacle.
- T75 - When portable tank instruction T75 is referenced in Column (7) of the 172.101 Table, the applicable refrigerated liquefied gases are authorized to be transported in portable tanks in accordance with the requirements of 178.277 of this subchapter.
- TP5 - For a portable tank used for the transport of flammable refrigerated liquefied gases or refrigerated liquefied oxygen, the maximum rate at which the portable tank may be filled must not exceed the liquid flow capacity of the primary pressure relief system rated at a pressure not exceeding 120 percent of the portable tank's design pressure. For portable tanks used for the transport of refrigerated liquefied helium and refrigerated liquefied atmospheric gas (except oxygen), the maximum rate at which the tank is filled must not exceed the liquid flow capacity of the pressure relief device rated at 130 percent of the portable tank's design pressure. Except for a portable tank containing refrigerated liquefied helium, a portable tank shall have an outage of at least two percent below the inlet of the pressure relief device or pressure control valve, under conditions of incipient opening, with the portable tank in a level attitude. No outage is required for helium.

Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 121 (UN1066);120 (UN1977)

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid

Safety Data Sheet P-4630

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 10/03/2014 Supersedes: 12/01/2013

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:

- Ensure there is adequate ventilation.
- Ensure that containers are firmly secured.
- Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking.
- Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.
- Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1977
 Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : NITROGEN, REFRIGERATED LIQUID
 Class (IMDG) : 2.2 - Non-flammable, non-toxic gases
 MFAG-No : 120

Air transport

UN-No.(IATA) : 1977
 Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : NITROGEN, REFRIGERATED LIQUID
 Class (IATA) : 2
 Civil Aeronautics Law : Gases under pressure/Gases nonflammable nontoxic under pressure

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid (7727-37-9)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Sudden release of pressure hazard

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid (7727-37-9)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas

EU-Regulations

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid (7727-37-9)	
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)	

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Refrigerated liquefied gas H281

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

Not classified

15.2.2. National regulations

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid (7727-37-9)	
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)	
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)	
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)	
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)	
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)	

15.3. US State regulations

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid(7727-37-9)	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental	No

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid

Safety Data Sheet P-4630

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979

Revision date: 10/03/2014

Supersedes: 12/01/2013

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid(7727-37-9)	
Toxicity	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date

: 10/3/2014 12:00:00 AM

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

Praxair SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.praxair.com. If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write the Praxair Call Center (Phone: 1-800-PRAXAIR/1-800-772-9247; Address: Praxair Call Center, Praxair, Inc., P.O. Box 44, Tonawanda, NY 14151-0044).

PRAXAIR and the Flowing Airstream design are trademarks or registered trademarks of Praxair Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

Full text of H-phrases:

Refrigerated liquefied gas	Gases under pressure Refrigerated liquefied gas
H281	CONTAINS REFRIGERATED GAS; MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR INJURY

NFPA health hazard

: 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.

NFPA fire hazard

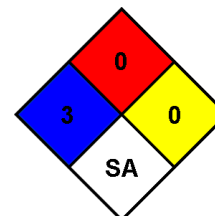
: 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.

NFPA specific hazard

: SA - This denotes gases which are simple asphyxiants.



Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid

Safety Data Sheet P-4630

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979

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Supersedes: 12/01/2013

HMIS III Rating

Health	: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	: 0 Minimal Hazard
Physical	: 2 Moderate Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SAFETY DATA SHEET
SDS 0497

Section 1 -- PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

	HMIS CODES
PRODUCT NAME	Health 1
Nokorode Cold Weather Paste Flux	Flammability 1
	Reactivity 0
PRODUCT CODES	PPI B
14700, 14720, 14730	
CHEMICAL FAMILY:	
Organic/Inorganic	
USE	
Soldering Flux	
MANUFACTURER'S NAME	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.
The RectorSeal Corporation	Chemtrec 24 Hours
2601 Spenwick Drive	(800)424-9300 USA
Houston, Texas 77055 USA	(703)527-3887 International
DATE OF VALIDATION	TECHNICAL SERVICE TELEPHONE NO.
January 23, 2015	(800)231-3345 or (713)263-8001
DATE OF PREPARATION	
May 2, 2012	

Section 2 -- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

OSHA Hazards

Irritant

GHS CLASSIFICATION

PHYSICAL HAZARDS: None

HEALTH HAZARDS

Acute Toxicity

Oral: Not Classified

Dermal: Not Classified

Inhalation: Not Classified

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not Classified

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation: Not Classified

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not Classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not Classified

Carcinogenicity: Not Classified

Reproductive Toxicology: Not Classified

Target Organ Systemic Toxicity - Single Exposure: Not Classified

Target Organ Systemic Toxicity - Repeated Exposure: Not Classified

Aspiration Toxicity: Not Classified

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment: Not Classified

Acute aquatic toxicity: Not Classified

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Not Classified

Bioaccumulation potential: Not Classified

Rapid degradability: Not Classified

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram: Irritant

Signal Word: Warning

Hazard Statements

H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements:

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

SUMMARY OF ACUTE HAZARDS

Irritation to respiratory system from fumes evolved during soldering.

Eye contact may cause intense irritation and injury.

ROUTE OF EXPOSURE, SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS

INHALATION

Irritation to respiratory system from fumes evolved during soldering.

EYE CONTACT

Contact may cause intense irritation and injury.

SKIN CONTACT

May cause skin irritation.

INGESTION

Nausea, vomiting, irritation to digestive system.

SUMMARY OF CHRONIC HAZARDS

Short term effects to liver and kidneys can occur. Chemical irritation from continued skin contact can occur. Continuous industrial use in small unventilated areas may result in sufficient inhalation of solder and flux fumes to cause lung damage and irritation of respiratory tract.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

Individuals with pre-existing or chronic diseases of the eyes, skin, respiratory system, cardiovascular system, gastrointestinal system, liver, or kidneys may have increased susceptibility to excessive exposure.

Section 3 -- COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT: Zinc Chloride

PERCENTAGE BY WEIGHT: 10-25

CAS#: 7646-85-7

EC#: 231-592-0

INGREDIENT: Ammonium Chloride

PERCENTAGE BY WEIGHT: 10-25

CAS#: 12125-02-9

EC#: 235-186-4

INGREDIENT: Petrolatum

PERCENTAGE BY WEIGHT: 70-90

CAS#: 8009-03-8

EC#: 232-373-2

INGREDIENT: Petroleum Distillates

PERCENTAGE BY WEIGHT: <10

CAS#: 64742-46-7

EC#: 265-148-2

Section 4 -- FIRST AID MEASURES

If INHALED: If overcome by exposure, remove victim to fresh air immediately. Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed. Obtain emergency medical attention. Prompt action is essential.

If on SKIN: Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove and wash any contaminated clothing.

If in EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

If SWALLOWED: If swallowed, call a physician immediately. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Section 5 -- FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or water fog.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Wear self-contained full face piece breathing apparatus and other protective clothing. Hazardous decomposition products possible (see Section 10). May release ZnO and HCl fumes.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Heat may build up pressure and rupture closed containers.

Section 6 -- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Wipe up spills to prevent footing hazard. Avoid flushing into sewers, drains, waterways and soil. Wear protective clothing during clean up.

Section 7 -- HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING: Keep container closed and upright when not in use. Store flux at ambient conditions. Wash thoroughly after handling to remove all residue.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS: Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin or clothing.

Empty containers may contain residues; treat as if full and observe all products precautions. Do not reuse empty containers.

Section 8 -- EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

INGREDIENT	UNITS

Zinc Chloride

ACGIH TLV	1 mg/m3

OSHA PEL	1 mg/m3

Ammonium Chloride

ACGIH TLV	10 mg/m3

OSHA PEL	10 mg/m3

Petrolatum

ACGIH TLV	N/D

OSHA PEL	N/D

Petroleum Distillates

ACGIH TLV	N/D

OSHA PEL	N/D

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (SPECIFY TYPE): In confined, poorly ventilated areas, use NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying or supplied air respirators during soldering operations until fumes have dissipated.

VENTILATION - LOCAL EXHAUST: Acceptable

SPECIAL: N/A
MECHANICAL (GENERAL): Acceptable
OTHER: N/A
PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Wear rubber gloves.
EYE PROTECTION: Safety glasses (ANSI Z-87.1 or equivalent)
OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT: Coveralls recommended.
WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Where use can result in skin contact, wash exposed areas thoroughly before eating, drinking, smoking, or leaving work area.
Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

Section 9 -- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING POINT: N/A
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O = 1): 1.06
VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg): < 0.01 @ 68 F (20 C)
MELTING POINT: 120-150 F (52-66 C)
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1): N/A
EVAPORATION RATE (ETHYL ACETATE = 1): N/A
APPEARANCE/ODOR: Tan / Petroleum Odor
SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Insoluble
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC) Content
(Theoretical Percentage By Weight): 0% or (0 g/L)
Flash POINT >400 F (204 C) SETA CC
LOWER EXPLOSION LIMIT N/D
UPPER EXPLOSION LIMIT N/D

Section 10 -- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable
CONDITIONS TO AVOID: None
INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID): None known
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Toxic fumes of zinc, chlorine, and HCL may be evolved during soldering.
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

Section 11 -- TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

No ingredient in this product is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

Ingredient Name

Zinc Chloride

Oral-Rat LD50:350 mg/kg
Inhalation-Rat LCLo:1960 mg/m3/10M

Ammonium Chloride

Oral-Rat LD50:1650 mg/kg
Inhalation-Rat LC50:N/D

Petrolatum

Oral-Rat LD50:N/D
Inhalation-Rat LC50:N/D

Petroleum Distillates

Oral-Rat LD50:N/D
Inhalation-Rat LC50:N/D

Section 12 -- Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL DATAIngredient Name

Zinc Chloride

Food Chain Concentration Potential	None
WATERFOWL TOXICITY	N/A
BOD	None
AQUATIC TOXICITY:	7.2 ppm/96 hr/medium bluegill/TLm

Ammonium Chloride

Food Chain Concentration Potential	None
WATERFOWL TOXICITY	N/A
BOD	N/A
AQUATIC TOXICITY:	6 ppm/96 hr/sunfish TLm

Petrolatum

Food Chain Concentration Potential	N/D
WATERFOWL TOXICITY	N/D
BOD	N/D
AQUATIC TOXICITY:	N/D

Petroleum Distillates

Food Chain Concentration Potential	N/D
WATERFOWL TOXICITY	N/D
BOD	N/D
AQUATIC TOXICITY:	N/D

=====

Section 13 -- DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Classification: Non-regulated solid waste

Disposal Method: Approved landfill

Waste from this product is not considered hazardous as defined under the
Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Dispose of in
accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulation regarding pollution.
=====

Section 14 -- TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT: Non-Regulated

OCEAN (IMDG): Non-Regulated

AIR (IATA): Non-Regulated

WHMIS (CANADA): Non-Regulated
=====

Section 15 -- REGULATORY INFORMATION

REGULATORY DATAIngredient Name

Zinc Chloride

SARA 313	Yes
TSCA Inventory	Yes
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb.
RCRA Code	N/A

Ammonium Chloride

SARA 313	No
TSCA Inventory	Yes
CERCLA RQ	N/A
RCRA Code	N/A

Petrolatum

SARA 313	No

	TSCA Inventory	Yes
	CERCLA RQ	N/A
	RCRA Code	N/A
Petroleum Distillates		
	SARA 313	No
	TSCA Inventory	Yes
	CERCLA RQ	N/A
	RCRA Code	N/A

Section 16 -- OTHER INFORMATION

This document is prepared pursuant to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). The information herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, expressed or implied is made. Consult RectorSeal for further information: (713) 263-8001



United States Steel Corporation

Line Pipe Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

USS IHS Number: 74487

(Replaces USS Code Number: 4A020, 4C020, 4H020)

Locations: LTO, FFTO, LSTO, OOH, TPOH, BTO, MTO

Section 1 – Identification

1(a) Product Identifier Used on Label: Line Pipe

1(b) Other Means of Identification: Oil and Gas Transmission Pipe, Carbon Steel Pipe

1(c) Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restrictions on Use: None

1(d) Name, Address, and Telephone Number:

United States Steel Corporation
600 Grant Street, Room 1662
Pittsburgh, PA 15219-2800

Phone number : (412) 433-6840 (8:00 am to 5:00 pm)
FAX: (412) 433-5019

1(e) Emergency Phone Number: 1-800-262-8200 (CHEMTREC)

Section 2 – Hazard(s) Identification

2(a) Classification of the Chemical: As sold, this product, **Line Pipe** is not hazardous according to the criteria specified in REACH [REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006] and CLP [REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008]. Under 29 CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard, steel products are considered mixtures due to further processing which may produce dusts and or fume. The categories of Health Hazards as defined in “GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM OF CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING OF CHEMICALS (GHS), Third revised edition ST/SG/AC.10/30/Rev. 3” United Nations, New York and Geneva, 2009 have been evaluated. Refer to Section 3, 8 and 11 for additional information. Precautionary Statement/Emergency Overview: This formed solid metal product poses little or no immediate health or fire hazard. When product is subjected to welding, burning, melting, sawing, brazing, grinding or other similar processes, potentially hazardous airborne particulate and fumes may be generated.

2(b) Signal Word, Hazard Statement(s), Symbols and Precautionary Statement(s):

Hazard Symbol	Hazard Classification	Signal Word	Hazard Statement(s)	Precautionary Statement(s)
	Carcinogenicity - 2 Toxic to Reproduction - 2 Single Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) Repeat Exposure -1	Danger	Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated inhalation exposure. Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes eye irritation.	Do not breathe dusts / fume / spray. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Use only outdoors or in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If exposed, concerned or feel unwell: Get medical advice/attention. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Dispose of contents in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.
	Acute Toxicity-Oral 4 Skin Sensitization - 1 STOT Single Exposure - 3			
NA	Eye Irritation - 2B			

2(c) Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: None Known

2(d) Unknown Acute Toxicity Statement (mixture): None Known

Line Pipe

USS IHS No.: 74487

Rev. 4/14

Section 3 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

3(a-c) Chemical Name, Common Name (synonyms), CAS Number and Other Identifiers, and Concentration:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	EC Number	% weight
Iron	7439-89-6	231-096-4	>96
Chromium	7440-47-3	231-157-5	≤1.0
Copper	7440-50-8	231-159-6	≤1.0
Manganese	7439-96-5	231-105-1	≤2.5
Molybdenum	7439-98-7	231-107-2	≤1.0
Nickel	7440-02-0	231-111-4	≤1.0

EC- European Community

CAS- Chemical Abstract Service

Section 4 – First-aid Measures

4(a) Description of Necessary Measures: If exposed, concerned or feel unwell: Get medical advice/attention.

- **Inhalation: Line Pipe** as sold/shipped is not a likely form of exposure. However during further processing (welding, grinding, burning, etc.). If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If exposed, concerned or feel unwell: Get medical advice/attention.
- **Eye Contact:** This product as sold/shipped is not a likely form of exposure. However during further processing (welding, grinding, burning, etc.). If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue Rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If exposed, concerned or feel unwell: Get medical advice/attention.
- **Skin Contact:** If on skin: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash with plenty of water. If irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- **Ingestion:** This product as sold/shipped is not a likely form of exposure. However during further processing (welding, grinding, burning, etc.). If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If exposed, concerned or feel unwell: Get medical advice/attention.

4(b) Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed (chronic):

- **Inhalation:** This product as sold/shipped is not likely to present an acute or chronic health effect.
- **Eye:** This product as sold/shipped is not likely to present an acute or chronic health effect.
- **Skin:** This product as sold/shipped is not likely to present an acute or chronic health effect.
- **Ingestion:** This product as sold/shipped is not likely to present an acute or chronic health effect.

4(c) Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment: None Known

Section 5 – Fire-fighting Measures

5(a) Suitable (and unsuitable) Extinguishing Media: Not applicable for **Line Pipe** as sold/shipped. Use extinguishers appropriate for surrounding materials.

5(b) Specific Hazards Arising From the Chemical: Not applicable for this product as sold/shipped. When burned, toxic smoke and vapor may be emitted.

5(c) Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters: Self-contained NIOSH approved respiratory protection and full protective clothing should be worn when fumes and/or smoke from fire are present. Heat and flames cause emittance of acrid smoke and fumes. Do not release runoff from fire control methods to sewers or waterways. Firefighters should wear full face-piece self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing with thermal protection. Direct water stream will scatter and spread flames and, therefore, should not be used.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

6(a) Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures: Not applicable for **Line Pipe** as sold/shipped. For spills involving finely divided particles, clean-up personnel should be protected against contact with eyes and skin.

6(b) Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean Up: Not applicable for this product as sold/shipped. If material is in a dry state, avoid inhalation of dust. Fine, dry material should be removed by vacuuming or wet sweeping methods to prevent spreading of dust. Avoid using compressed air. Do not release into sewers or waterways. Collect material in appropriate, labeled containers for recovery or disposal in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Follow applicable OSHA regulations (29 CFR 1910.120) and all other pertinent state and federal requirements.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

7(a) Precautions for Safe Handling: Not applicable for **Line Pipe** as sold/shipped, however further processing (welding, burning, grinding, etc.) with the potential for generating high concentrations of airborne particulates should be evaluated and controlled as necessary. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Practice good housekeeping. Avoid breathing metal fumes and/or dust. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Line Pipe

USS IHS No.: 74487

Rev. 4/14

Section 7 - Handling and Storage (continued)

7(b) Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities: Store away from acids and incompatible materials.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

8(a) Occupational Exposure Limits (OELs): Line Pipe as sold/shipped in its physical form does not present an inhalation, ingestion or contact hazard, nor would any of the following exposure data apply. However, operations such as high temperature (burning, welding, sawing, brazing, machining and grinding) may produce fumes and/or particulates. The following exposure limits are offered as reference, for an experience industrial hygienist to review.

Ingredients	8(a) OSHA PEL ¹	ACGIH TLV ²	NIOSH REL ³	IDLH ⁴
Iron	10 mg/m ³ (as iron oxide fume)	5.0 mg/m ³ (as iron oxide dust and fume)	5.0 mg/m ³ (as iron oxide dust and fume)	2,500 mg Fe/m ³
Chromium	0.5 mg/m ³ (as Cr II & III, inorganic compounds) 1.0 mg/m ³ (as Cr, metal) 0.005 mg/m ³ (as Cr VI, inorganic compounds & certain water insoluble) "AL" 0.0025 mg/m ³ (as Cr VI, inorganic compounds & certain water insoluble)	0.5 mg/m ³ (as Cr III, inorganic compounds) 0.5 mg/m ³ (as Cr, metal) 0.05 mg/m ³ (as Cr VI, inorganic compounds) 0.01 mg/m ³ (as Cr VI, inorganic compounds & certain water insoluble)	0.5 mg/m ³ (as Cr II & III, inorganic compounds) 0.5 mg/m ³ (as Cr, metal) 0.001 mg/m ³ (as Cr VI, inorganic compounds & certain water insoluble)	250 mg/m ³ (as Cr II & metal) 25 mg/m ³ (as Cr III) 15 mg/m ³ (as Cr VI)
Copper	0.1 mg/m ³ (as fume, Cu) 1.0 mg/m ³ (as dusts & mists, Cu)	0.1 mg/m ³ (as fume) 1.0 mg/m ³ (as dusts & mists, Cu)	1.0 mg/m ³ (as dusts & mists)	100 mg Cu/m ³
Manganese	"C" 5.0 mg/m ³ (as Fume & Mn compounds)	0.2 mg/m ³	"C" 5.0 mg/m ³ 1.0 mg/m ³ (as fume) "STEL" 3.0 mg/m ³	500 mg Mn/m ³
Molybdenum	15 mg/m ³ (as total dust, PNOR ⁵) 5.0 mg/m ³ (as respirable fraction, PNOR)	10 mg/m ³ (as Mo insoluble compounds, inhalable fraction ⁶) 3.0 mg/m ³ (as Mo insoluble compounds, respirable fraction ⁷) 0.5 mg/m ³ (as Mo soluble compounds, respirable fraction)	NE	NE
Nickel	1.0 mg/m ³ (as Ni metal & insoluble compounds)	1.5 mg/m ³ (as inhalable fraction Ni metal) 0.2 mg/m ³ (as inhalable fraction Ni inorganic only insoluble and soluble compounds)	0.015 mg/m ³ (as Ni metal & insoluble and soluble compounds)	10 mg/m ³ (as Ni)

NE - None Established

1. OSHA PELs (Permissible Exposure Limits) are 8-hour TWA (Time-Weighted Average) concentrations unless otherwise noted. A ("C") designation denotes a ceiling limit, which should not be exceeded during any part of the working exposure unless otherwise noted. An Action level (AL) is used by OSHA and NIOSH to express a health or physical hazard. They indicate the level of a harmful or toxic substance/activity, which requires medical surveillance, increased industrial hygiene monitoring, or biological monitoring. Action Levels are generally set at one half of the PEL but the actual level may vary from standard to standard. The intent is to identify a level at which the vast majority of randomly sampled exposures will be below the PEL.
2. Threshold Limit Values (TLV) established by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) are 8-hour TWA concentrations unless otherwise noted. ACGIH TLVs are for guideline purposes only and as such are not legal, regulatory limits for compliance purposes. A Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL) is defined as the maximum concentration to which workers can be exposed for a short period of time (15 minutes) for only four times throughout the day with at least one hour between exposures.
3. The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Recommended Exposure Limits (NIOSH-REL) Compendium of Policy and Statements. NIOSH, Cincinnati, OH (1992). NIOSH is the federal agency designated to conduct research relative to occupational safety and health. As is the case with ACGIH TLVs, NIOSH RELs are for guideline purposes only and as such are not legal, regulatory limits for compliance purposes.
4. The "Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health air concentration values (IDLHs)" are used by NIOSH as part of the respirator selection criteria and were first developed in the mid-1970's by NIOSH. The Documentation for Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations (IDLHs) is a compilation of the rationale and sources of information used by NIOSH during the original determination of 387 IDLHs and their subsequent review and revision in 1994.
5. PNOR (Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated). All inert or nuisance dusts, whether mineral, inorganic, or organic, not listed specifically by substance name are covered by a limit which is the same as the inert or nuisance dust limit of 15 mg/m³ for total dust and 5 mg/m³ for the respirable fraction.
6. Inhalable fraction. The concentration of inhalable particulate for the application of this TLV is to be determined from the fraction passing a size-selector with the characteristics defined in the ACGIH 2013 TLVs[®] and BEIs[®] (Biological Exposure Indices) Appendix D, paragraph A.
7. Respirable fraction. The concentration of respirable dust for the application of this limit is to be determined from the fraction passing a size-selector with the characteristics defined in ACGIH 2013 TLVs[®] and BEIs[®] Appendix D, paragraph C.

8(b) Appropriate Engineering Controls: Use controls as appropriate to minimize exposure to metal fumes and dusts during handling operations. Provide general or local exhaust ventilation systems to minimize airborne concentrations. Local exhaust is necessary for use in enclosed or confined spaces. Provide sufficient general/local exhaust ventilation in pattern/volume to control inhalation exposures below current exposure limits.

8(c) Individual Protection Measures:

- **Respiratory Protection:** Seek professional advice prior to respirator selection and use. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and, if necessary, use only a NIOSH-approved respirator. Select respirator based on its suitability to provide adequate worker protection for given working conditions, level of airborne contamination, and presence of sufficient oxygen. Concentration in air of the various contaminants determines the extent of respiratory protection needed. Half-face, negative-pressure, air-purifying respirator equipped with P100 filter is acceptable for concentrations up to 10 times the exposure limit. Full-face, negative-pressure, air-purifying respirator equipped with P100 filter is acceptable for concentrations up to 50 times the exposure limit. Protection by air-purifying negative-pressure and powered air respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure-demand, full-face, supplied air respirator or self-contained ...

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection (continued)

8(c) Individual Protection Measures (continued):

- **Respiratory Protection (continued):** ... breathing apparatus (SCBA) for concentrations above 50 times the exposure limit. If exposure is above the IDLH (Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health) for any of the constituents, or there is a possibility of an uncontrolled release or exposure levels are unknown, then use a positive-demand, full-face, supplied air respirator with escape bottle or SCBA.
Warning! Air-purifying respirators both negative-pressure, and powered-air do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.
- **Eyes:** Wear appropriate eye protection to prevent eye contact. For operations, which result in elevating the temperature of the product to or above its melting point or result in the generation of airborne particulates, use safety glasses to prevent eye contact. Contact lenses should not be worn where industrial exposures to this material are likely. Use safety glasses or goggles as required for welding, burning, sawing, brazing, grinding or machining operations.
- **Skin:** Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to prevent skin contact. Cut resistant gloves and sleeves should be worn when working with steel products. For operations, which result in elevating the temperature of the product to or above its melting point or result in the generation of airborne particulates, use protective clothing, and gloves to prevent skin contact. Protective gloves should be worn as required for welding, burning or handling operations. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
- **Other Protective Equipment:** An eyewash fountain and deluge shower should be readily available in the work area.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

9(a) Appearance (physical state, color, etc.): Metallic Gray	9(j) Upper/lower Flammability or Explosive Limits: NA
9(b) Odor: Odorless	9(k) Vapor Pressure: NA
9(c) Odor Threshold: NA	9(l) Vapor Density (Air = 1): NA
9(d) pH: NA	9(m) Relative Density: 7.85 g/cc
9(e) Melting Point/Freezing Point: ~ 2750 °F (~ 1510 °C)	9(n) Solubility(ies): Insoluble
9(f) Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range: ND	9(o) Partition Coefficient n-octanol/water: ND
9(g) Flash Point: NA	9(p) Auto-ignition Temperature: NA
9(h) Evaporation Rate: NA	9(q) Decomposition Temperature: ND
9(i) Flammability (solid, gas): Non-flammable, non-combustible	9(r) Viscosity: NA
NA - Not Applicable ND - Not Determined for product as a whole	

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

- 10(a) Reactivity:** Not Determined (ND)
- 10(b) Chemical Stability:** Steel products are stable under normal storage and handling conditions.
- 10(c) Possibility of Hazardous Reaction:** None Known
- 10(d) Conditions to Avoid:** Storage with strong acids or calcium hypochlorite.
- 10(e) Incompatible Materials:** Will react with strong acids to form hydrogen. Iron oxide dusts in contact with calcium hypochlorite evolve oxygen and may cause an explosion.
- 10(f) Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Thermal oxidative decomposition of steel products can produce fumes containing oxides of iron and manganese as well as other alloying elements.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

11(a-e) Information on Toxicological Effects: The following toxicity data has been determined for **Line Pipe** as a mixture when further processed using the information available for its components applied to the guidance on the preparation of an SDS under the GHS requirements of OSHA and the EU CPL:

Hazard Classification	Hazard Category		Hazard Symbols	Signal Word	Hazard Statement
	EU	OSHA			
Acute Toxicity Hazard (covers Categories 1-5)	NA*	4 ^a		Warning	Harmful if swallowed.
Eye Damage/ Irritation (covers Categories 1, 2A and 2B)	NA*	2B ^c	No Pictogram	Warning	Causes eye irritation.
Skin/Dermal Sensitization (covers Category 1)	NA*	1 ^d		Warning	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Carcinogenicity (covers Categories 1A, 1B and 2)	NA*	2 ^e		Warning	Suspected of causing cancer.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information (continued)

11(a-e) Information on Toxicological Effects (continued):

Hazard Classification	Hazard Category		Hazard Symbols	Signal Word	Hazard Statement
	EU	OSHA			
Toxic to Reproduction (covers Categories 1A, 1B and 2)	NA*	2 ^h		Warning	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) Following Single Exposure (covers Categories 1-3)	NA*	3 ⁱ		Warning	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT following Repeated Exposure (covers Categories 1 and 2)	NA*	1 ^j		Danger	Causes damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated inhalation exposure.

* Not Applicable

Toxicological data listed below are presented regardless to classification criteria. Individual hazard classification categories where the toxicological information has met or exceeded a classification criteria threshold are listed above.

a. No LC₅₀ or LD₅₀ has been established for **Line Pipe**. The following data has been determined for the components:

- **Iron:** Rat LD₅₀ = 98.6 g/kg (REACH)
Rat LD₅₀ = 1060 mg/kg (IUCLID)
Rat LD₅₀ = 984 mg/kg (IUCLID)
Rabbit LD₅₀ = 890 mg/kg (IUCLID)
Guinea Pig LD₅₀ = 20 g/kg (TOXNET)
Human LD_{LO} = 77 g/kg (IUCLID)
- **Copper:** Rat LD₅₀ = 481 mg/kg (REACH)
Rat LD₅₀ > 2500 mg/kg (REACH)
- **Nickel:** LD₅₀ > 9000 mg/kg (Oral/Rat); NOAEC > 10.2 mg/l (Inhalation/Rat)
- **Manganese:** Rat LD₅₀ > 2000 mg/kg (REACH)
Rat LD₅₀ > 9000 mg/kg (NLM Toxnet)

b. No Skin (Dermal) Irritation data available for **Line Pipe** as a mixture. The following Skin (Dermal) Irritation information was found for the components:

- **Molybdenum:** May cause skin irritation.

c. No Eye Irritation data available for **Line Pipe** as a mixture. The following Eye Irritation information was found for the components:

- **Iron and Molybdenum:** Causes eye irritation.
- **Nickel:** Slight eye irritation from particulate abrasion only.

d. No Skin (Dermal) Sensitization data available for **Line Pipe** as a mixture. The following Skin (Dermal) Sensitization information was found for the components:

- **Nickel:** May cause allergic skin sensitization.

e. No Respiratory Sensitization data available for **Line Pipe** as a mixture or its components.

f. No Germ Cell Mutagenicity data available for **Line Pipe** as a mixture. The following Mutagenicity and Genotoxicity information was found for the components:

- **Iron:** IUCLID has found some positive and negative findings in vitro.
- **Nickel:** EU RAR has found positive results in vitro and in vivo but insufficient data for classification.

g. Carcinogenicity: IARC, NTP, and OSHA do not list **Line Pipe** as carcinogens. The following Carcinogenicity information was found for the components:

- **Welding Fumes** - IARC Group 2B carcinogen, a mixture that is possibly carcinogenic to humans.
- **Chromium (as metal and trivalent chromium compounds)** - IARC Group 3 carcinogens, not classifiable as to their human carcinogenicity.
- **Nickel and certain nickel compounds** - Group 2B - metallic nickel Group 1 - nickel compounds ACGIH confirmed human carcinogen. Nickel - EURAR Insufficient evidence to conclude carcinogenic potential in animals or humans; suspect carcinogen classification Category 2 Suspected of causing cancer.

h. No Toxic to Reproduction data available for **Line Pipe** as a mixture. The following Toxic to Reproductive information was found for the components:

- **Nickel:** Effects on fertility.

i. No Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) following a Single Exposure data available for **Line Pipe** as a mixture. The following STOT following a Single Exposure data was found for the components:

- **Iron and Molybdenum:** Irritating to respiratory tract.

j. No Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) following Repeated Exposure data was available for **Line Pipe** as a whole. The following STOT following Repeated Exposure data was found for the components:

- **Copper:** Target organs affected - Skin, eyes liver, kidneys and respiratory tract.
- **Nickel:** Rat 4 wk inhalation LOEL 4 mg/m³ Lung and Lymph node histopathology. Rat 2 yr inhalation LOEL 0.1 mg/m³ Pigment in kidney, effects on hematopoiesis spleen and bone marrow and adrenal tumor. Rat 13 Week Inhalation LOAEC 1.0 mg/m³ Lung weights, and Alveolar histopathology.
- **Manganese:** Inhalation of metal fumes - Degenerative changes in human Brain; Behavioral: Changes in motor activity and muscle weakness (Whitlock *et al.*, 1966).

Section 11 - Toxicological Information (continued)

11(a-e) Information on Toxicological Effects (continued):

The above toxicity information was determined from available scientific sources to illustrate the prevailing posture of the scientific community. The scientific resources includes: The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienist (ACGIH) Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) and Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) with Other Worldwide Occupational Exposure Values 2013, The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), The National Toxicology Program (NTP) updated documentation, the World Health Organization (WHO) and other available resources, the International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID), European Union Risk Assessment Report (EU-RAR), Concise International Chemical Assessment Documents (CICAD), European Union Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (EU-SCOEL), Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR), Hazardous Substance Data Bank (HSDB), and International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS).

The following health hazard information is provided regardless to classification criteria and is based on the individual component(s) and potential resultant components from further processing:

Acute Effects by component:

- **Iron and Oxides:** Iron is harmful if swallowed, causes skin irritation, and causes eye irritation. Contact with iron oxide has been reported to cause skin irritation and serious eye damage.
- **Chromium, Oxides and Hexavalent Chrome:** Hexavalent chrome causes damage to gastrointestinal tract, lung, severe skin burns and eye damage, serious eye damage, skin contact may cause an allergic skin reaction. Inhalation may cause allergic or asthmatic symptoms or breathing difficulties.
- **Copper and Oxides:** Copper may cause allergic skin reaction. Copper oxide is harmful if swallowed, causes skin and eye irritation, and may cause an allergic skin reaction.
- **Manganese and Oxides:** Manganese and Manganese oxide are harmful if swallowed.
- **Molybdenum and Oxides:** Molybdenum causes skin and eye irritation. Molybdenum oxide is toxic if swallowed, and causes eye irritation.
- **Nickel and Oxides:** Nickel may cause allergic skin sensitization. Nickel oxide may cause an allergic skin.

Delayed (chronic) Effects by Component:

- **Iron and Oxides:** Chronic inhalation of excessive concentrations of iron oxide fumes or dusts may result in the development of a benign pneumoconiosis, called siderosis, which is observable as an X-ray change. No physical impairment of lung function has been associated with siderosis. Inhalation of excessive concentrations of ferric oxide may enhance the risk of lung cancer development in workers exposed to pulmonary carcinogens. Iron oxide is listed as a Group 3 (not classifiable) carcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).
- **Chromium, Oxides and Hexavalent Chromium:** The health hazards associated with exposure to chromium are dependent upon its oxidation state. The metal form (chromium as it exists in this product) is of very low toxicity. The hexavalent form is very toxic. Repeated or prolonged exposure to hexavalent chromium compounds may cause respiratory irritation, nosebleed, ulceration and perforation of the nasal septum. Industrial exposure to certain forms of hexavalent chromium has been related to an increased incidence of cancer. NTP (The National Toxicology Program) Fourth Annual report on Carcinogens cites "certain Chromium compounds" as human carcinogens. ACGIH has reviewed the toxicity data and concluded that chromium metal is not classifiable as a human carcinogen. Hexavalent chromium may cause genetic defects and is suspected of damaging the unborn child. Developmental toxicity in the mouse, suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- **Copper and Oxides:** Inhalation of high concentrations of freshly formed oxide fumes and dusts of copper can cause metal fume fever. Chronic inhalation of copper dust has caused, in animals, hemolysis of the red blood cells, deposition of hemofuscin in the liver and pancreas, injury to lung cells and gastrointestinal symptoms.
- **Manganese and Oxides:** Chronic exposure to high concentrations of manganese fumes and dusts may adversely affect the central nervous system with symptoms including languor, sleepiness, weakness, emotional disturbances, spastic gait, mask-like facial expression and paralysis. Animal studies indicate that manganese exposure may increase susceptibility to bacterial and viral infections. Occupational overexposure (Manganese) is a progressive, disabling neurological syndrome that typically begins with relatively mild symptoms and evolves to include altered gait, fine tremor, and sometimes, psychiatric disturbances. May cause damage to lungs with repeated or prolonged exposure. Neurobehavioral alterations in worker populations exposed to MnO including: speed and coordination of motor function are especially impaired.
- **Molybdenum and Oxides:** Certain handling operations, such as burning and welding, may generate both insoluble molybdenum compounds (metal and molybdenum dioxide) and soluble molybdenum compounds (molybdenum trioxide). Molybdenum compounds generally exhibit a low order of toxicity with the trioxide the more toxic. However, some reports indicate that the dust of the molybdenum metal, molybdenum dioxide and molybdenum trioxide may cause eye, skin, nose and throat irritation in animals. Also has been reported to cause induction of tumors in experimental animals, suspected of causing cancer. Molybdenum oxide is suspected of causing cancer in humans.
- **Nickel and Oxides:** Exposure to nickel dusts and fumes can cause sensitization dermatitis, respiratory irritation, asthma, pulmonary fibrosis, edema, and may cause nasal or lung cancer in humans. Causes damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated inhalation exposure. IARC lists nickel and certain nickel compounds as Group 2B carcinogens (sufficient animal data). ACGIH 2013 TLVs® and BEIs® lists insoluble nickel compounds as confirmed human carcinogens. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

12(a) Ecotoxicity (aquatic & terrestrial): No Data Available for **Line Pipe** as sold/shipped. However, individual components of the product when processed have been found to be toxic to the environment. Metal dusts may migrate into soil and groundwater and be ingested by wildlife as follows:

- **Iron Oxide:** LC₅₀: >1000 mg/L; Fish 48 h-EC₅₀ > 100 mg/L (Currenta, 2008k); 96 h-LC₀ ≥ 50,000 mg/L. Test substance: Bayferrox 130 red (95 – 97% Fe₂O₃; < 4% SiO₂ and Al₂O₃) (Bayer, 1989a).
- **Hexavalent Chrome:** EU RAR listed as category 1, found acute EC₅₀ and LD₅₀ to algae and invertebrates < 1 mg.
- **Nickel Oxide:** IUCLID found LC₅₀ in fish, invertebrates and algae > 100 mg/L.

12(b) Persistence & Degradability: No Data Available

12(c) Bioaccumulative Potential: No Data Available

12(d) Mobility (in soil): No data available for this product as sold/shipped. However, individual components of the product have been found to be absorbed by plants from soil.

12(e) Other Adverse Effects: None Known

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Section 12 - Ecological Information (continued)

Additional Information:

Hazard Category: Not Reported

Signal Word: No Signal Word

Hazard Symbol: No Symbol

Hazard Statement: No Statement

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Disposal: **Line Pipe** should be recycled whenever possible. Product dusts and fumes from processing operations should also be recycled, or classified by a competent environmental professional and disposed of in accordance with applicable federal, state or local regulations

Container Cleaning and Disposal: Follow applicable federal, state and local regulations. Observe safe handling precautions. European Waste Catalogue (EWC): 16-01-17 (ferrous metals), 12-01-99 (wastes not otherwise specified), 16-03 (off specification batches and unused products), or 15-01-04 (metallic packaging).

Please note this information is for Line Pipe in its original form. Any alterations can void this information.

Section 14 - Transport Information

14 (a-g) Transportation Information:

US Department of Transportation (DOT) under 49 CFR 172.101 **does not** regulate **Line Pipe** as a hazardous material. All federal, state, and local laws and regulations that apply to the transport of this type of material must be adhered to.

Shipping Name: Not Applicable (NA) Shipping Symbols: NA Hazard Class: NA UN No.: NA Packing Group: NA DOT/IMO Label: NA Special Provisions (172.102): NA	Packaging Authorizations a) Exceptions: NA b) Group: NA c) Authorization: NA	Quantity Limitations a) Passenger, Aircraft, or Railcar: NA b) Cargo Aircraft Only: NA Vessel Stowage Requirements a) Vessel Stowage: NA b) Other: NA DOT Reportable Quantities: NA

International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) and the Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID) classification, packaging and shipping requirements follow the US DOT Hazardous Materials Regulation.

Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) **does not** regulate **Line Pipe** as a hazardous material.

Shipping Name: Not Applicable (NA) Classification Code: NA UN No.: NA Packing Group: NA ADR Label: NA Special Provisions: NA Limited Quantities: NA	Packaging a) Packing Instructions: NA b) Special Packing Provisions: NA c) Mixed Packing Provisions: NA	Portable Tanks & Bulk Containers a) Instructions: NA b) Special Provisions: NA

International Air Transport Association (IATA) **does not** regulate **Line Pipe** as a hazardous material.

Shipping Name: Not Applicable (NA) Class/Division: NA Hazard Label (s): NA UN No.: NA Packing Group: NA Excepted Quantities (EQ): NA	Passenger & Cargo Aircraft Limited Quantity (EQ) Pkg Inst: NA Max Net Qty/Pkg: NA	Cargo Aircraft Only: Pkg Inst: NA Max Net Qty/Pkg: NA	Special Provisions: NA ERG Code: NA

Pkg Inst – Packing Instructions

Max Net Qty/Pkg – Maximum Net Quantity per Package

ERG – Emergency Response Drill Code

Transport Dangerous Goods (TDG) Classification: **Line Pipe** does not have a TDG classification.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Regulatory Information: *The following listing of regulations relating to a U. S. Steel product may not be complete and should not be solely relied upon for all regulatory compliance responsibilities. This product and/or its constituents are subject to the following regulations:*

SARA Potential Hazard Categories: Immediate Acute Health Hazard; Delayed Chronic Health Hazard.

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Section 15 - Regulatory Information (continued)

Section 313 Supplier Notification: The product, **Line Pipe** contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

CAS #	Chemical Name	Percent by Weight
7440-47-3	Chromium	1.0 max
7440-50-8	Copper	1.0 max
7439-96-5	Manganese	2.5 max
7440-02-0	Nickel	1.0 max

State Regulations: The product, **Line Pipe** as a whole is not listed in any state regulations. However, individual components of the product are listed in various state regulations:

California Prop. 65: Contains elements known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity. This includes chromium compounds and nickel.

Other Regulations:

WHMIS Classification (Canadian): The product, **Line Pipe** is not listed as a whole. However individual components are listed.

Ingredients	WHMIS Classification
Copper	D2B, B4
Manganese	B4, D2A
Molybdenum	B4, D2B
Nickel	D2B

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Section 16 - Other Information

Prepared By: United States Steel Corporation

Revision History:

4/14/2014 - Update to OSHA HAZ COM 2012

12/16/10 – Combined the following three SDS's to create one that covers all three of these products:

Update of content and format to comply with GHS:

IHS Number	Product Name	USS Code	SRP Number
28457	Line Pipe – Alloy Steel oil and Gas Transmission Pipe	4A020	
18881	Line Pipe – Carbon Steel Oil and Gas Transmission Pipe	4C020	
1853	Line Pipe – HSLA Steel Oil and Gas Transmission Pipe	4H020	

Additional Information:

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS) Classification

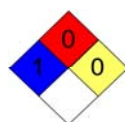
Health Hazard	1
Fire Hazard	0
Physical Hazard	0

HEALTH= 1, Denotes possible chronic hazard if airborne dusts or fumes are generated Irritation or minor reversible injury possible.

FIRE= 0, Materials that will not burn.

PHYSICAL HAZARD= 0, Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosives.

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



HEALTH = 1, Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual injury even if no treatment is given.

FIRE = 0, Materials that will not burn.

INSTABILITY = 0, Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.

ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS:

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
BEIs	Biological Exposure Indices
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CNS	Central Nervous System
GI, GIT	Gastro-Intestinal, Gastro-Intestinal Tract
HMIS	Hazardous Materials Identification System
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
LC50	Median Lethal Concentration
LD50	Median Lethal Dose
LD_{Lo}	Lowest Dose to have killed animals or humans

NIF	No Information Found
NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NTP	National Toxicology Program
ORC	Organization Resources Counselors
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
PNOR	Particulate Not Otherwise Regulated
PNOC	Particulate Not Otherwise Classified
PPE	Personal Protective Equipment
ppm	parts per million
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances

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Section 16 - Other Information (continued)

ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS (continued):

LEL	Lower Explosive Limit	SARA	Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act
LOEL	Lowest Observed Effect Level	SCBA	Self-contained Breathing Apparatus
LOAEC	Lowest Observable Adverse Effect Concentration	SDS	Safety Data Sheet
µg/m³	microgram per cubic meter of air	STEL	Short-term Exposure Limit
mg/m³	milligram per cubic meter of air	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
mppcf	million particles per cubic foot	TWA	Time-weighted Average
MSHA	Mine Safety and Health Administration	UEL	Upper Explosive Limit
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association		

Disclaimer: This information is taken from sources or based upon data believed to be reliable. However, United States Steel Corporation makes no warranty as to the absolute correctness or sufficiency of any of the foregoing or that additional or other measures may not be required under particular conditions.

Safety Data Sheet



1. Identification

Product Name:	PRO LSPP 6PK MARK FLUORESCENT ORANGE	Revision Date:	6/5/2015
Product Identifier:	2554838	Supersedes Date:	New SDS
Product Use/Class:	Marking Paint/Aerosols		
Supplier:	Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA	Manufacturer:	Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA
Preparer:	Regulatory Department		
Emergency Telephone:	24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700		

2. Hazard Identification

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word

Danger

Possible Hazards

60% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

Flammable Aerosol, category 1	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
Acute Toxicity, Dermal, category 4	H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity, category 1B	H340	May cause genetic defects . Classified as mutagenic Category 1 if one ingredient is present at or above 0.1% Applies to liquids, Solids (w/w units) and gases (v/v). The substance may also have its own exposure limit. Routes of exposure are dependant on ingredient form.
Carcinogenicity, category 1B	H350	May cause cancer. Classified as carcinogenic Category 1 on the basis of epidemiological and/or animal data. Mixtures are classified as carcinogenic when at least 1 ingredient has been classified as carcinogenic and is present at 0.1% or above Routes of exposure are dependant on ingredient form.

GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/ 122°F.

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Wt.% Range</u>	<u>GHS Symbols</u>	<u>GHS Statements</u>
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-89-8	10-25	GHS08	H304-340-350
Propane	74-98-6	10-25	No Information	No Information
Limestone	1317-65-3	10-25	No Information	No Information
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	2.5-10	No Information	No Information
n-Butane	106-97-8	2.5-10	No Information	No Information
Acetone	67-64-1	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H225-319-336
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H226-336
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	64742-47-8	2.5-10	GHS06-GHS08	H304-331
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	64742-49-0	1.0-2.5	GHS08	H304-340-350
Organoclay	68911-87-5	1.0-2.5	No Information	No Information
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	0.1-1.0	GHS08	H304-340-350-372
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1-1.0	GHS02-GHS07	H225-332

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "16. Other Information" section.

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN 20°F. EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR! Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Contents under pressure. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class I flammable liquids. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Contents under pressure. Do not expose to heat or store above 120 ° F. Avoid excess heat. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-89-8	20.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Propane	74-98-6	20.0	1000 ppm	N.E.	1000 ppm	N.E.
Limestone	1317-65-3	20.0	N.E.	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	10.0	2 mg/m3	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
n-Butane	106-97-8	10.0	N.E.	1000 ppm	N.E.	N.E.
Acetone	67-64-1	10.0	500 ppm	750 ppm	1000 ppm	N.E.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	5.0	150 ppm	200 ppm	150 ppm	N.E.
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	64742-47-8	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	64742-49-0	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Organoclay	68911-87-5	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	1.0	100 ppm	N.E.	500 ppm	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.0	20 ppm	N.E.	100 ppm	N.E.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Aerosolized Mist	Physical State:	Liquid
Odor:	Solvent Like	Odor Threshold:	N.E.
Relative Density:	0.871	pH:	N.A.
Freeze Point, °C:	N.D.	Viscosity:	N.D.
Solubility in Water:	Slight	Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/ water:	N.D.
Decomposition Temp., °C:	N.D.	Explosive Limits, vol%:	0.9 - 13.0
Boiling Range, °C:	-24 - 537	Flash Point, °C:	-96
Flammability:	Supports Combustion	Auto-ignition Temp., °C:	N.D.
Evaporation Rate:	Faster than Ether	Vapor Pressure:	N.D.
Vapor Density:	Heavier than Air		

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid temperatures above 120 °F (49°C) Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases. Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalis.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Substance may cause slight skin irritation. May cause skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Harmful if inhaled. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed; can enter lungs and cause damage.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B).

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Oral LD50</u>	<u>Dermal LD50</u>	<u>Vapor LC50</u>
64742-89-8	Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	N.I.	3000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.
74-98-6	Propane	N.I.	N.I.	658 mg/L Rat
123-86-4	n-Butyl Acetate	N.I.	>17600 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated Light Distillate	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	>5.2 mg/L Rat
64742-49-0	Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>3160 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg Rat	15354 mg/kg Rabbit	17.2 mg/L Rat

N.I. - No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components. Product is a mixture of listed components.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

14. Transport Information

	<u>Domestic (USDOT)</u>	<u>International (IMDG)</u>	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	<u>TDG (Canada)</u>
UN Number:	N.A.	1950	1950	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint Products in Limited Quantities	Aerosols	Aerosols	Paint Products in Limited Quantities
Hazard Class:	N.A.	2.1	2.1	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:**CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category**

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Pressure Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

Chemical Name

Ethylbenzene

CAS-No.

100-41-4

Toxic Substances Control Act:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

16. Other Information**HMIS RATINGS**

Health: 2* Flammability: 4 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X

NFPA RATINGS

Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Instability: 0

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, g/L: 522

MSDS REVISION DATE: 6/5/2015

REASON FOR REVISION:

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

GHS02



GHS06



GHS07**GHS08**

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

Oxygen, refrigerated liquid

Safety Data Sheet P-4637

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 11/23/2015 Supersedes: 10/03/2014

SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance
Name : Oxygen, refrigerated liquid
CAS No : 7782-44-7
Formula : O₂
Other means of identification : Oxygen (cryogenic liquid), Liquid Oxygen, Medipure Liquid Oxygen

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use
Medical applications.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.
39 Old Ridgebury Road
Danbury, CT 06810-5113 - USA
T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146
www.praxair.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24 hr/day 7 days/week
— Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887
(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

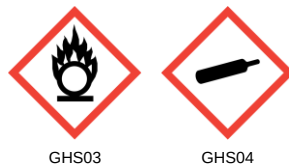
GHS-US classification

Ox. Gas 1 H270
Refrigerated liquefied gas H281

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS03

GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) : DANGER
Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H270 - MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER
H281 - CONTAINS REFRIGERATED GAS; MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR INJURY
CGA-HG13 - COMBUSTIBLES IN CONTACT WITH LIQUID OXYGEN MAY EXPLODE ON IGNITION OR IMPACT.
Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P220 - Keep/Store away from clothing, combustible materials
P244 - Keep reduction valves/valves and fittings free from oil and grease
P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.
P282 - Wear cold insulating gloves, face shield, eye protection
P370+P376 - In case of fire: stop leak if safe to do so
CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.
CGA-PG20+CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure.
CGA-PG22 - Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service.
CGA-PG24 - DO NOT change or force fit connections.

Oxygen, refrigerated liquid

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CGA-PG28 - Avoid spills. Do not walk on or roll equipment over spills.
CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty.
CGA-PG23 - Always keep container in upright position.

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: Breathing 80 percent or more oxygen at atmospheric pressure for more than a few hours may cause nasal stuffiness, cough, sore throat, chest pain, and breathing difficulty. Breathing oxygen at higher pressure increases the likelihood of adverse effects within a shorter time period. Breathing pure oxygen under pressure may cause lung damage and central nervous system (CNS) effects, resulting in dizziness, poor coordination, tingling sensation, visual and hearing disturbances, muscular twitching, unconsciousness, and convulsions. Breathing oxygen under pressure may cause prolongation of adaptation to darkness and reduced peripheral vision.

Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Name	Product identifier	%
Oxygen, refrigerated liquid (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 7782-44-7	100

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove victim to uncontaminated area. Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: The liquid may cause frostbite. For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an ophthalmologist immediately. Get immediate medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion

: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Vigorously accelerates combustion. Use media appropriate for surrounding fire. Water (e.g., safety shower) is the preferred extinguishing media for clothing fires.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard

: Oxidising agent; vigorously accelerates combustion. Contact with flammable materials may cause fire or explosion.

Reactivity

: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

Oxygen, refrigerated liquid

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5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions** : DANGER! Extremely cold liquid and gas under pressure. Take care not to direct spray onto vents on top of container. Do not discharge sprays directly into liquid; cryogenic liquid can freeze water rapidly.
- Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.
- Protection during firefighting** : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
- Special protective equipment for fire fighters** : Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
- Specific methods** : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.
- Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.
- Stop flow of product if safe to do so.
- Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.
- If leaking do not spray water onto container. Water surrounding area (from protected position) to contain fire.
- Other information** : Do not walk on or roll equipment over a spill; any impact could cause an explosion. Smoking, flames, and electric sparks are potential explosion hazards in oxygen-enriched atmospheres.
- Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by DOT.)
- Cryogenic liquid causes severe frostbite, a burn-like injury. Heat of fire can build pressure in a closed container and cause it to rupture. Venting vapors may obscure visibility. Air will condense on surfaces such as vaporizers or piping exposed to liquid or cold gas. Nitrogen, which has a lower boiling point than oxygen, evaporates first, leaving an oxygen-enriched condensate.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- General measures** : Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Eliminate ignition sources. Evacuate area. Try to stop release. Monitor concentration of released product. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Never use oxygen as a substitute for compressed air. Never use an oxygen jet for any type of cleaning, especially for cleaning clothing. Oxygen-saturated clothing may burst into flame at the slightest spark and be quickly consumed in an engulfing fire. Do not get liquid in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Persons exposed to high concentrations of liquid oxygen should stay in a well-ventilated or open area for 30 minutes before entering a confined space or going near any source of ignition. Immediately remove clothing exposed to oxygen and air it out to reduce the likelihood of an engulfing fire. Prevent ignition sources, such as static electricity generated in clothing while walking.

Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post "No Smoking" or "Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g., NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

When working with cryogenic/cold liquid or gas under pressure, avoid using materials that are incompatible with cryogenic use. Some metals, such as carbon steel, may fracture easily at low temperature. Use only transfer lines designed for cryogenic liquids. Prevent liquid or cold gas from being trapped in piping between valves. Equip the piping with pressure relief devices. Praxair recommends piping all vents to the exterior of the building.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Oxygen, refrigerated liquid (7782-44-7)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established

Oxygen, refrigerated liquid

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8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Avoid oxygen rich (>23,5%) atmospheres. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available). Gas detectors should be used when oxidising gases may be released. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Consider work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.
Hand protection	: Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.
Eye protection	: Wear safety glasses with side shields. Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.
Skin and body protection	: Wear loose-fitting, cryogenic gloves, and that are free of oil and grease. Wear metatarsal shoes for container handling, and protective clothing where needed. Cuffless trousers should be worn outside the shoes. Select in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138.
Respiratory protection	: None required under normal use. An air-supplied respirator must be used while working with this product in confined spaces. The respiratory protection used must conform with OSHA rules as specified in 29 CFR 1910.134. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2.
Thermal hazard protection	: Wear cold insulating gloves. Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.
Environmental exposure controls	: None necessary.
Other information	: Consider the use of flame resistant safety clothing. Wear safety shoes while handling containers.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Gas
Appearance	: Colorless gas.
Molecular mass	: 32 g/mol
Colour	: Bluish liquid.
Odour	: Odourless.
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: Not applicable.
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: -219 °C (-362°F)
Freezing point	: -218.4 °C (-361°F)
Boiling point	: -183 °C (-297°F)
Flash point	: No data available
Critical temperature	: -118.6 °C (-181°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: Not applicable.
Critical pressure	: 50.4 bar (731.4 psia)
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: 1.1
Density	: 1.4289 kg/m ³ (at 21.1 °C)
Relative gas density	: 1.1
Solubility	: Water: 39 mg/l
Log Pow	: Not applicable.
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.

Oxygen, refrigerated liquid

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Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidising properties	: Oxidiser.
Explosive limits	: No data available

9.2. Other information

Gas group	: Refrigerated liquefied gas
Additional information	: Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion if spilt on organic structural materials (e.g. wood or asphalt). Violently oxidises organic material.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

Consult supplier for specific recommendations. Consider the potential toxicity hazard due to the presence of chlorinated or fluorinated polymers in high pressure (> 30 bar) oxygen lines in case of combustion. Keep equipment free from oil and grease. May react violently with combustible materials. May react violently with reducing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: No ecological damage caused by this product.

Oxygen, refrigerated liquid

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12.2. Persistence and degradability

Oxygen, refrigerated liquid (7782-44-7)

Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Oxygen, refrigerated liquid (7782-44-7)

Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Oxygen, refrigerated liquid (7782-44-7)

Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects	: Can cause frost damage to vegetation.
Effect on ozone layer	: None.
Effect on the global warming	: No known effects from this product.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods	: Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous.
Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT	
Transport document description	: UN1073 Oxygen, refrigerated liquid, 2.2 (5.1)
UN-No.(DOT)	: UN1073
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Oxygen, refrigerated liquid (cryogenic liquid)
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT)	: 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 2.2 - Non-flammable gas 5.1 - Oxidiser



DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: T75 - When portable tank instruction T75 is referenced in Column (7) of the 172.101 Table, the applicable refrigerated liquefied gases are authorized to be transported in portable tanks in accordance with the requirements of 178.277 of this subchapter. TP5 - For a portable tank used for the transport of flammable refrigerated liquefied gases or refrigerated liquefied oxygen, the maximum rate at which the portable tank may be filled must not exceed the liquid flow capacity of the primary pressure relief system rated at a pressure not exceeding 120 percent of the portable tank's design pressure. For portable tanks used for the transport of refrigerated liquefied helium and refrigerated liquefied atmospheric gas (except oxygen), the maximum rate at which the tank is filled must not exceed the liquid flow capacity of the pressure relief device rated at 130 percent of the portable tank's design pressure. Except for a portable tank containing refrigerated liquefied helium, a portable tank shall have an outage of at least two percent below the inlet of the pressure relief device or pressure control valve, under conditions of incipient opening, with the portable tank in a level attitude. No outage is required for helium. TP22 - Lubricants for portable tank fittings (for example, gaskets, shut-off valves, flanges) must be oxygen compatible.

Oxygen, refrigerated liquid

Safety Data Sheet P-4637

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 11/23/2015 Supersedes: 10/03/2014

Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	: 122 (UN1072)
Other information	: No supplementary information available.
Special transport precautions	: Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: - Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1073
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: OXYGEN, REFRIGERATED LIQUID
Class (IMDG)	: 2 - Gases
MFAG-No	: 122

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA)	: 1073
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Oxygen, refrigerated liquid
Class (IATA)	: 2
Civil Aeronautics Law	: Gases under pressure/Gases nonflammable nontoxic under pressure(Hazardous materials notice Appended Table 1 Article 194 of the Enforcement Regulations)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Oxygen, refrigerated liquid (7782-44-7)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Sudden release of pressure hazard

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

This product or mixture does not contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Oxygen, refrigerated liquid (7782-44-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

Oxygen, refrigerated liquid (7782-44-7)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

Oxygen, refrigerated liquid

Safety Data Sheet P-4637

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 11/23/2015 Supersedes: 10/03/2014

15.2.2. National regulations

Oxygen, refrigerated liquid (7782-44-7)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances)

15.3. US State regulations

Oxygen, refrigerated liquid(7782-44-7)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

Praxair SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.praxair.com. If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write the Praxair Call Center (Phone: 1-800-PRAXAIR/1-800-772-9247; Address: Praxair Call Center, Praxair, Inc., P.O. Box 44, Tonawanda, NY 14151-0044).

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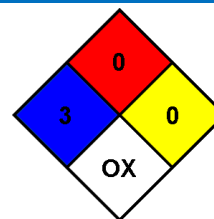
Oxygen, refrigerated liquid

Safety Data Sheet P-4637

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 11/23/2015 Supersedes: 10/03/2014

NFPA health hazard	: 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.
NFPA fire hazard	: 0 - Materials that will not burn.
NFPA reactivity	: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.
NFPA specific hazard	: OX - This denotes an oxidizer, a chemical which can greatly increase the rate of combustion/fire.



HMIS III Rating

Health	: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	: 0 Minimal Hazard
Physical	: 2 Moderate Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Airgas

Oxygen

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Oxygen
Chemical name	: oxygen
Other means of identification	: Molecular oxygen; Oxygen molecule; Pure oxygen; O ₂ ; UN 1072; Dioxygen; Oxygen USP, Aviator's Breathing Oxygen (ABO)
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
Synonym	: Molecular oxygen; Oxygen molecule; Pure oxygen; O ₂ ; UN 1072; Dioxygen; Oxygen USP, Aviator's Breathing Oxygen (ABO)
SDS #	: 001043
Supplier's details	: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
24-hour telephone	: 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: OXIDIZING GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Precautionary statements

General

: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Open valve slowly. Use only with equipment cleaned for Oxygen service.

Prevention

: Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep reduction valves, valves and fittings free from oil and grease.

Response

: In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.

Storage

: Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal

: Not applicable.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Substance
Chemical name	: oxygen
Other means of identification	: Molecular oxygen; Oxygen molecule; Pure oxygen; O ₂ ; UN 1072; Dioxygen; Oxygen USP, Aviator's Breathing Oxygen (ABO)

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: 7782-44-7
Product code	: 001043

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
oxygen	100	7782-44-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Frostbite	: Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
Ingestion	: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

Section 4. First aid measures

- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Contains gas under pressure. Oxidizing material. This material increases the risk of fire and may aid combustion. Contact with combustible material may cause fire. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : No specific data.

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk.

- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- Environmental precautions** : Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
- Large spill** : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Section 7. Handling and storage

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep reduction valves free from grease and oil. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Separate from acids, alkalis, reducing agents and combustibles. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

oxygen

None.

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Gas. [Compressed gas.]
- Color** : Colorless. Blue.
- Molecular weight** : 32 g/mole
- Molecular formula** : O₂
- Boiling/condensation point** : -183°C (-297.4°F)
- Melting/freezing point** : -218.4°C (-361.1°F)
- Critical temperature** : -118.15°C (-180.7°F)
- Odor** : Odorless.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Flash point** : [Product does not sustain combustion.]
- Burning time** : Not applicable.
- Burning rate** : Not applicable.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: reducing materials, combustible materials and organic materials.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.
- Vapor pressure** : Not available.
- Vapor density** : 1.1 (Air = 1)
- Specific Volume (ft³/lb)** : 12.0482
- Gas Density (lb/ft³)** : 0.083
- Relative density** : Not applicable.
- Solubility** : Not available.
- Solubility in water** : Not available.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : 0.65
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- SADT** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Conditions may include the following: contact with combustible materials Reactions may include the following: risk of causing fire
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: combustible materials reducing materials grease oil
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Hazardous polymerization	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 11. Toxicological information

- Skin contact** : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
Inhalation : No specific data.
Skin contact : No specific data.
Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
oxygen	0.65	-	low

Mobility in soil

- Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})** : Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1072	UN1072	UN1072	UN1072	UN1072
UN proper shipping name	OXYGEN, COMPRESSED	OXYGEN, COMPRESSED	OXYGEN, COMPRESSED	OXYGEN, COMPRESSED	OXYGEN, COMPRESSED
Transport hazard class(es)	2.2 (5.1)  	2.2 	2.2 (5.1)  	2.2 (5.1)  	2.2 (5.1)  
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 75 kg Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 150 kg Special provisions A52	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2), 2.23-2.25 (Class 5). Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 ERAP Index 3000 Passenger Carrying Ship Index 50 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 75 Special provisions 42	-	-	Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 75 kg Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 150 kg

“Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product.”

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not available.
to Annex II of MARPOL
73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** This material is listed or exempted.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Not listed
**(b) Hazardous Air
Pollutants (HAPs)**

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed
Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed
Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals : Not listed
(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals : Not listed
(Essential Chemicals)

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Sudden release of pressure

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
oxygen	100	No.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

State regulations

Massachusetts : This material is listed.

New York : This material is not listed.

New Jersey : This material is listed.

Pennsylvania : This material is listed.

International regulations

International lists

National inventory

Australia : This material is listed or exempted.

Canada : This material is listed or exempted.

China : This material is listed or exempted.

Europe : This material is listed or exempted.

Japan : Not determined.

Malaysia : Not determined.

New Zealand : This material is listed or exempted.

Philippines : This material is listed or exempted.

Republic of Korea : This material is listed or exempted.

Taiwan : This material is listed or exempted.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class A: Compressed gas.
 Class C: Oxidizing material.
CEPA Toxic substances: This material is not listed.
Canadian ARET: This material is not listed.
Canadian NPRI: This material is not listed.
Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed.
Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed.
Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements : Class A: Compressed gas.
 Class C: Oxidizing material.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	0
Flammability	0
Physical hazards	3

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Ox. Gas 1, H270 Press. Gas Comp. Gas, H280	Expert judgment According to package

History

Date of printing : 8/26/2015
Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/26/2015
Date of previous issue : No previous validation
Version : 0.01

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
UN = United Nations

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer: Black Swan Mfg. Co. 4540 W. Thomas St. Chicago, IL 60651-3318 Tel.: 800-252-5796 Fax: 773-227-3705 Web Site : www.blackswanmfg.com E-mail : info@blackswanmfg.com	For any Transportation or Medical Chemical Emergencies call: INFOTRAC (800) 535-5053 OR (352) 323-3500 24 hours per day - 7 days a week
Product Name: Pipe-Lube	Recommended Use: For lubrication of slip-on or "O" ring type joints with rubber or synthetic rubber type gaskets.

SECTION 2 – HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Labels None	NFPA HEALTH HAZARD 4 – Deadly 3 – Extreme Danger 2 – Hazardous 1 – Slight Hazardous 0 – Normal Material SPECIFIC HAZARD Oxidizer Acid Alkali Corrosive Use NO WATER Radioactive OX ACID ALK COR w ☢	Fire Hazard Flash Points 4 – Below 73°F 3 – Below 100°F 2 – Above 100°F, Not exceeding 200°F 1 – Above 200°F 0 – Will not burn REACTIVITY 4 – May detonate 3 – Shock and heat may detonate 2 – Violent chemical change 1 – Unstable if heated 0 – Stable	GHS Classification Health Acute Toxicity: Not Established Skin Irritation: Not Established Eye Irritation: Not Established Skin Sensitization: NO Environmental Acute Aquatic Toxicity: Not Established Chronic Aquatic Toxicity: Not Established
Signal Word None			Physical None
HMS HEALTH 1 FLAMMABILITY 0 REACTIVITY 0			Hazardous Statements None
			Precautionary Statements P102: Keep out of reach of children P233: Keep container tightly closed P262: Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing P264: Wash thoroughly after handling P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemicals	CAS#	EINECS#	REACH Pre-registration Number	Approx %
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-58-3	215-181-3	N/A	5-15%
FATTY ACIDS - C16-18 AND C18-UNSATD	67701-08-0	N/A	N/A	30-60%
DISTILLATES HYDROTREATED LIGHT NAPHTHENIC	64742-53-6	265-156-6	N/A	15-25%
1,2-PROPANEDIOL	57-55-6	N/A	N/A	3-7%

*Unlisted ingredients are not classified as hazardous according to OSHA 1910.1200.

SECTION 4 – FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Not expected to be a normal route of exposure. Skin: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs get medical advice/attention. Eyes: Do not rub eyes. Flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, holding eyelids open. Consult a physician if irritation persists. Ingestion: If swallowed, immediately call a poison center or physician. Rinse mouth. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 5 – FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire Hazard: None.
Combustion Products: None.
Extinguishing Media: Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Water, Foam.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: None known.
Protective Equipment: Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus & protective clothing.
Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Evacuate enclosed areas, stay upwind. Closed or confined quarters require self-contained breathing apparatus, positive pressure hose masks or airline masks.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Wear appropriate shoes to avoid slips.
Protective Equipment: None.
Emergency Procedures: None.
Environmental Precautions: This is a biodegradable soap. Avoid runoff into storm sewers, ditches, and waterways.
Methods for Cleaning Up: Scrape up or use absorbing material to pick up. Place in a clean, dry, leak proof container.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

<u>Handling</u>	<u>Storage</u>
Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area.	Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers may contain residue; treat as if full and observe all product precautions. Do not reuse empty containers. Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

This product is not classified as hazardous according to OSHA 1910.1200.

Engineering Controls: A source of running water to flush or wash the eyes and skin in case of contact. Use local exhaust as needed.
Ventilation: None needed.
Personal Protective Equipment – Respiratory: None. **Skin:** Rubber gloves. **Eyes:** Glasses recommended.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Amber	Flash Point: >250°F (121°C)	Vapor Pressure: Negligible
Odor: Odorless	Specific Gravity: >1.0	Flammability: Not Established
pH: 11	Solubility (H2O): Insoluble	Flammability Limits: LEL – Not Established
Melting Point: <32°F	Evaporation Rate: Not Established	UEL – Not Established
Freezing Point: Not Established	Vapor Density: Not Established	
Boiling Point: >220°F	VOC: 50 g/l	

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable.
Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.
Conditions to avoid: Reactive alloys like aluminum, brass, bronze.
Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products: Thermal oxidative decomposition can produce oxides of Carbon and Nitrogen.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

This product is not classified as hazardous according to OSHA 1910.1200.

Likely Routes of Exposure: Skin Contact and Eye Contact.
Symptoms and Effect – Inhalation: Not a likely route of entry. **Skin Contact:** Slight skin irritant if allowed to remain in contact. **Eye Contact:** Slight eye irritant. **Ingestion:** Not a likely route of entry.
Long-Term Effect: None known.
Pre-Existing Conditions: None known.

GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: None known.

Persistence & Degradability: None known.

Bioaccumulative Potential: None known.

Mobility in soil: In normal use, emission of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC's) to the air takes place, typically at a rate of 50 g/l.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Dispose of product or container in accordance with federal, state or local regulations.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

D.O.T. (U.S.): Not Regulated.

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

Precautionary Label Information: None.

Risk Phrases: None.

Safety Phrases: S2-Keep out of reach of children.

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

Information on this form is furnished solely for the purpose of compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act and shall not be used for any other purpose. Black Swan Mfg. Co. urges the customers receiving this Material Safety Data Sheet to study it carefully to become aware of the hazards, if any, of the product involved. In the interest of safety, you should notify your employees, agents and contractors of the information on the sheets.

DATE: 01/01/2015

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name GASOILA® PLS 2 Pipe Thread and Gasket Sealer

Other means of Identification

Product Code PB04, PB 16, PL 28

Recommended Use Pipe Thread Sealant.

Recommended Restrictions None Known.

Manufacturer

Company Name Federal Process Corporation
Address 4520 Richmond Road
Cleveland OH 44128
Telephone 1-800-846-7325

Emergency Telephone Number: Call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300

Section 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid

Classification:

Flammable	Category 3
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Skin sensitization	Category 1

Signal Word:

Warning



Hazard Statements:

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.
H302 – Harmful if swallowed
H319 – Causes serious eye irritation.
H317 – May cause an allergic skin reaction

Precautionary Statements:

GASOILA®PLS 2

Prevention: P210 – Keep away heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking.
P261 – Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P272 – Contaminated clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response: P305 + P351 + P338 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P301 + P331 + P310 – IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P337 + P313 – If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P332 + P313 – If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Disposal: P501- Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other Hazards: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Unknown Acute Toxicity: 2% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

Section 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Weight %
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	<8.0
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	<5.0

Section 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures:

Eye Contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact If skin irritation occurs, rinse affected area with water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention. Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting Get medical attention immediately. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious individual.

Most Important Symptoms and effects:

Symptoms Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Do NOT ingest.

Section 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or water fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Not determined.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical:
Carbon oxides expected to be the primary hazardous combustion product.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters:
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus and other protective clothing.
(approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Section 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:

Personal Precautions: Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep unnecessary personnel away.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up:

Methods for Containment: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for Clean-Up: Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Section 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Advice on Safe Handling: Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Contaminated work-clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Color: Dark Grey.

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>
pH	N/A
Melting Point/Freezing Point	Not determined.
Boiling Point/Boiling Range	Not determined.
Flash Point	98F (37C) Closed Cup.
Evaporation Rate	Not determined.
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	n/a-liquid
Upper Flammability Limit	Not determined.
Lower Flammability Limit	Not determined.
Vapor Pressure	Not determined.
Vapor Density	Not determined.
Specific Gravity	1.44
Water Solubility	None.
Solubility in other Solvents	Not determined.
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not determined.
Auto-ignition Temperature	Not determined.
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined.
Kinematic Viscosity	Not determined.
Explosive Properties	Not determined.
Oxidizing Properties	Not determined.

Section 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<u>Reactivity:</u>	Not reactive under normal conditions.
<u>Chemical Stability:</u>	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
<u>Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:</u>	None under normal processing.
<u>Conditions to Avoid:</u>	Keep out of reach of children.
<u>Incompatible Materials:</u>	None known.
<u>Hazardous Decomposition Products:</u>	Oxides of carbon.

Section 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure:

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Inhalation: Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

Ingestion: Do not taste or swallow.

Component Information:

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	4,396 mg/kg (Rat) 3,600 mg/kg (Mouse)	12,870 mg/kg (Rabbit)	19,600 ppm (Rat)
2 butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	1,300 mg/g (Rat) 1,400 mg/g (Guinea Pig)	>2,000 mg/g (Rat) >2,000 mg/g (Guinea Pig)	>4.9mg/L (Rat, 3h) >3.4 mg/L (Guinea Pig, 1h)

Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects:

Symptoms: Please section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

Delayed and Immediate Effects as Well as Chronic Effects From Short and Long Term Exposure:

Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Carcinogenicity: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	NO	NO	NO	NO
2 butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	NO	NO	NO	NO

Legend

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer).

Group3 IARC components are "not classifiable as human carcinogens".

OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)

X - Present

Numerical Measures of Toxicity:

Not Determined.

Section 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

Toxic to aquatic life with lasting effects.

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Crustacea
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	EC50/72 hours Scenedesmus subspicatus >1,000 mg/L	LC50/96 hours Pimephales promelas: 9,640 mg/L	EC50/3 hours Activated sludge >1,000 mg/L	N/A
2 butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	EC50/Algae Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 72h 1,840 mg/L	LC50 96 hours Oncorhynchus mykiss, 1,474 mg/L	N/D	N/D

Persistence/Degradability: Not determined.

Bioaccumulation: Not determined.

Mobility: Not determined.

Other Adverse Effects: Not determined.

Section 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Method:

Disposal of Wastes: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Contaminated Packaging: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Section 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT: Consumer Commodity ORM-D.

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Consumer Commodity ORM-D.

CONTAINERS 1 GALLON AND OVER:

DOT HAZARD CLASS: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS N.O.S. (contains Alcohol) 3

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: FLAMMABLE LIQUID N.O.S. (contains Alcohol) 3

IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: UN1993, III

IATA: DO NOT SHIP BY AIR.

IMDG: This material may meet the definition of a marine pollutant.

Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories: Not determined.

U.S. Federal Regulations: Not determined.

SARA Title 313: Not determined.

U.S. State Regulations:

U.S Right-to-Know Regulations: Not determined.

Section 16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA:	Health Hazards 1	Flammability 2	Instability 0	Special Hazards Not determined
HMIS	Health Hazards 1	Flammability 2	Instability 0	Special Hazards Not determined

Issue Date: 1st March 2014

Revision Date: 1st May 2015

DISCLAIMER:

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	Oatey Plumber's Putty
Other means of identification	
Product code	1705E
Synonyms	Part Numbers: 31166, 31167, 31170, 31174, 48003, 48004
Recommended use	Plumbing Mastic
Recommended restrictions	Workers (and your customers or users in the case of resale) should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information	
Company Name	Oatey Co.
Address	4700 West 160th St. Cleveland, OH 44135
Telephone	216-267-7100
E-mail	info@oatey.com
Transport Emergency	Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)
Emergency First Aid	1-877-740-5015
Contact person	MSDS Coordinator

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Not classified.
Health hazards	Not classified.
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.
Label elements	
Hazard symbol	None.
Signal word	None.
Hazard statement	The mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Response	Wash hands after handling.
Storage	Store away from incompatible materials.
Disposal	Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Limestone	1317-65-3	60-90
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	5-30
Crystalline silica (Quartz)	14808-60-7	<1
Other components below reportable levels		9.85

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
Skin contact	Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Eye contact	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. If ingestion of a large amount does occur, call a poison control center immediately.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Coughing.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Treat symptomatically.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Following product recovery, flush area with water. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Keep formation of airborne dusts to a minimum. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Do not breathe dust. Avoid prolonged exposure.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in original tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)	PEL	5 mg/m ³	Mist.
		2000 mg/m ³	
		500 ppm	
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)	PEL	5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m ³	Total dust.

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.3 mg/m3	Total dust.
		0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
	TWA	10 mg/m3	Total

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**Eye/face protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection**Hand protection**

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

Use a particulate filter respirator for particulate concentrations exceeding the Occupational Exposure Limit.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance****Physical state**

Solid.

Form

Putty.

Color

Off-white.

Odor

Slight.

Odor threshold

Not available.

pH

Not applicable

Melting point/freezing point

Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not determined
Flash point	> 212.0 °F (> 100.0 °C)
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	1.87
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	> 500000 cP
Other information	
VOC (Weight %)	20 g/l

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Fluorine.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Coughing.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Not available.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity	In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) Risk of cancer cannot be excluded with prolonged exposure.
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity	
Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	1 Carcinogenic to humans.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
NTP Report on Carcinogens	
Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)	
Not listed.	
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Further information	This product has no known adverse effect on human health.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
IATA	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
IMDG	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is not known to be a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - No
Delayed Hazard - No
Fire Hazard - No
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Not regulated.

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 22-April-2015

Revision date

-

Version #

01

HMIS® ratings

Health: 0

Flammability: 0

Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer

Oatey Co. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Airgas

Propane

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Propane
Chemical name	: propane
Other means of identification	: Propyl hydride; n-Propane; Dimethyl methane; Bottled gas; propane in gaseous state; propane liquefied, n-Propane; Dimethylmethane; Freon 290; Liquefied petroleum gas; Lpg; Propyl hydride; R 290; C3H8; UN 1075; UN 1978; A-108; Hydrocarbon propellant.
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
Synonym	: Propyl hydride; n-Propane; Dimethyl methane; Bottled gas; propane in gaseous state; propane liquefied, n-Propane; Dimethylmethane; Freon 290; Liquefied petroleum gas; Lpg; Propyl hydride; R 290; C3H8; UN 1075; UN 1978; A-108; Hydrocarbon propellant.
SDS #	: 001045
Supplier's details	: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
24-hour telephone	: 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: Extremely flammable gas.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
May cause frostbite.
May form explosive mixtures in Air.
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary statements

General

: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Always keep container in upright position. Approach suspected leak area with caution.

Prevention

: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Response

: Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Storage

: Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Section 2. Hazards identification

- Disposal** : Not applicable.
- Hazards not otherwise classified** : In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Substance
- Chemical name** : propane
- Other means of identification** : Propyl hydride; n-Propane; Dimethyl methane; Bottled gas; propane in gaseous state; propane liquefied, n-Propane; Dimethylmethane; Freon 290; Liquefied petroleum gas; Lpg; Propyl hydride; R 290; C3H8; UN 1075; UN 1978; A-108; Hydrocarbon propellant.

CAS number/other identifiers

- CAS number** : 74-98-6
- Product code** : 001045

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Propane	100	74-98-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Frostbite** : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
- Ingestion** : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Large spill** : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Propane	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Gas. [Liquefied compressed gas.]
- Color** : Colorless.
- Molecular weight** : 44.11 g/mole
- Molecular formula** : C₃H₈
- Boiling/condensation point** : -161.48°C (-258.7°F)
- Melting/freezing point** : -187.6°C (-305.7°F)
- Critical temperature** : 96.55°C (205.8°F)
- Odor** : Odorless.BUT MAY HAVE SKUNK ODOR ADDED.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: -104°C (-155.2°F)
Open cup: -104°C (-155.2°F)
- Burning time** : Not applicable.
- Burning rate** : Not applicable.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and oxidizing materials.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Lower: 1.8%
Upper: 8.4%
- Vapor pressure** : 109 (psig)
- Vapor density** : 1.6 (Air = 1)

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Specific Volume (ft ³ /lb)	: 8.6206
Gas Density (lb/ft ³)	: 0.116 (25°C / 77 to °F)
Relative density	: Not applicable.
Solubility	: Not available.
Solubility in water	: 0.0244 g/l
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: 1.09
Auto-ignition temperature	: 287°C (548.6°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
SADT	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Oxidizers
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Hazardous polymerization	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

IDLH : 2100 ppm

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.
Inhalation : No specific data.
Skin contact : No specific data.
Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Propane	1.09	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1978	UN1978	UN1978	UN1978	UN1978
UN proper shipping name	PROPANE	PROPANE	PROPANE	PROPANE	PROPANE
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden. Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 150 kg Special provisions 19, T50	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 ERAP Index 3000	-	-	Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 0 Forbidden Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 150 kg

Section 14. Transport information

		<u>Passenger Carrying Ship Index</u> 65 <u>Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index</u> Forbidden <u>Special provisions</u> 29, 42			

“Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product.”

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** Not determined
United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: propane

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Fire hazard
Sudden release of pressure

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Propane	100	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

State regulations

Massachusetts : This material is listed.

New York : This material is not listed.

Section 15. Regulatory information

New Jersey : This material is listed.

Pennsylvania : This material is listed.

International regulations

International lists

National inventory

Australia : This material is listed or exempted.

Canada : This material is listed or exempted.

China : This material is listed or exempted.

Europe : This material is listed or exempted.

Japan : This material is listed or exempted.

Malaysia : This material is listed or exempted.

New Zealand : This material is listed or exempted.

Philippines : This material is listed or exempted.

Republic of Korea : This material is listed or exempted.

Taiwan : This material is listed or exempted.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class A: Compressed gas.
Class B-1: Flammable gas.
CEPA Toxic substances: This material is not listed.
Canadian ARET: This material is not listed.
Canadian NPRI: This material is listed.
Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed.
Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed.
Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements : Class A: Compressed gas.
Class B-1: Flammable gas.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	1
Flammability		4
Physical hazards		2

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Section 16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas Liq. Gas, H280	Expert judgment Expert judgment

History

Date of printing : 10/20/2015
Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/20/2015
Date of previous issue : No previous validation
Version : 0.01

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
 IATA = International Air Transport Association
 IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
 LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
 MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
 UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Other special considerations : The information below is given to call attention to the issue of "Naturally occurring radioactive materials". Although Radon-222 levels in the product represented by this MSDS do not present any direct Radon exposure hazard, customers should be aware of the potential for Radon daughter build up within their processing systems, whatever the source of their product streams. Radon-222 is a naturally occurring radioactive gas which can be a contaminant in natural gas. During subsequent processing, Radon tends to be concentrated in Liquefied Petroleum Gas streams and in product streams having a similar boiling point range. Industry experience has shown that this product may contain small amounts of Radon-222 and its radioactive decay products, called Radon "daughters". The actual concentration of Radon-222 and radioactive daughters in the delivered product is dependent on the geographical source of the natural gas and storage time prior to delivery. Process equipment (i.e. lines, filters, pumps and reaction units) may accumulate significant levels of radioactive daughters and show a gamma radiation reading during operation. A potential external radiation hazard exists at or near any pipe valve or vessel containing a Radon enriched stream, or containing internal deposits of radioactive material due to the transmission of gamma radiation through its wall. Field studies reported in the literature have not shown any conditions that subject workers to cumulative exposures in excess of general population limits. Equipment emitting gamma radiation should be presumed to be internally contaminated with alpha emitting decay products which may be a hazard if inhaled or ingested. Protective equipment such as coveralls, gloves, and respirator (NIOSH/MHSA approved for high efficiency particulates and radionuclides, or supplied air) should be worn by personnel entering a vessel or working on contaminated process equipment to prevent skin contamination, ingestion, or inhalation of any residues containing alpha radiation. Airborne contamination may be minimized by handling scale and/or contaminated materials in a wet state.

Notice to reader

Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance
Name : Propane
CAS No : 74-98-6
Formula : C₃H₈
Other means of identification : Propane, Liquefied Petroleum Gas, n-propane, dimethylmethane, propyl hydride, refrigerant gas R290

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use. Use as directed.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.
39 Old Ridgebury Road
Danbury, CT 06810-5113 - USA
T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146
www.praxair.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week
— Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887
(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

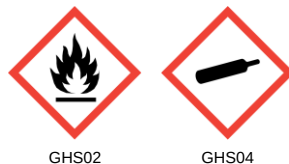
GHS-US classification

Flam. Gas 1 H220
Liquefied gas H280

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS02

GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) : DANGER

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H220 - EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS
H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED
OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION
CGA-HG04 - MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR
CGA-HG01 - MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P210 - Keep away from Heat, Open flames, Sparks, Hot surfaces. - No smoking
P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place
P377 - Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely
P381 - Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so
CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping
CGA-PG12 - Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use
CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty
CGA-PG11 - Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles
CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F)

Propane

Safety Data Sheet P-4646

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1984 Revision date: 01/21/2016 Supersedes: 04/08/2015

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Name	Product identifier	%
Propane (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 74-98-6	100

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : The liquid may cause frostbite. For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an ophthalmologist immediately. Get immediate medical attention.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, water spray, fog.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. If venting or leaking gas catches fire, do not extinguish flames. Flammable vapors may spread from leak, creating an explosive reignition hazard. Vapors can be ignited by pilot lights, other flames, smoking, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from product handling point. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering an area, especially a confined area, check the atmosphere with an appropriate device.
- Explosion hazard : EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. Forms explosive mixtures with air and oxidizing agents.
- Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.
- Protection during firefighting : Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters	: Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
Specific methods	: Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems Stop flow of product if safe to do so Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.
Other information	: Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by DOT.).

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only explosion-proof equipment

Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post "No Smoking or Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g., NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Propane (74-98-6)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	1800 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	< mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	2100 ppm (10% LEL)
ACGIH	Not established	

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : An explosion-proof local exhaust system or a mechanical system is acceptable if it can prevent oxygen deficiency and keep hazardous fumes and gases below all applicable exposure limits in the worker's breathing area. During welding, ensure that there is adequate ventilation to keep worker exposure below applicable limits for fumes, gases, and other by-products of welding. Do not breathe fumes or gases. Short-term overexposure to fumes may cause dizziness, nausea, and dryness or irritation of the nose, throat, and eyes, or may cause other similar discomfort.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Skin and body protection : As needed for welding, wear hand, head, and body protection to help prevent injury from radiation and sparks. (See ANSI Z49.1.) At a minimum, this includes welder's gloves and protective goggles, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, and shoulder protection as well as substantial clothing.

respiratory protection : When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure (e.g., an organic vapor cartridge). For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Thermal hazard protection : Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.

Environmental exposure controls : Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.

Other information : Consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing. Wear safety shoes while handling containers.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Gas
Appearance	: Colorless gas.
Molecular mass	: 44 g/mol
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: Poor warning properties at low concentrations. Stenchant often added. Sweetish.
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: Not applicable.
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: -187.69 °C (-305.8°F)
Boiling point	: -42.1 °C (-44.32°F)
Flash point	: -104.4 °C (-155.2°F) TCC
Critical temperature	: 96.8 °C (206°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: 450 °C (842°F)
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: 2.1 - 9.5 vol %
Vapor pressure	: 8.58 bar (109.73 psig)
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: 0.58
Density	: 0.506 - 0.583 g/cm ³ (at 15 °C)
Relative gas density	: 1.5
Solubility	: Water: 75 mg/l
Log Pow	: 2.36
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.
Explosion limits	: No data available

9.2. Other information

Gas group	: Liquefied gas
Additional information	: Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Can form explosive mixture with air. May react violently with oxidants.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Air, Oxidizer. Chlorine dioxide.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition or burning may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and hydrogen. The welding and cutting process may form reaction products such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Other decomposition products of normal operation originate from the volatilization, reaction, or oxidation of the material being worked.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Propane (1f) 74-98-6	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	658 mg/l/4h
ATE US (vapors)	658.000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	658.000 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified
pH: Not applicable.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified
pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Propane (74-98-6)	
Persistence and degradability	The substance is biodegradable. Unlikely to persist.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Propane (74-98-6)	
Log Pow	2.36
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4). Refer to section 9.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Propane (74-98-6)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : None

Effect on the global warming : No known effects from this product

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1978 Propane (see also Petroleum gases, liquefied [UN1075]), 2.1

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1978

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Propane
see also Petroleum gases, liquefied [UN1075]

Class (DOT) : 2.1 - Class 2.1 - Flammable gas 49 CFR 173.115

Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.1 - Flammable gas



DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : 19 - For domestic transportation only, the identification number UN1075 may be used in place of the identification number specified in column (4) of the 172.101 table. The identification number used must be consistent on package markings, shipping papers and emergency response information
T50 - When portable tank instruction T50 is referenced in Column (7) of the 172.101 Table, the applicable liquefied compressed gases are authorized to be transported in portable tanks in accordance with the requirements of 173.313 of this subchapter

Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 115 (UN1075)

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1978

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : PROPANE

Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases

MFAG-No : 115

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1978

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : PROPANE

Class (IATA) : 2

Civil Aeronautics Law : Gases under pressure/Gases flammable under pressure

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Propane (74-98-6)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Sudden release of pressure hazard Fire hazard

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Propane (74-98-6)

All components of this product are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

This product or mixture does not contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Propane (74-98-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

Propane (74-98-6)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

15.2.2. National regulations

Propane (74-98-6)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on CICR (Turkish Inventory and Control of Chemicals)

15.3. US State regulations

Propane(74-98-6)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

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SECTION 16: Other information

Other information

: When using this product in welding and cutting, read and understand the manufacturer's instructions and the precautionary label on the product. Ask your welding products supplier for a copy of Praxair's free safety booklet, P-2035, Precautions and Safe Practices for Gas Welding, Cutting, and Heating, and for other manufacturers' safety publications. For a detailed treatment, get ANSI Z49.1, Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes, published by the American Welding Society (AWS), www.aws.org. Order AWS documents from Global Engineering Documents, global.ihs.com. Arcs and sparks can ignite combustible materials. Prevent fires. Refer to NFPA 51B, Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hotwork. Do not strike an arc on the container. The defect produced by an arc burn may lead to container rupture

Fumes and gases produced during welding and cutting processes can be dangerous to your health and may cause serious lung disease. KEEP YOUR HEAD OUT OF FUMES. DO NOT BREATHE FUMES AND GASES. Use enough ventilation, local exhaust, or both to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. Short-term overexposure to fumes may cause dizziness, nausea, and dryness or irritation of the nose, throat, and eyes; or may cause other similar discomfort. Contaminants in the air may add to the hazard of fumes and gases

When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product

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NFPA health hazard

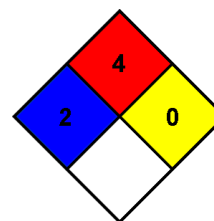
: 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given.

NFPA fire hazard

: 4 - Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal pressure and temperature, or is readily dispersed in air and will burn readily.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



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HMIS III Rating

Health	: 1 Slight Hazard - Irritation or minor reversible injury possible
Flammability	: 4 Severe Hazard
Physical	: 2 Moderate Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.



Safety Data Sheet

Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product Name REAL COOL SNOOP®

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use Liquid leak detector to be used on external surfaces only. Optimum operating temperatures are between -65F and 200F (-54C and 93C).

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer Swagelok Manufacturing Company
29495 F.A. Lennon Dr.
Solon, OH 44139
United States

Telephone (General) 440-349-5600

Emergency telephone number

(800)-424-9300 - Chemtrec

Section 2: Hazard Identification

EU/EEC

According to EU Directive 67/548/EEC (DSD) or 1999/45/EC (DPD)

Classification of the substance or mixture

DSD/DPD • Harmful (Xn)
R22

Label Elements

DSD/DPD



Risk phrases • R22 - Harmful if swallowed.

Safety phrases • S2 - Keep out of reach of children.

Other Hazards

DSD/DPD • According to European Directive 1999/45/EC this preparation is considered dangerous.

United States (US)

According to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA HCS 2012

- Skin Irritation 2 - H315
Eye Mild Irritation 2B - H320
Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects - H336
Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 1 - H370
Reproductive Toxicity 1B - H360

Label elements

OSHA HCS 2012

DANGER



- Hazard statements**
- H316 - Causes mild skin irritation
H320 - Causes eye irritation
H370 - Causes damage to organs - Liver and Kidney
H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements

- Prevention**
- P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P261 - Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours and/or spray.
P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P281 - Use personal protective equipment as required.
- Response**
- P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
If concerned get medical advice/attention

- Storage/Disposal**
- P405 - Store locked up.
P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
P501 - Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Other hazards

OSHA HCS 2012

- No data available

Canada

According to WHMIS

Classification of the substance or mixture

- WHMIS**
- Other Toxic Effects - D2A
Other Toxic Effects - D2B

Toxic - D1B

Label elements

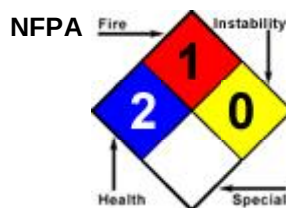
WHMIS



- Other Toxic Effects - D2A
- Other Toxic Effects - D2B
- Toxic - D1B

Other hazards

WHMIS • In Canada, the product mentioned above is considered hazardous under the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

Other information

See Section 12 for Ecological Information.

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substances

- Material does not meet the criteria of a substance.

Mixtures

Hazardous Components					
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%(weight)	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive	Comments
1,2-Ethanediol	CAS:107-21-1 EC Number:203-473-3	< 60%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 4700 mg/kg Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 9530 µL/kg	EU DSD/DPD: Annex I - Xn R22	

See Section 11 for Toxicological Information.

Section 4: First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures**Inhalation**

- Move victim to fresh air. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention.

Skin

- If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention. In case of contact with substance, immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes.

- Eye** • In case of contact with substance, immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 20 minutes. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- Ingestion** • If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If large quantities are swallowed, call a physician immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- No data available

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to Physician** • Early administration of ethanol may counter the toxic effects of ethylene glycol (metabolic acidosis and renal damage). Hemodialysis or peritoneal dialyses have been of benefit.

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures**Extinguishing media**

- Suitable Extinguishing Media** • Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred if available. Do not use a direct water stream. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but much less effectively.

- Unsuitable Extinguishing Media** • None known.

- Firefighting Procedures** • As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards** • No unusual fire or explosion hazards anticipated.

- Hazardous Combustion Products** • May produce carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. May produce trace amounts of aldehydes and organic acids.

Advice for firefighters

- Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

- Personal Precautions** • Avoid any skin contact. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stay upwind.
- Emergency Procedures** • As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area)

Environmental precautions

- Runoff from fire control may cause pollution.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Containment/Clean-up Measures** • Stop leak if you can do it without risk. SMALL SPILLS: Take up with sand or other non-combustible absorbent material and place into containers for later disposal. Prevent runoff from entering drains, sewers, and streams.

LARGE SPILLS: Dike ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Handling

- Use good safety and industrial hygiene practices. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash hands thoroughly after handling and before eating drinking or smoking.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage

- Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible Materials or Ignition Sources

- Keep away from oxidizing agents.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits/Guidelines						
	Result	ACGIH	Canada Ontario	Canada Quebec	China	Germany DFG
1,2-Ethanediol (107-21-1)	STELs	Not established	Not established	Not established	40 mg/m ³ STEL	Not established
	TWAs	Not established	Not established	Not established	20 mg/m ³ TWA	Not established
	Ceilings	100 mg/m ³ Ceiling (aerosol only)	100 mg/m ³ Ceiling (aerosol only)	50 ppm Ceiling (mist and vapor); 127 mg/m ³ Ceiling (mist and vapor)	Not established	20 ppm Peak; 52 mg/m ³ Peak
	MAKs	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	10 ppm TWA MAK; 26 mg/m ³ TWA MAK
Exposure Limits/Guidelines (Cont.)						
	Result		Germany TRGS			
1,2-Ethanediol (107-21-1)	TWAs		10 ppm TWA AGW (The risk of damage to the embryo or fetus can be excluded when AGW and BGW values are observed, exposure factor 2); 26 mg/m ³ TWA AGW (The risk of damage to the embryo or fetus can be excluded when AGW and BGW values are observed, exposure factor 2)			

Exposure controls

Engineering

Measures/Controls

- Adequate ventilation systems as needed to control concentrations of airborne contaminants below applicable threshold limit values.

Personal Protective Equipment

Pictograms



Respiratory

Eye/Face

Hands

Skin/Body

General Industrial

Hygiene Considerations

- In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
- Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses).
- Wear appropriate gloves.
- No data available
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco.

Key to abbreviations

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene

MAK = Maximale Arbeitsplatz Konzentration is the maximum permissible concentration

CEV = Ceiling exposure value; is the maximum airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker is exposed at any time

NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

STEL = Short Term Exposure Limits are based on 15-minute exposures

TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties**Information on Physical and Chemical Properties**

Material Description			
Physical Form	Liquid	Appearance/Description	Colorless, odorless liquid
Color	Colorless	Odor	Odorless
Taste	No data available	Particulate Type	Not relevant
Particulate Size	Not relevant	Aerosol Type	Not relevant
Odor Threshold	No data available	Physical and Chemical Properties	No data available
General Properties			
Boiling Point	387 F(197.2222 C)	Melting Point	<= -65 F(<= -53.8889 C)
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	Heat of Decomposition	No data available
pH	6 to 7.5	Specific Gravity/Relative Density	No data available
Density	1.1 g/mL	Bulk Density	No data available
Water Solubility	No data available	Solvent Solubility	No data available
Viscosity	No data available	Explosive Properties	No data available
Oxidizing Properties:	No data available		
Volatility			
Vapor Pressure	0.12 mmHg (torr)	Vapor Density	No data available
Evaporation Rate	No data available	VOC (Wt.)	No data available
VOC (Vol.)	No data available	Volatiles (Wt.)	No data available
Volatiles (Vol.)	No data available		
Flammability			
Flash Point	> 230 F(> 110 C)	UEL	No data available
LEL	No data available	Autoignition	No data available
Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature (SADT)	No data available	Heat of Combustion (ΔH_c)	No data available
Burning Time	No data available	Flame Duration	No data available
Flame Height	No data available	Flame Extension	No data available
Ignition Distance	No data available	Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Environmental			
Half-Life	No data available	Octanol/Water Partition coefficient	No data available
Coefficient of water/oil distribution	No data available	Bioaccumulation Factor	No data available
Bioconcentration Factor	No data available	Biochemical Oxygen Demand BOD/BOD5	No data available

Chemical Oxygen Demand	No data available	Persistence	No data available
Degradation	No data available		

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

- No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability

- Stable

Possibility of hazardous reactions

- Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

- Excessive heats, sparks, and open flames.

Incompatible materials

- Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

- Under fire conditions may produce carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. May produce trace amounts of aldehydes and organic acids.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Information on toxicological effects

Other Material Information • Based on components of this material exposure may cause mild eye irritation, mild skin irritation, CNS effects. This material is harmful if swallowed and if ingested in significant quantities may cause acute toxicity. This material contains ethylene glycol, which when ingested can cause kidney and liver damage. Ethylene glycol has also been shown to cause birth defects in animals when ingested.

Component Name	CAS	Data
1, 2-Ethanediol (55% TO 65%)	107-21-1	Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:4700 mg/kg; orl-rat TDLo:1000 mg/kg; ihl-rat TCLo:198 mg/m3/4H/122D-I; skn-rbt TDLo:100 pph/20M; Irritation: eye-rbt 1440 mg/6H MOD; skn-rbt 555 mg open MLD; Reproductive: orl-rat TDLo:8580 mg/kg (6-15D preg); ihl-rat TCLo:2500 mg/m3/6H (6-15D preg)
GHS Properties		Classification
Acute toxicity		OSHA HCS 2012•Data lacking
Aspiration Hazard		OSHA HCS 2012•Data lacking
Carcinogenicity		OSHA HCS 2012•Data lacking
Germ Cell Mutagenicity		OSHA HCS 2012•Data lacking
Respiratory sensitization		OSHA HCS 2012•Data lacking
Serious eye damage/Irritation		OSHA HCS 2012•Eye Mild Irritation 2B
Skin corrosion/Irritation		OSHA HCS 2012•Skin Irritation 2
Skin sensitization		OSHA HCS 2012•Data lacking
STOT-RE		OSHA HCS 2012•Data lacking
STOT-SE		OSHA HCS 2012•Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 1;Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects
Toxicity for Reproduction		OSHA HCS 2012•Toxic to Reproduction 1B

- Target Organs** • Liver, Kidney
- Route(s) of entry/exposure** • Inhalation, Skin, Eye, Ingestion

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation

- Acute (Immediate)** • Overexposure may affect the central nervous system. Symptoms may include dizziness, drowsiness, lethargy, coma and death.
- Chronic (Delayed)** • No data available.

Skin

- Acute (Immediate)** • Causes mild skin irritation.
- Chronic (Delayed)** • No data available.

Eye

- Acute (Immediate)** • Causes eye irritation.
- Chronic (Delayed)** • No data available.

Ingestion

- Acute (Immediate)** • May be harmful if swallowed. May affect the kidney. Symptoms may include but are not limited to fatigue, confusion, nausea, vomiting, shortness of breath, seizures, or a dramatic decrease in urine output and in some cases blood in the urine.
- Chronic (Delayed)** • Long term exposure to 1 to 2% ethylene glycol produced liver damage, kidney damage and bladder stones in rats.

Reproductive Effects • Ingestion of large amounts of ethylene glycol has been shown to interfere with reproduction.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Toxicity

- No data available

Persistence and degradability

- No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

- No data available

Mobility in Soil

- No data available

Other adverse effects

- No data available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste treatment methods

- Product waste** • Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.
- Packaging waste** • Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

	14.1 UN number	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 Packing group	14.5 Environmental hazards
DOT	NDA	Not Regulated	NDA	NDA	NDA
TDG	NDA	Not Regulated	NDA	NDA	NDA
IMO/IMDG	NDA	Not Regulated	NDA	NDA	NDA
IATA/ICAO	NDA	Not Regulated	NDA	NDA	NDA

Special precautions for user

- No special precautions.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

- This product is provided only in non-bulk containers.

Other information

- This material is not a regulated hazardous material with respect to the following transportation regulations: United States Department of Transportation (US DOT), Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG), Europe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road/Inland Waterway (ADN), Europe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road/Inland Waterway (ADR), International Air Transport Association (IATA) or International Maritime Transport (IMO/IMDG).

- DOT** • According to United States Department of Transportation (DOT) 49 CFR 172.101 - Table 1 to Appendix A - the ethylene glycol contained in this material has a reportable quantity (RQ) of 5000 lbs (2270 kg).

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

SARA Hazard Classifications

- Acute, Chronic

State Right To Know				
Component	CAS	MA	NJ	PA
Water	7732-18-5	No	No	No
1,2-Ethanediol	107-21-1	Yes	Yes	Yes
Surfactant	NDA	No	No	No
Proprietary	Proprietary	No	No	No
Proprietary	Proprietary	No	No	No

Inventory						
Component	CAS	Canada DSL	Canada NDSL	China	EU EINECS	EU ELNICS
Water	7732-18-5	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
1,2-Ethanediol	107-21-1	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
Surfactant	NDA	No	No	No	No	No
Proprietary	Proprietary	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
Proprietary	Proprietary	Yes	No	Yes	No	No

Inventory (Con't.)				
Component	CAS	Japan ENCS	Korea KECL	TSCA
Water	7732-18-5	No	Yes	Yes
1,2-Ethanediol	107-21-1	Yes	Yes	Yes
Surfactant	NDA	No	No	No
Proprietary	Proprietary	No	Yes	Yes
Proprietary	Proprietary	Yes	Yes	Yes

Australia

Labor

Australia - Work Health and Safety Regulations - Hazardous Substances Requiring Health Monitoring

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% Not Listed
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

Australia - High Volume Industrial Chemicals List

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% Not Listed
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

Australia - List of Designated Hazardous Substances - Classification

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% Xn R22
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

Environment

Australia - National Pollutant Inventory (NPI) Substance List

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% 10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

Australia - Ozone Protection Act - Scheduled Substances

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% Not Listed
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

Australia - Priority Existing Chemical Program

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% Not Listed
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

Canada

Labor

Canada - WHMIS - Classifications of Substances

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% D1B, D2A
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

Canada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure List

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% 1 %
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

Environment**Canada - CEPA - Priority Substances List**

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% Priority Substance List 2 (substance not considered toxic)
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

Europe**Other****EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Classification**

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% Xn; R22
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Concentration Limits

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% Not Listed
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Labelling

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% Xn R:22 S:(2)
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Notes - Substances and Preparations

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% Not Listed
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Safety Phrases

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% S:(2)
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

Mexico**Other****Mexico - Hazard Classifications**

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% Not Listed
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

Mexico - Regulated Substances

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed

- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% Not Listed
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

United States

Labor

U.S. - OSHA - Process Safety Management - Highly Hazardous Chemicals

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% Not Listed
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

U.S. - OSHA - Specifically Regulated Chemicals

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% Not Listed
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

Environment

U.S. - CAA (Clean Air Act) - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60%
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Radionuclides and Their Reportable Quantities

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% Not Listed
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA RQs

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% Not Listed
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances TPQs

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% Not Listed
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% 1.0 % de minimis concentration
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - PBT Chemical Listing

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% Not Listed
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

U.S. - EPA - Designated Generic Categories - Warfarin and Salts

- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- Proprietary Proprietary < 1.0% Not Listed
- 1,2-Ethanediol 107-21-1 < 60% Not Listed
- Water 7732-18-5 > 37.98% Not Listed

United States - California

Environment

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List

•Proprietary	Proprietary	< 1.0%	Not Listed
•Proprietary	Proprietary	< 1.0%	Not Listed
•1,2-Ethanediol	107-21-1	< 60%	Not Listed
•Water	7732-18-5	> 37.98%	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity

•Proprietary	Proprietary	< 1.0%	Not Listed
•Proprietary	Proprietary	< 1.0%	Not Listed
•1,2-Ethanediol	107-21-1	< 60%	Not Listed
•Water	7732-18-5	> 37.98%	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)

•Proprietary	Proprietary	< 1.0%	Not Listed
•Proprietary	Proprietary	< 1.0%	Not Listed
•1,2-Ethanediol	107-21-1	< 60%	Not Listed
•Water	7732-18-5	> 37.98%	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - No Significant Risk Levels (NSRL)

•Proprietary	Proprietary	< 1.0%	Not Listed
•Proprietary	Proprietary	< 1.0%	Not Listed
•1,2-Ethanediol	107-21-1	< 60%	Not Listed
•Water	7732-18-5	> 37.98%	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female

•Proprietary	Proprietary	< 1.0%	Not Listed
•Proprietary	Proprietary	< 1.0%	Not Listed
•1,2-Ethanediol	107-21-1	< 60%	Not Listed
•Water	7732-18-5	> 37.98%	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male

•Proprietary	Proprietary	< 1.0%	Not Listed
•Proprietary	Proprietary	< 1.0%	Not Listed
•1,2-Ethanediol	107-21-1	< 60%	Not Listed
•Water	7732-18-5	> 37.98%	Not Listed

United States - Pennsylvania

Labor

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

•Proprietary	Proprietary	< 1.0%	Not Listed
•Proprietary	Proprietary	< 1.0%	Not Listed
•1,2-Ethanediol	107-21-1	< 60%	
•Water	7732-18-5	> 37.98%	Not Listed

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances

•Proprietary	Proprietary	< 1.0%	Not Listed
•Proprietary	Proprietary	< 1.0%	Not Listed
•1,2-Ethanediol	107-21-1	< 60%	Not Listed
•Water	7732-18-5	> 37.98%	Not Listed

United States - Rhode Island

Labor

U.S. - Rhode Island - Hazardous Substance List

•Proprietary	Proprietary	< 1.0%	Not Listed
•Proprietary	Proprietary	< 1.0%	Not Listed
•1,2-Ethanediol	107-21-1	< 60%	Toxic; Flammable
•Water	7732-18-5	> 37.98%	Not Listed

Section 16 - Other Information

Last Revision Date	• 08/18/2014
Preparation Date	• 08/15/2012
Disclaimer/Statement of Liability	• The information herein is given in good faith but no warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

SAFETY DATA SHEET
SDS 0155

Section 1 -- PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

	HMIS CODES
PRODUCT NAME	Health 2
RectorSeal Cold Galvanizing Spray	Flammability 3
	Reactivity 0
PRODUCT CODES	PPI B
86625	
CHEMICAL FAMILY	
Organic	
USE	
Metal coating	
MANUFACTURER'S NAME	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.
The RectorSeal Corporation	Chemtrec 24 Hours
2601 Spenwick Drive	(800)424-9300 USA
Houston, Texas 77055 USA	(703)527-3887 International
DATE OF VALIDATION	TECHNICAL SERVICE TELEPHONE NO.
May 11, 2015	(800)231-3345 or (713)263-8001
DATE OF PREPARATION	
May 11, 2015	

Section 2 -- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

OSHA Hazards

Flammable gas, Compressed Gas, Target Organ Effect, Irritant

TARGET ORGANS

Liver, Kidney, Bladder, Brain.

GHS CLASSIFICATION

PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Flammable gases (Category 1)

Gases under pressure (Liquefied gas)

HEALTH HAZARDS

Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4)

Skin irritation (Category 2)

Eye irritation (Category 2A)

Reproductive toxicity (Category 2)

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 2)

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3)

Aspiration hazard (Category 1)

Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 2)

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram: GHS 02-Flammable Materials, GHS 04-Compressed Gas, GHS 08-Severe Health

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:

H220 - Extremely flammable gas.

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H371 - May cause damage to organs.
H401 - Toxic to aquatic life.

Precautionary Statements:

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.
P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
P260 - Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P281 - Use personal protective equipment as required.
P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

SUMMARY OF ACUTE HAZARDS

Repeated inhalation may cause dizziness, nausea and CNS effects. May cause severe eye and skin irritation.

ROUTE OF EXPOSURE, SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS

INHALATION

Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system effects characterized by headache, dizziness, drowsiness, and nausea. Advanced stages may cause collapse, unconsciousness, coma and possible death due to respiratory failure.

EYE CONTACT

Contact with eyes may cause severe irritation.

SKIN CONTACT

Irritation and drying.

INGESTION

May cause irritation of the digestive tract. May cause central nervous system depression, characterized by excitement, followed by headache, dizziness, and nausea. Advanced stages may cause collapse, unconsciousness, coma and possible death due to respiratory failure.

SUMMARY OF CHRONIC HAZARDS

Skin irritation, contact dermatitis, and defatting.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

Individuals with pre-existing or chronic diseases of the eyes, skin, respiratory system, cardiovascular system, gastrointestinal system, liver, or kidneys may have increased susceptibility to excessive exposure.

Section 3 -- COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT: Propane
PERCENTAGE BY WEIGHT: --
CAS NUMBER: 68476-85-7
EC# : 200-827-9

INGREDIENT: Toluene
PERCENTAGE BY WEIGHT: 20 Max
CAS NUMBER: 108-88-3
EC# : 203-625-9

INGREDIENT: Xylene
PERCENTAGE BY WEIGHT: 10 Max
CAS NUMBER: 1330-20-7

EC# : 203-576-3

INGREDIENT: Zinc Dust
PERCENTAGE BY WEIGHT: 40 Max
CAS NUMBER: 7440-66-6
EC# : 231-175-3
=====

Section 4 -- FIRST AID MEASURES

If INHALED: If overcome by exposure, remove victim to fresh air immediately. Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed. Obtain emergency medical attention. Prompt action is essential.
If on SKIN: Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove and wash any contaminated clothing.
If in EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists.
If SWALLOWED: If swallowed, call a physician immediately. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
=====

Section 5 -- FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Foam, dry chemical, CO2, or water fog.
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Wear self-contained full face piece breathing apparatus and full body protective clothing. Hazardous decomposition products possible (see Section 10). Evacuate area. Dike area as run-off may create additional environmental contamination.
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Aerosol cans are under pressure - exposure to temperatures above 120F can cause bursting or "rocketing" of cans.
=====

Section 6 -- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Use absorbent materials to prevent footing hazard and to contain. Ventilate area with forced air ventilation. Avoid flushing into sewers, drains, waterways, and soil. Wear protective clothing and respiratory protection during cleanup.
=====

Section 7 -- HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING: Shake well before using. Keep away from heat and open flames. Prolonged exposure to direct sunshine or storage above 120 F may cause can to burst. Do not puncture or incinerate can.
OTHER PRECAUTIONS: Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin or clothing.
Empty containers may contain residues; treat as if full and observe all products precautions.
=====

Section 8 -- EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

INGREDIENT UNITS
Propane
 ACGIH TLV 1000 ppm

OSHA PEL	1000 ppm
Toluene	
ACGIH TLV	50 ppm
OSHA PEL	100 ppm
Xylene	
ACGIH TLV	100 ppm
OSHA PEL	100 ppm
Zinc Dust	
ACGIH TLV	10 mg/m3
OSHA PEL	15 mg/m3
OSHA STEL	10 mg/m3

 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (SPECIFY TYPE): In confined, poorly ventilated areas, use NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying or supplied air respirator.

VENTILATION - LOCAL EXHAUST: Acceptable

SPECIAL: Explosion proof

MECHANICAL (GENERAL): Acceptable

OTHER: N/A

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Wear rubber gloves.

EYE PROTECTION: Safety glasses (ANSI Z-87.1 or equivalent)

OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT: Chemical resistant coveralls recommended.

WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Where use can result in skin contact, wash exposed areas thoroughly before eating, drinking, smoking, or leaving work area. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

=====

Section 9 -- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING POINT:	>165 F 74 C) @ 760mm
Hg	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O = 1):	1.00
VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg):	N/D
MELTING POINT:	N/A
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1):	<1
EVAPORATION RATE (ETHYL ACETATE = 1):	>1
APPEARANCE/ODOR:	Gray Liquid / Petroleum Odor
SOLUBILITY IN WATER:	Slightly
FLASH POINT:	N/D
AEROSOL FLAME EXTENSION:	Positive
NFPA AEROSOL LEVEL:	3
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC) Content	
(Theoretical Percentage By Weight):	64.5% or (645 g/L)

=====

Section 10 -- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Do not store in temperatures above 120 F.

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID): Oxidizers, acids and bases.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: CO, CO, and fragmented hydrocarbons.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

=====

Section 11 -- TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

No ingredient in this product is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

Ingredient Name

Propane

Oral-Rat LD50:N/D
Inhalation-Rat LC50:N/D

Toluene

Oral-Rat LD50:5000 mg/kg
Inhalation-Rat LCLo:4000 ppm/4H

Xylene

Oral-Rat LD50:4300 mg/kg
Inhalation-Rat LC50:5000 ppm/4H

Zinc Dust

Oral-Rat LD50:N/D
Inhalation-Rat LC50:N/D

Section 12 -- Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL DATA

Ingredient Name

Propane

Food Chain Concentration Potential: None
Waterfowl Toxicity: None
BOD: None
Aquatic Toxicity: None

Toluene

Food Chain Concentration Potential: None
Waterfowl Toxicity: N/A
BOD: 38%
Aquatic Toxicity: 1180 mg/l/96 hr/sunfish/TLm

Xylene

Food Chain Concentration Potential: N/A
Waterfowl Toxicity: N/A
BOD: 0%
Aquatic Toxicity: 22 ppm/96 hr/bluegill/TLm

Zinc Dust

Food Chain Concentration Potential: N/D
Waterfowl Toxicity: N/D
BOD: N/D
Aquatic Toxicity: N/D

Section 13 -- DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Classification: Aerosols

Disposal Method: Empty containers can be disposed of in trash. Full containers should be depressurized to separate liquid phase.

Dispose of all liquid waste in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations.

Section 14 -- TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT: Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

OCEAN (IMDG): UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1, Limited Quantities or LTD QTY, EmS No. F-D, S-U

AIR (IATA): UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1, ERG#126

Section 15 -- REGULATORY INFORMATION

REGULATORY DATA
Ingredient Name

Propane

SARA 313	No
TSCA Inventory	Yes
CERCLA RQ	N/A
RCRA Code	N/A

Toluene

SARA 313	Yes
TSCA Inventory	Yes
CERCLA RQ	1,000 lbs.
RCRA Code	U220

Xylene

SARA 313	Yes
TSCA Inventory	Yes
CERCLA RQ	100 lbs.
RCRA Code	U239

Zinc Dust

SARA 313	Yes
TSCA Inventory	Yes
CERCLA RQ	1,000 lbs.
RCRA Code	N/A

=====
Section 16 -- OTHER INFORMATION

This document is prepared pursuant to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). The information herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, expressed or implied is made. Consult RectorSeal for further information: (713) 263-8001

FLEXOVIT USA INC.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 - Identification of the Product and Company

- 1.1 Product Name Reinforced Resinoid Bonded Abrasive Wheel
- 1.2 Product Use For material removal. See ANSI B7.1-2000
- 1.3 Company Details: **Flexovit Abrasives Inc.**
- Address: 1305 Eden-Evans Center Rd.
Angola, NY 14006
- Phone: 1-716-549-5100
- Fax: 1-716-549-4078

SECTION 2 - Hazard Information

2.1 Precautionary statements

Wear Respirator, eye protection, and protective clothing when using product

Product will produce sparks and debris when in use, avoid using product near reactive or flammable substances or electrical equipment

Discard if product comes in contact with water

2.2 Description of Hazards

Respiratory Wheel dust is a respiratory irritant

Skin Wheel dust and fiberglass reinforcement is a skin irritant

Ingestion Acute product toxicity unknown

Eyes Wheel Dust is an eye irritant

Chronic Potential Chronic Effects include skin sensitization and restricted breathing

Hazard Status This product is classified as non hazardous under OSHA HCS 29 CFR 1910.1200

SECTION 3 - Composition

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>Formula</u>	<u>% Weight</u>	<u>Cas #</u>
Aluminum Oxide	Al ₂ O ₃	60 - 80	1344-28-1
Silicon Carbide	SiC	0-70	409-21-2
Zirconium Oxide	ZrO ₂	0 - 12	1314-23-4
Calcium Hydroxide	Ca(OH) ₂	0-1	1305-62-0
Barium Sulfate	BaSO ₄	0-10	7727-43-7
Iron Sulfide	FeS ₂	0-18	12068-85-8
Alkali Aluminum Fluorides	-	0-15	15096-52-3/ 60304-36-1
Cured Phenolic Resin	-	0 - 15	N/A
Glass Fiber	-	0 - 5	N/A
Steel	-	0.1 - 1	N/A
Carbon Black	-	trace	N/A
Zinc	Zn	N/A	N/A

SECTION 4-First Aid

4.1 First Aid for exposure

Dust Inhalation:	Terminate exposure and remove to fresh air. Obtain medical assistance.
Ingestion:	Obtain medical assistance.
Absorption:	N/A
Skin contact:	Terminate exposure and remove to fresh air. Obtain medical assistance.
Eye:	Flush eyes with water.

4.2 Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Acute:	May cause coughing and shortness of breath during grinding.
	Skin irritation.
	Eye irritation.

SECTION 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

5.1 Flammable Properties:	None
Means Of Extinction:	Water or carbon dioxide
Special Fire Fighting Procedures:	Consult NFPA or CFPA procedures
Unusual Fire or Explosion Hazards:	None

SECTION 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Normal clean up procedures should be used if material is released
Use of gloves to clean up spent wheels is recommended

SECTION 7- Storage, Handling and Use Procedures

Handling:	Avoid damage to wheel. Do not drop. Always handle in accordance with ANSI B7.1.
Use:	Always use in accordance with ANSI Z43.1 and OSHA 1910.215. Do not use dropped or damaged wheels. Do not use without machine guard in place. Do not exceed maximum RPM on wheel.
Storage:	Avoid excessive temperatures in storage. Store in a dry area.

SECTION 8- Personal Protective Control Measures

8.1 Control Measures

Protection:	Requirements and Referrals.
Respiratory:	OSHA/NIOSH approved respirator. See OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149.
Ventilation:	Engineering Controls recommended. See ANSI Z43.1. Refer to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.94.
Protective Gloves:	Leather gloves.
Eye Protection:	Protective eyewear such as safety glasses or face shield. Refer to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133.
Hearing Protection:	Hearing protection such as approved ear muffs or ear plugs. Refer to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.95.
Body Protection:	Leather apron, chaps, or shoe coverings to shield from heavy spark showers in operation.
Hygienic Practices:	Wash with soap and water after handling and grinding.

8.2 Exposure

<u>Chemical</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>
Aluminum C	NA	10mg/m ³
Silicon Carb	NA	10mg/m ³
Zirconium C	NA	10mg/m ³
Calcium Hy	NA	5mg/m ³
Barium	5mg/m ³	10mg/m ³
Iron Dis	NA	10mg/m ³
Alkali Aluminum Fluorides	2.5mg/m ³	2.5mg/m ³ (As F)
Phenolic Re	N/A	N/A
Fiber Gl	5mg/m ³	10mg/m ³
Carbon	3.5 mg/m ³	3.5 mg/m ³

SECTION 9- Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Boiling Point	N/A	(H ₂ O=1, Specific Gravity	2 - 4
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.)	N/A	Melting Point	N/A
Vapor Density (A/R=1)	N/A	Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1)	N/A
Solubility in Water	Insoluble	Appearance	Dark colored solid
Lower And Upper Explosion Limits	N/A	Odor	burning plastic odor in use
Flammable Limits	N/A	Degradation Temperature	~ 800 F (427 C)
Flash Point	N/A		

SECTION 10 - Stability and Reactivity Data

Stable - Avoid excessive moisture and humidity, temperature extremes and contact with acids or solvents

Not incompatible with any materials

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur

Dust and organic fumes are generated in use

SECTION 11 - Toxicological Data

11.1 Acute Toxicological Effects

<u>Chemical</u>	<u>Route of Exposure</u>	<u>Acute LD50</u>
Aluminum Oxide	oral	>5000 mg/kg (rat)
Zirconium Oxide	oral	>8800 mg/kg (mouse)
Glass fiber	N/A	N/A
Alkali Aluminum Fluorides	oral	>5000 mg/kg (rat)
Cured Phenolic resin	N/A	N/A
Carbon black	oral	8000 mg/kg (rat)
Silicon Carbide	N/A	N/A
Calcium Hydroxide	oral	7340 mg/kg (rat)
Barium Sulfate	N/A	N/A
Iron Disulfide	N/A	N/A

11.2 Toxicological Effects

Dust Inhalation	Coughing and shortness of breath, aggravation, decreased lung capacity of medical conditions such as asthma or emphysema
Ingestion	Can cause stomach pain, vomiting and diarrhea
Absorption	N/A
Skin contact	Grinding wheel may cause abrasions Dust may cause skin irritation
Eye	Dust or fumes may cause eye irritation
Carcinogenicity	Unknown
Mutagenicity	Unknown
Reproductive Effects	Unknown

Section 12-Ecological Information

No Data Available

Section 13-Disposal Considerations

Dispose in accordance to local and federal regulations

Section 14-Transport Information

Not regulated as a hazardous material for transport

Section 15-Regulatory Information

No Data Available

Section 16-Other Information

SDS Revision Date: November 1, 2014
Reason for Update: Mandated Update
Preparation By: FlexOvit USA

COMPANY USE

The information and recommendations set forth herein are taken from sources and references believed to be accurate and complete as of the date hereof. However, FlexOvit USA, Inc makes no expressed or implied warranty with respect to the accuracy of the information or the suitability of the recommendations, and assumes no liability to any user thereof.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issuing Date 13-Sept-2013

Revision Date 31-Mar-2015

Revision Number 2

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

GHS product identifier

Product Name SCRUBS® In-A-Bucket

Other means of identification

Product Code(s) 42201, 42230, 42256, 42272

Synonyms None

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Heavy Duty Hand Cleaner

Uses advised against None reasonably foreseeable

Supplier's details

Supplier Address
ITW Pro Brands
805 E. Old 56 Highway
Olathe, KS 66061
TEL: 1-800-443-9536

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone Number 800-535-5053 Infotrac

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

This chemical is not considered hazardous according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 2012 (29 CFR 1910.1200).

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Emergency Overview

Signal Word

None

The product contains no substances which at their given concentration are considered to be hazardous to health

Appearance Colorless-blue/white	Physical State Liquid.	Odor Citrus

Precautionary Statements**Prevention**

- None

General Advice

- None

Storage

- None

Disposal

- None

Hazard Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

Other information

Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %	Trade secret
Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated	68131-39-5	1-5	*
Isoparaffinic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	1-5	*
Dimethyl adipate	627-93-0	1-5	*
Diethylhexyl sodium sulfosuccinate	577-11-7	1-5	*
D-Limonene	5989-27-5	1-5	*

**The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.*

4. FIRST AID MEASURES**Description of necessary first-aid measures**

Eye Contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Skin Contact	None normally required. Material is designed for skin cleansing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and/or persists.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure. If large quantities of this material are swallowed, call a physician immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Most Important Symptoms/Effects Not expected to give rise to an acute hazard under normal condition of use.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Foam. Water spray or fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media None

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

None in particular

Hazardous Combustion Products Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Carbon monoxide. Hydrocarbons. Hydrogen sulfide. Sulfur dioxide. Soot.

Explosion Data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact

None.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge

None.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

Use water spray to cool surrounding containers.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions Use personal protective equipment.

Environmental Precautions

Environmental Precautions Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Avoid release to the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for Cleaning Up Small spillage: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Large spillage: Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Handling Avoid contact with eyes. Do not smoke. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Keep container closed when not in use. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Do not contaminate food or feed stuffs. Keep out of the reach of children.

Incompatible Products Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines This product does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Measures Eyewash stations.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection No special protective equipment required.
Skin and Body Protection No special protective equipment required.
Respiratory Protection None required under normal usage. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid	Appearance	Colorless-blue/white
Odor	Citrus	Odor Threshold	No information available

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remarks/ - Method</u>
pH	6	None known
Melting Point/Range	No data available	None known
Boiling Point/Boiling Range	212 °F	None known
Flash Point	No data available	None known
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	None known
Flammability Limits in Air		
upper flammability limit	No data available	
lower flammability limit	No data available	
Vapor Pressure	No data available	None known
Vapor Density	>1	None known
Relative Density	No data available	None known
Specific Gravity	0.995	None known
Water Solubility	Miscible with water	None known
Solubility in other solvents	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available	None known
Autoignition Temperature	No data available	None known
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	None known
Viscosity	No data available	None known

Flammable Properties Not flammable

Explosive Properties No data available

Oxidizing Properties No data available

Other information

VOC Content (%) 0%

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Carbon monoxide (CO). Hydrocarbons. Hydrogen sulfide. Sulfur dioxide. Soot.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Inhalation	Not an expected route of exposure
Eye Contact	Contact with eyes may cause irritation.
Skin Contact	May cause mild skin irritation.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms No information available.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Sensitization	No information available.
Mutagenic Effects	No information available.
Carcinogenicity	Contains no ingredients above reportable quantities listed as a carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
D-Limonene		Group 3	-	-

IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 3: Not Classifiable as to its Carcinogenicity to Humans

Reproductive Toxicity	This product does not contain any known or suspected reproductive hazards.
STOT - single exposure	None of the ingredients are known to cause specific target organ effects from a single exposure.
STOT - repeated exposure	None of the ingredients are known to cause specific target organ effects through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration Hazard	None of the ingredients are known to be an aspiration hazard.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document:

LD50 Oral	42888 mg/kg; Acute toxicity estimate
LD50 Dermal	329859 mg/kg; Acute toxicity estimate

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical Name	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Daphnia Magna (Water Flea)
Isoparaffinic Hydrocarbon 64742-47-8		LC50 96 h: = 45 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: = 2.2 mg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: = 2.4 mg/L static (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		LC50 96 h: = 4720 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Diethylhexyl sodium sulfosuccinate 577-11-7		LC50 96 h: 20 - 40 mg/L semi-static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: < 24 mg/L static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: = 37 mg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus)		EC50 48 h: = 36 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
D-Limonene 5989-27-5		LC50 96 h: 0.619 - 0.796 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: = 35 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
Dimethyl glutarate 1119-40-0		LC50 96 h: 19.6-26.2 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas)		EC50 48 h: 122.1 - 163.5 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
1,3-Propanediol, 2,2-dimethyl- 126-30-7	EC50 72 h: > 1000 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50 72 h: > 500 mg/L (Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50 96 h: > 1000 mg/L semi-static (Oryzias latipes)		EC50 24 h: > 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Isopropyl myristate 110-27-0	EC50 72 h: > 100 mg/L (Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50 96 h: = 8400 mg/L (Brachydanio rerio) LC50 96 h: = 8400 mg/L semi-static (Brachydanio rerio)	-	EC50 48 h: = 100 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
2-Phenoxyethanol 122-99-6	EC50 72 h: > 500 mg/L (Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50 96 h: 337 - 352 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: = 366 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: 220 - 460 mg/L static (Leuciscus idus)	EC50 = 32.4 mg/L 5 min EC50 = 880 mg/L 17 h	EC50 48 h: > 500 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Propylene glycol 57-55-6	EC50 96 h: = 19000 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	LC50 96 h: = 51600 mg/L static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: 41 - 47 mL/L static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: = 51400 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: = 710 mg/L (Pimephales promelas)	EC50 = 710 mg/L 30 min	EC50 24 h: > 10000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) EC50 48 h: > 1000 mg/L Static (Daphnia magna)
Glycerin 56-81-5	-	LC50 96 h: 51 - 57 mL/L static (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	-	EC50 24 h: > 500 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Iodopropynyl butylcarbamate 55406-53-6		LC50 96 h: 0.049-0.079 mg/L flow-through (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: 0.05-0.089 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: 0.14-0.32 mg/L flow-through (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: 0.18-0.23 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas)		

Persistence and Degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulation No information available.

Other Adverse Effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste Disposal Methods**

This material, as supplied, is not a hazardous waste according to Federal regulations (40 CFR 261). This material could become a hazardous waste if it is mixed with or otherwise comes in contact with a hazardous waste, if chemical additions are made to this material, or if the material is processed or otherwise altered. Consult 40 CFR 261 to determine whether the altered material is a hazardous waste. Consult the appropriate state, regional, or local regulations for additional requirements.

Contaminated Packaging

Do not re-use empty containers.

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste
D-Limonene	Toxic

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**DOT**

Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**International Inventories****Legend**

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory. All components of this product are either listed or are exempt on the TSCA inventory.

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

U.S. Federal Regulations

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	No
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

U.S. State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

This product does not contain any substances regulated by state right-to-know regulations.

U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION					
<u>NFPA</u>	Health Hazard	1	Flammability	0	Instability 0
<u>HMIS</u>	Health Hazard	1	Flammability	0	Physical Hazard 0
					Physical and Chemical Hazards -
					Personal Protection X

**Indicates a chronic health hazard.*

Prepared By Product Stewardship
23 British American Blvd.
Latham, NY 12110
1-800-572-6501
Issuing Date 13-Sep-2013
Revision Date 31-Mar-2015
Revision Note Initial Release.

General Disclaimer

The information provided on this SDS is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



CORRIGAN COMPANY
MECHANICAL CONTRACTORS

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St. Louis, MO 63103

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314.771.8537 fax
www.corriganco.com

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET LOG

Log #	Product Name	Manufacture	Type
1	390 Cutting Oil (Aerosol)	Chesterton Global Solutions, Local Service	Cutting Fluid
2	3M Brand Fire Barrier CP-25WB+	3M	
3	723 Sprasolve	Chesterton Global Solutions, Local Service	
4	725 Nickel Anti-Seize Compound (Aerosol)	Chesterton Global Solutions, Local Service	
5	725 Nickel Anti-Seize Compound (Bulk)	Chesterton Global Solutions, Local Service	
6	Acetone	LabChem	
7	Acetylene	Praxair, Inc.	Gas
8	Acrylic Enamel , Masonry White	Sherwin-Williams Company	Paint
9	Acrylic Enamel Primer, Light Gray	Sherwin-Williams Company	Paint
10	Advanced Protection Multigrade Motor Oil 10W-30	Pennzoil	Oil
11	Aerokroil	Kano Laboratories	Lubricant
12	Rohper LSPR Gloss Crystal Clear	Rust Oleum HP Industrial Enamel	Paint
13	Air, Compressed	Praxair, Inc.	Gas
14	All Weather Paintstik & Twist-Stik	LA-CO Industries, Inc.	Gas
15	All-State HS-65W Hard Surfacing Electrode	ESAB	Welding
16	All-State PHOS-Copper Brazing Alloys	ESAB	Welding
17	Alumicut	Mistic Metal Mover, Inc.	
18	Ammonia	Praxair, Inc.	Gas
19	Arcaloy Bare Stainless Steel Welding Electrodes	ESAB	Welding
20	Argon	Airgas	Gas
21	Argon	Praxair, Inc.	Gas
22	Atom Arc Low Hydrogen Welding Electrodes	ESAB	Welding
23	Brass	Mueller Bass Co.	Pipe
24	Carbon Dioxide	Praxair, Inc.	Gas
25	Cast Iron	Tyler Pipe Company	Pipe
26	ChemTreat CL1447	ChemTreat, Inc.	
27	ChemTreat CL49	ChemTreat, Inc.	
28	Coated Abrasives	United Abrasives, Inc.	Disc
29	Cooper Black No. 775 Epoxy (A)	Coopers Creek Chemical Corporation	Paint
30	Cooper Black No. 775 Part B	Coopers Creek Chemical Corporation	Paint
31	Copper Tubing	Cerro Flow Products, Inc.	Pipe
32	Corzan* 3118 Gray 245 PWD	Noveon	
33	Corzan* 3120 Gray 245 PWD	Noveon	
34	Corzan* 3212 Gray 245 PLT	Noveon	
35	Ductile Iron	United States Pipe & Foundry Company	Pipe
36	Blue Lube	Whitlam	Lubricant
37	Enamel Aerosol Topcoat (Hard Hat)	Rust Oleum HP Industrial Enamel	Paint
38	ESAB Misc. Mild Steel, Low Alloy Steel and SS SMAW Welding Covered Electrodes	ESAB	Welding
39	Excalibur 7018 MR	Lincoln Electric	Welding
40	Fleetweld 5P	Lincoln Electric	Welding
41	Floor Absorbant	Oil-Dri	Absorbant
42	Gasola (Soft Set)	Federal Process Company	
43	Gasoline	Conoco Phillips	Gas
44	Goop	Critzas Industries, Inc.	
45	Hercules Clear Cutting Oil	Hercules Chemical Company Inc.	Cutting Fluid
46	Hercules CPVC Cement "LOW VOC" Standard (Orange) or Gold	Hercules Chemical Company Inc.	

47	Hercules Dark Cutting Oil	Hercules Chemical Company Inc.	Cutting Fluid
48	Hercules Plumbers Caulk - Almond/Bone	Hercules Chemical Company Inc.	Caulk
49	Hercules Plumbers Caulk - White/Linen	Hercules Chemical Company Inc.	Caulk
50	Hercules Purple PVC Clear Primer	Hercules Chemical Company Inc.	
51	Hercules Purple PVC Primer	Hercules Chemical Company Inc.	
52	Hercules PVC & CPVC Purple Primer	Hercules Chemical Company Inc.	
53	Hercules PVC Gray Cement	Hercules Chemical Company Inc.	
54	Hercules PVC Med. Fast Set Cement	Hercules Chemical Company Inc.	
55	Hydrogen, Compressed	Praxair, Inc.	Gas
56	Spic & Span Floor & Multi-Surface Cleaner	P&G	Cleaner
57	Liqui-Vac Sealant	Airserco Manufacturing Company, LLC	Sealant
58	Loctite Industrial Fast Orange Smooth	Henkel Loctite Corporation	Cleaner
59	Lubri-Joint - Water Dispersible Gasket Lubricant	LA-CO Industries, Inc.	Lubricant
60	Multi Motor Oil 15W-40	Pennzoil	Oil
61	Nitrogen, Compressed	Praxair, Inc.	Gas
62	Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid	Praxair, Inc.	Gas
63	Nokorode Cold Weather Paste Flux 14000, 14010, 14020, 14030	The RectorSeal Corporation	Paste
64	Nokorode Cold Weather Paste Flux 14700, 14720, 14730	The RectorSeal Corporation	Paste
65	Oil & Gas Transmission Pipe / Line Pipe - Carbon Steel	United States Steel Corporation	Pipe
66	Oxygen, Compressed	AirGas	Gas
67	Oxygen, Refrigerated Liquid	Praxair, Inc.	Gas
68	Pipe-Lube	Black Swan	Lubricant
69	PLS2 - No Lead	Federal Process Company	
70	Plumbers Putty	Oatey	Putty
71	Plumbset Putty	LA-CO Industries, Inc.	Putty
72	Propane	Praxair, Inc.	Gas
73	Real Cool Snoop	Swagelok Manufacturing Company	Leak Detector
74	Cold Glavanizing Spray	LPS	
75	Resinoid Bonded Abrasive Wheels	Flexovit USA, Inc.	Disc
76	Resinoid Bonded Cutting Off & Grinding Wheels	Dewalt	Disc
77	Snoop	Swagelok Manufacturing Company	Leak Detector
78	Standard Pipe - Carbon Steel	Vallourec Star	Pipe
79	Sureweld & Aton Arc Mild Steel & Low Alloy Covered Electrodes	ESAB	Welding
80	Tap Magic ALUMINUM Aerosol Cutting Fluid	The Steco Corporation	Cutting Fluid
81	Tap Magic ALUMINUM Cutting Fluid	The Steco Corporation	Cutting Fluid
82	Tap Magic Original Cutting Fluid	The Steco Corporation	Cutting Fluid
83	Tap Magic PROTAP Aerosol Cutting Fluid	The Steco Corporation	Cutting Fluid
84	Tap Magic PROTAP Cutting Fluid	The Steco Corporation	Cutting Fluid
85	Tape Dope	Hercules Chemical Company Inc.	
86	Vitrified Bench Grinder Wheels	Flexovit USA, Inc.	Disc
87	Vitrified Grinding Wheels	United Abrasives, Inc.	Disc
88	WD-40	WD-40 Company	Grease
89	White Chalk	Irwin	Chalk
90	Windex	Johnson & Johnson	Cleaner

91	Flourescent Marking Paint	Rust Oleum	Paint
92	Hilti HIT-RE 500-SD	Hilti	Adhesive
93	Acrylic Latex Caulk Plus Silicone	DAP	Caulk
94	Scrubs In-a Bucket	ITW Pro Brands	Cleaner



Safety Data Sheet

24 Hour Emergency Phone Numbers
Medical/Poison Control:
In U.S.: Call 1-800-222-1222

Outside U.S.: Call your local poison control center

Transportation/National Response Center:

1-800-535-5053

1-352-323-3500

NOTE: The National Response Center emergency numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

IMPORTANT: Provide this information to employees, customers, and users of this product. Read this SDS before handling or disposing of this product. This product is covered by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and this document has been prepared in accordance with requirements of this standard. All abbreviated terms used in this MSDS are further described in Section 16.

1. Identification

This Safety Data Sheet is available in American Spanish upon request.
 Los Datos de Seguridad pueden obtenerse en Espanol si lo requiere.

Product Name:	Alex Plus Acrylic Latex Caulk Plus Silicone - All Colors	Revision Date:	1/12/2016
Product UPC Number:	11440, 18101, 18107, 18109, 18110, 18111, 18112, 18128, 18135, 18136, 18155, 18172	Supersedes Date:	6/19/2015
Product Use/Class:	Caulking Compound	SDS No:	00010002001
Manufacturer:	DAP Products Inc. 2400 Boston Street Suite 200 Baltimore, MD 21224-4723 888-327-8477 (non - emergency matters)		
Preparer:	Regulatory Department		

2. Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects.

GHS Classification

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Symbol(s) of Product

None

Signal Word

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Possible Hazards

13% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute toxicity

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Wt. %</u>	<u>GHS Symbols</u>	<u>GHS Statements</u>
Limestone	1317-65-3	50-75	GHS03	H270
Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate	27138-31-4	1.0-2.5	GHS03	H270
Petroleum distillates	64741-88-4	1.0-2.5	GHS03-GHS06	H270-331
Diethylene glycol dibenzoate	120-55-8	1.0-2.5	GHS03-GHS07	H270-312
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	0.1-1.0	No Information	No Information
Quartz	14808-60-7	0.1-1.0	GHS03-GHS07	H270-302
Carbon black	1333-86-4	0.1-1.0	No Information	No Information

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "Other information" Section.

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Material is not likely to present an inhalation hazard at ambient conditions. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical attention immediately.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: No health hazards are known to exist. In case of contact, wash skin immediately with soap and water.

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes until irritation subsides. Get medical attention immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Get medical attention immediately.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: No Information

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Fog

6. Accidental Release Measures

ENVIRONMENTAL MEASURES: No Information

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container and unused contents in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Scrape up dried material and place into containers. Use personal protective equipment as necessary. In case of spillage, absorb with inert material and dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN! DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. Use only with adequate ventilation. Ensure fresh air entry during application and drying. Wash thoroughly after handling.

STORAGE: Avoid excessive heat and freezing. Do not store at temperatures above 120 degrees F. Store away from caustics and oxidizers.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Ingredients with Occupational Exposure Limits

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>ACGIH TLV-TWA</u>	<u>ACGIH-TLV STEL</u>	<u>OSHA PEL-TWA</u>	<u>OSHA PEL-CEILING</u>
Limestone	N.E.	N.E.	15 mg/m3 TWA total dust, 5 mg/m3 TWA respirable fraction	N.E.
Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Petroleum distillates	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Diethylene glycol dibenzoate	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m3 TWA	N.E.	15 mg/m3 TWA total dust	N.E.
Quartz	0.025 mg/m3 TWA respirable fraction	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Carbon black	3 mg/m3 TWA inhalable fraction	N.E.	3.5 mg/m3 TWA	N.E.

Further Advice: MEL = Maximum Exposure Limit OES = Occupational Exposure Standard SUP = Supplier's Recommendation
Sk = Skin Sensitizer N.E. = Not Established

Personal Protection



RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) has recommended that the permissible exposure limit be changed to 50 micrograms respirable free silica per cubic meter of air (0.05 mg/m3) as determined by a full shift sample up to 10-hour work shift.



SKIN PROTECTION: Rubber gloves.



EYE PROTECTION: Goggles or safety glasses with side shields.



OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Not required under normal use.



HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Colored	Physical State:	Paste
Odor:	Very Slight Ammonia	Odor Threshold:	Not Established
Density, g/cm3:	1.64 - 1.67	pH:	Between 7.0 and 12.0
Freeze Point, °C:	Not Established	Viscosity (mPa.s):	Not Established
Solubility in Water:	No Information	Partition Coeff., n-octanol/water:	Not Established
Decomposition Temperature, °C:	Not Established	Explosive Limits, %:	N.I. - N.I.
Boiling Range, °C:	N.I. - N.I.	Auto-Ignition Temperature, °C	Not Established
Minimum Flash Point, °C:	93.3	Vapor Pressure, mmHg:	No Information
Evaporation Rate:	Slower Than n-Butyl Acetate	Flash Method:	Seta Closed Cup
Vapor Density:	Heavier Than Air	Flammability:	Non-Flammable
Combustibility:	Does not support combustion		

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

(If product is an aerosol, the flash point stated above is that of the propellant.)

10. Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Excessive heat and freezing.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong bases and oxidizing agents.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Normal decomposition products, i.e., COx, NOx.

11. Toxicological Information

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause mild irritation of respiratory system (nose, mouth, mucous membranes).

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause mild irritation.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Direct eye contact may cause irritation.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Single dose oral toxicity is very low. Amounts ingested incidental to industrial handling are not likely to cause injury; however, ingestion of large amounts may cause injury.

CARCINOGENICITY: No Information

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause irritation of eyes and skin. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite that is inhaled from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1- carcinogenic to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (published in June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these materials. The National Toxicology Program (NTP) classifies respirable crystalline silica as "known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (Group A2). Breathing dust containing respirable crystalline silica may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may have the following serious chronic health effects: Excessive inhalation of respirable dust can cause pneumoconiosis, a respiratory disease, which can result in delayed, progressive, disabling and sometimes fatal lung injury. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness and reduced pulmonary function. Smoking exacerbates this disease. Individuals with pneumoconiosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis. There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by fibrosis of the lungs, skin and other internal organs) and kidney disease.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Inhalation, Skin Contact

Acute Toxicity Values

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below

<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Oral LD50</u>	<u>Dermal LD50</u>	<u>Vapor LC50</u>
1317-65-3	Limestone	6450 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg	>20 mg/L
27138-31-4	Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate	5368 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	>200 mg/L Rat
64741-88-4	Petroleum distillates	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	2.18 mg/L Rat
120-55-8	Diethylene glycol dibenzoate	2830 mg/kg Rat	2000 mg/kg Rabbit	> 200 mg/L Rat
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	>5000 mg/kg Rabbit	>20 mg/L
14808-60-7	Quartz	500 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg	>20 mg/L
1333-86-4	Carbon black	>8000 mg/kg Rat	>3000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.

N.I. = No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Ecological injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: This product does not meet the definition of a hazardous waste according to U.S. EPA Hazardous

Waste Management Regulation, 40 CFR Section 261. Dispose as hazardous waste according to all local, state, federal and provincial regulations. State and Local regulations/restrictions are complex and may differ from Federal regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste.

14. Transport Information

SPECIAL TRANSPORT PRECAUTIONS: No Information

DOT UN/NA Number:	N.A.
DOT Proper Shipping Name:	Not Regulated.
DOT Technical Name:	N.A.
DOT Hazard Class:	N.A.
Hazard SubClass:	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

SARA SECTION 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

No SARA 313 components exist in this product.

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

All ingredients in this product are either on TSCA inventory list, or otherwise exempt.

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 CARCINOGENS AND REPRODUCTIVE TOXINS

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International Regulations: As follows -

CANADIAN WHMIS:

This SDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings.

WHMIS Class	Consumer Commodity

16. Other Information

Revision Date: 1/12/2016 **Supersedes Date:** 6/19/2015

Reason for revision: Product Composition Changed
 Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in Section(s):
 16 - Other Information
 Statement(s) Changed

Datasheet produced by: Regulatory Department

HMIS Ratings:

Health:	1	Flammability:	1	Reactivity:	0	Personal Protection:	X

VOC Less Water Less Exempt Solvent, g/L:38.0

VOC Material, g/L:28

VOC as Defined by California Consumer Product Regulation, Wt/Wt%:0.8

Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

H270 May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser.
 H302 Harmful if swallowed.
 H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
 H331 Toxic if inhaled.

Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

GHS03



GHS06



GHS07



Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

DAP believes the data and statements contained herein are accurate as of the date hereof. They are offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE WITH REGARD TO THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS. Since this document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate use and precautionary handling of the referenced product by a properly trained person, it is therefore the responsibility of the user to (i) review the recommendations with due consideration for the specific context of the intended use and (ii) determine if they are appropriate.

Safety Data Sheet



Section 1: Identification of the Substance/Mixture and of the Company/Undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product Name • Snoop® liquid leak detector

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified use(s) • Liquid leak detector

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer • Swagelok Manufacturing Company
29495 F.A. Lennon Dr.
Solon, OH 44139
United States

Telephone (General) • 440-349-5600

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Manufacturer • (800)-424-9300 - Chemtrec

Section 2: Hazards Identification

EU/EEC

According to: Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)/REACH 1907/2006 [amended by 453/2010]
According to: EU Directive 67/548/EEC (DSD) or 1999/45/EC (DPD)

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP • Not classified
DSD/DPD • Not classified

2.2 Label Elements

CLP
Hazard statements • No label element(s) required
DSD/DPD
Risk phrases • No label element(s) required

2.3 Other Hazards

CLP • According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) this material is not considered hazardous.
DSD/DPD • This product is not considered dangerous under the European Directive 1999/45/EC.

UN GHS

According to: UN Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

UN GHS

- Not classified

2.2 Label elements

UN GHS

Hazard statements • No label element(s) required

2.3 Other hazards

UN GHS

- According to the Globally Harmonized System for Classification and Labeling (GHS) this product is not considered hazardous.

United States (US)

According to: OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA HCS 2012

- Not classified

2.2 Label elements

OSHA HCS 2012

Hazard statements • No label element(s) required

2.3 Other hazards

OSHA HCS 2012

- This product is not considered hazardous under the U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard.

Canada

According to: WHMIS

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

WHMIS

- Not classified

2.2 Label elements

WHMIS

- No label element(s) required.

2.3 Other hazards

WHMIS

- In Canada, the product mentioned above is not considered hazardous under the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

3.1 Substances

- Material does not meet the criteria of a substance.

3.2 Mixtures

Composition					
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive	Comments

Water	CAS:7732-18-5 EC Number:231-791-2	> 99%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • >90 mL/kg	EU DSD/DPD: Not Hazardous EU CLP: Not Hazardous OSHA HCS 2012: Not Hazardous	NDA
Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	CAS:68649-00-3 EINECS:272-018-9	< 0.255%	NDA	UN GHS: Not Classified EU DSD/DPD: Not Classified EU CLP: Not Classified OSHA HCS 2012: Not Classified	NDA
Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	CAS:26264-05-1 EINECS:247-556-2	< 0.205%	NDA	UN GHS: Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; Acute Tox. 4 (orl) EU DSD/DPD: Xi; R36/38; Xn; R22 EU CLP: Acute Tox. 4, H302; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Irrit. 2, H315 OSHA HCS 2012: Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; Acute Tox. 4 (orl)	NDA
Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	CAS:68512-02-7 EINECS:270-954-2	< 0.015%	NDA	EU CLP: Community workplace exposure limit OSHA HCS 2012: Exposure limits	NDA
Isopropylamine	CAS:75-31-0 EC Number:200-860-9 EU Index:612-007-00-1	< 0.001%	NDA	EU CLP: Community workplace exposure limit OSHA HCS 2012: Exposure limits	NDA

See Section 16 for full text of H-statements and R-phrases.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

- First aid is not expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary conditions and as recommended. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Skin

- First aid is not expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary conditions and as recommended. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Eye

- First aid is not expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary conditions and as recommended. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion

- First aid is not expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary conditions and as recommended. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

- All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

Section 5 - Firefighting Measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media • Material is non-combustible. In case of fire use media as appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing • No data available.

Media

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards • No unusual fire or explosion hazards anticipated.

Hazardous Combustion Products • None known.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions • Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stay upwind.

Emergency Procedures • As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away.

6.2 Environmental precautions

- No special precautions required.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Containment/Clean-up Measures • Stop leak if you can do it without risk.
SMALL SPILLS: Take up with sand or other non-combustible absorbent material and place into containers for later disposal.
LARGE SPILLS: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

- Refer to Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection and Section 13 - Disposal Considerations.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling • Use good safety and industrial hygiene practices.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage • Store in a cool/low-temperature, well-ventilated, dry place.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Refer to Section 1.2 - Relevant identified uses.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure Limits/Guidelines						
	Result	ACGIH	Canada Ontario	Canada Quebec	China	Germany DFG
Isopropylamine	STELs	10 ppm STEL	10 ppm STEL	10 ppm STEV; 24 mg/m3 STEV	24 mg/m3 STEL	Not established
	TWAs	5 ppm TWA	5 ppm TWA	5 ppm TWAEV; 12 mg/m3 TWAEV	12 mg/m3 TWA	Not established

(75-31-0)	Ceilings	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	10 ppm Peak; 24 mg/m ³ Peak
	MAKs	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	5 ppm TWA MAK; 12 mg/m ³ TWA MAK
Exposure Limits/Guidelines (Con't.)						
	Result	Germany TRGS	Korea	OSHA		
Isopropylamine (75-31-0)	STELs	Not established	10 ppm STEL (Serial No. 454); 24 mg/m ³ STEL (Serial No. 454)	Not established		
	TWAs	5 ppm TWA AGW (The risk of damage to the embryo or fetus can be excluded when AGW and BGW values are observed, ceiling factor 2); 12 mg/m ³ TWA AGW (The risk of damage to the embryo or fetus can be excluded when AGW and BGW values are observed, ceiling factor 2)	5 ppm TWA (Serial No. 454); 12 mg/m ³ TWA (Serial No. 454)	5 ppm TWA; 12 mg/m ³ TWA		

Exposure Control Notations**Germany DFG**

• Isopropylamine (75-31-0): **Pregnancy:** (no risk to embryo/fetus if exposure limits adhered to)

Exposure Limits Supplemental**ACGIH**

• Isopropylamine (75-31-0): **TLV Basis - Critical Effects:** (eye damage; upper respiratory tract irritation)

8.2 Exposure controls**Engineering Measures/Controls**

- Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Personal Protective Equipment**Respiratory**

- Under normal conditions of use no special protection is required.

Eye/Face

- Goggles are recommended when Snoop could splash in eyes.

Skin/Body

- Rubber gloves are recommended to minimize exposure.

Environmental Exposure Controls

- Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways. Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste.

Key to abbreviations

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene

MAK = Maximale Arbeitsplatz Konzentration is the maximum permissible concentration

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

STEL = Short Term Exposure Limits are based on 15-minute exposures

TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on Physical and Chemical Properties

Material Description			
Physical Form	Liquid	Appearance/Description	Colorless liquid with neutral odor.
Color	Colorless	Odor	Neutral
Odor Threshold	Data lacking		
General Properties			
Boiling Point	212 F(100 C)	Melting Point	Data lacking
Decomposition Temperature	Data lacking	pH	6 to 7.5
Specific Gravity/Relative Density	= 1	Density	1 g/mL
Water Solubility	Soluble	Viscosity	Data lacking
Explosive Properties	Data lacking	Oxidizing Properties:	Data lacking
Volatility			
Vapor Pressure	Data lacking	Vapor Density	Data lacking
Evaporation Rate	Data lacking		
Flammability			
Flash Point	Data lacking	UEL	Data lacking
LEL	Data lacking	Autoignition	Data lacking
Flammability (solid, gas)	Data lacking		
Environmental			
Octanol/Water Partition coefficient	Data lacking		

9.2 Other Information

- No additional physical and chemical parameters noted.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

- No data available

10.2 Chemical stability

- Stable

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

- Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

- None

10.5 Incompatible materials

- Strong oxidizers, alkali metals, and compounds that react exothermically with water.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

- None

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Other Material Information

- Exposure to this material under normal conditions of use is not expected to cause any hazards. No toxicological information is available for this material.

Components		
Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1) (< 0.205%)	26264-05-1	Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 1300 mg/kg; Irritation: Eye-Rabbit • 100 µL 24 Hour(s) • Severe irritation; Skin-Rabbit • 0.5 mL

GHS Properties	Classification
Acute toxicity	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking UN GHS • Data lacking
Aspiration Hazard	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking UN GHS • Data lacking
Carcinogenicity	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking UN GHS • Data lacking
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking UN GHS • Data lacking
Skin corrosion/Irritation	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking UN GHS • Data lacking
Skin sensitization	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking UN GHS • Data lacking
STOT-RE	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking UN GHS • Data lacking
STOT-SE	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking UN GHS • Data lacking
Toxicity for Reproduction	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking UN GHS • Data lacking
Respiratory sensitization	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking UN GHS • Data lacking
Serious eye damage/Irritation	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking UN GHS • Data lacking

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation

Acute (Immediate)

- Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected.

Chronic (Delayed)

- No data available.

Skin

Acute (Immediate)

- Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected.

Chronic (Delayed)

- No data available.

Eye

- Acute (Immediate)** • Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected.
- Chronic (Delayed)** • No data available.

Ingestion

- Acute (Immediate)** • Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected.
- Chronic (Delayed)** • No data available.

Key to abbreviations

LD = Lethal Dose

Section 12 - Ecological Information**12.1 Toxicity**

- No known ecological effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

- Material data lacking.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

- Material data lacking.

12.4 Mobility in Soil

- Material data lacking.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

- No PBT and vPvB assessment has been conducted.

12.6 Other adverse effects

- No studies have been found.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

- Product waste** • Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.
- Packaging waste** • Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

	14.1 UN number	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 Packing group	14.5 Environmental hazards
DOT	NDA	Not Regulated	NDA	NDA	NDA
TDG	NDA	Not Regulated	NDA	NDA	NDA
IMO/IMDG	NDA	Not Regulated	NDA	NDA	NDA
IATA/ICAO	NDA	Not Regulated	NDA	NDA	NDA

- 14.6 Special precautions for user** • None specified.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

- Data lacking.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

SARA Hazard Classifications • None

State Right To Know				
Component	CAS	MA	NJ	PA
Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	No	No	No
Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	No	No	No
Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Yes	Yes	Yes
Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	No	No	No
Water	7732-18-5	No	No	No

Inventory						
Component	CAS	Canada DSL	Canada NDSL	China	EU EINECS	EU ELNICS
Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
Water	7732-18-5	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No

Inventory (Con't.)				
Component	CAS	Japan ENCS	Korea KECL	TSCA
Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	No	Yes	Yes
Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	No	Yes	Yes
Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Yes	Yes	Yes
Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR)	68649-00-3	No	No	Yes

benzenesulfonate				
Water	7732-18-5	No	Yes	Yes

Australia

Labor

Australia - Work Health and Safety Regulations - Hazardous Substances Requiring Health Monitoring

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Australia - High Volume Industrial Chemicals List

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	
• Water	7732-18-5	
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Australia - List of Designated Hazardous Substances - Classification

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	F+, Xi R12, R36/37/38
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Environment

Australia - National Pollutant Inventory (NPI) Substance List

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Australia - Ozone Protection Act - Scheduled Substances

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Australia - Priority Existing Chemical Program

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Canada

Labor

Canada - WHMIS - Classifications of Substances

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed

• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	B2, D1B, E
• Water	7732-18-5	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Canada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure List

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	1 %
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Environment**Canada - CEPA - Priority Substances List**

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Europe**Other****EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Classification**

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	F+; R12 Xi; R36/37/38
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Concentration Limits

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Labelling

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	F+ Xi R:12-36/37/38 S:(2)-16-26-29
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Notes - Substances and Preparations

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Safety Phrases

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	S:(2)-16-26-29
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan

Labor

Japan - ISHL Dangerous Substances

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Flammable substance
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - ISHL Designated Carcinogens

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - ISHL Harmful Substances Prohibited for Manufacture

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - ISHL Harmful Substances Requiring Workers to Subject to Medical Exams

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - ISHL Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - ISHL Harmful Substances Whose Names Are to be Indicated on the Label

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - ISHL Prevention of Lead Poisoning

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed

• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - ISHL Mutagens - Existing Chemicals

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - ISHL Mutagens - New Chemicals

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - ISHL Notifiable Substances

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	>1 % weight [Table 9, 45]
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Environment**Japan - Air Pollution Control Law - Emission Standards for Air Pollutants**

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Environmental Quality Standards - Annual Air Quality

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Environmental Quality Standards - Daily Air Quality

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Environmental Quality Standards - Groundwater

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Environmental Quality Standards - Hourly Air Quality

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Environmental Quality Standards - Soil Pollution

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Environmental Quality Standards - Public Water/Groundwater - Monitored Substances and Guideline Values

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Environmental Quality Standards - Public Water - Protection of Human Health

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Fluorocarbons Recovery and Destruction Law

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Offensive Odor Regulations - Specified Offensive Odor Substances - Maximum Permissible Concentration (MPCs)

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Ozone Depleting Substances - Annex A Group I

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Ozone Depleting Substances - Annex A Group II

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Ozone Depleting Substances - Annex B Group I

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Ozone Depleting Substances - Annex B Group II

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Ozone Depleting Substances - Annex B Group III

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Ozone Depleting Substances - Annex C Group I

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Ozone Depleting Substances - Annex C Group II

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Ozone Depleting Substances - Annex C Group III

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Ozone Depleting Substances - Annex E

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Pollutant Release Transfer Register (PRTR) - Class 1 Substances

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed

• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Pollutant Release Transfer Register (PRTR) - Class 2 Substances

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Inventory - Japan - Industrial Safety and Health Law Substances (ISHL)

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Other**Japan - Drinking Water Quality Standards - Supplied Water Quality Standard Values**

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Drinking Water Quality Standards - Quality Control Guideline Values

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Drinking Water Quality Standards - Quality Control Guideline Values - Pesticides

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Chemical Substance Control Law (CSCL) - Examined Existing Chemical Substances

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Fire Service Law - Hazardous Materials

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Group 4 - Flammable liquids I (listed under Special flammables)
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Harmful Substances in Household Products

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - ISHL Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Japanese Pharmacopoeia Listing - Synthetics

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	(including purified, water injection, and sterile purified)
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Japanese Pharmacopoeia Listing - Naturally Occurring Substances

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Chemical Substance Control Law (CSCL) - Monitoring Chemical Substances

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Chemical Substance Control Law (CSCL) - Specified Chemical Substances

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Poisonous and Deleterious Substances - Substances Not Considered Deleterious

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed

• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - Poisonous and Deleterious Substances - Substances Not Considered Poisonous

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Japan - ISHL Working Environment Evaluation Standards - Administrative Control Levels

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Korea**Labor****Korea - ISHA - Harmful Substances Prohibited for Manufacturing, Importing, Transferring, or Supplying**

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Korea - ISHA - Harmful Substances Requiring Permission

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Korea - ISHA - Name, Toxicity and Protective Measures of New Chemical Substances

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Environment**Korea - MOE - Toxic Chemicals Control Act (TCCA) - Observational Chemicals**

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Other**Korea - MOE - Toxic Chemicals Control Act (TCCA) - Prohibited Chemicals**

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed

• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Korea - MOE - Toxic Chemicals Control Act (TCCA) - Restricted Chemicals

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Korea - MOE - Toxic Chemicals Control Act (TCCA) - Toxic Chemicals

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

United States**Labor****U.S. - OSHA - Process Safety Management - Highly Hazardous Chemicals**

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	5000 lb TQ
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

U.S. - OSHA - Specifically Regulated Chemicals

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

Environment**U.S. - CAA (Clean Air Act) - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants**

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Radionuclides and Their Reportable Quantities

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA RQs

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances TPQs

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - PBT Chemical Listing

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

United States - California**Environment****U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List**

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - No Significant Risk Levels (NSRL)

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed

• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

United States - Pennsylvania**Labor****U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List**

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances

• Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1)	26264-05-1	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine	75-31-0	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	Not Listed
• Benzene, (tetrapropenyl) derivs.	68512-02-7	Not Listed
• Isopropylamine alkyl (C9-17BR) benzenesulfonate	68649-00-3	Not Listed

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

- No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Section 16 - Other Information**Relevant Phrases (code & full text)**

- H302 - Harmful if swallowed
- H315 - Causes skin irritation
- H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
- R22 - Harmful if swallowed.
- R36/38 - Irritating to eyes and skin.

Last Revision Date

- 12/February/2015

Preparation Date

- 27/February/2012

Other Information

- Telephone (General): 440-349-5600.

Disclaimer/Statement of Liability

- The information herein is given in good faith but no warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

Key to abbreviations

NDA = No Data Available

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Issuing Date: 15-Jan-2015

Revision Date: 07-Apr-2015

Version 2

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name	Spic and Span® Floor and Multi-Surface Cleaner -Concentrate
Product Code(s)	4-40
Product ID:	15154370_PROF_NG
Product Type:	Finished Product - Professional Use Only
Recommended Use	Floor Care
Restrictions on Use	Use only as directed on label.
Manufacturer	Procter & Gamble Professional 2 P&G Plaza Cincinnati, Ohio 45202 Procter & Gamble Inc. P.O. Box 355, Station A Toronto, ON M5W 1C5 1-800-332-7787
E-mail Address	pgsds.im@pg.com
Emergency Telephone	Transportation (24 HR) CHEMTREC - 1-800-424-9300 (U.S./ Canada) or 1-703-527-3887 Mexico toll free in country: 800-681-9531

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

This product is classified under 29CFR 1910.1200(d) and the Canadian Hazardous Products Regulation as follows:.

Hazard Category

Eye Damage / Irritation	Category 2A

Signal Word	WARNING

Hazard Statements	Causes serious eye irritation

Hazard pictograms



Precautionary Statements - Prevention None

Precautionary Statements - Response IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
IF SWALLOWED:
Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water

Precautionary Statements - Storage None

Precautionary Statements - Disposal None

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) None

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients are listed according to 29CFR 1910.1200 Appendix D and the Canadian Hazardous Products Regulation

Chemical Name	Synonyms	Trade Secret	CAS-No	Weight %
Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C10-16-alkyl derivs., sodium salts	-	No	68081-81-2	5 - 10
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-sulfo-omega-hydroxy-, C10-16-alkyl ethers, sodium salts	-	No	68585-34-2	5 - 10
Benzenesulfonic acid, (1-methylethyl)-, sodium salt (1:1)	-	No	28348-53-0	5 - 10
Ethanol	-	No	64-17-5	1 - 5

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid measures for different exposure routes

Eye contact Rinse with plenty of water. Get medical attention immediately if irritation persists.

Skin contact Rinse with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed None under normal use conditions.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemical, CO ₂ , alcohol-resistant foam or water spray.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	None.
Special hazard	None known.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	None.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Use personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
Advice for emergency responders	Use personal protective equipment as required.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment	Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.
Methods for cleaning up	Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep container closed when not in use. Never return spills in original containers for re-use. Keep out of the reach of children.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Incompatible products	None known.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	CAS-No	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	Mexico PEL
Ethanol	64-17-5	STEL: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 1000 ppm (vacated) TWA: 1900 mg/m ³	Mexico: TWA 1000 ppm Mexico: TWA 1900 mg/m ³

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Alberta	Quebec	Ontario TWAEV	British Columbia
Ethanol	64-17-5	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1880 mg/m ³	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1880 mg/m ³	STEL: 1000 ppm	STEL: 1000 ppm

No relevant exposure guidelines for other ingredients

Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Distribution, Workplace and Household Settings:

Ensure adequate ventilation

Product Manufacturing Plant (needed at Product-Producing Plant ONLY):

Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye Protection

Distribution, Workplace and Household Settings:

No special protective equipment required

Product Manufacturing Plant (needed at Product-Producing Plant ONLY):

Use appropriate eye protection

Hand Protection

Distribution, Workplace and Household Settings:

No special protective equipment required

Product Manufacturing Plant (needed at Product-Producing Plant ONLY):

Protective gloves

Skin and Body Protection

Distribution, Workplace and Household Settings:

No special protective equipment required

Product Manufacturing Plant (needed at Product-Producing Plant ONLY):

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory Protection

Distribution, Workplace and Household Settings:

No special protective equipment required

Product Manufacturing Plant (needed at Product-Producing Plant ONLY):

In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State @20°C

liquid

Appearance

green

Odor

Scented

Odor threshold

No information available

Property

Values

Note

pH value

10.2 - 11.0

Melting/freezing point

No information available

Boiling point/boiling range

No information available

Flash point

57 °C / 134.6 °F

Product is an aqueous solution containing <= 24% alcohol and > 50% water

Evaporation rate

No information available

Flammability (solid, gas)

No information available

Flammability Limits in Air

Upper flammability limit	No information available
Lower Flammability Limit	No information available
Vapor pressure	No information available
Vapor density	No information available
Relative density	1.14-1.16
Water solubility	100%
Solubility in other solvents	No information available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No information available
Autoignition temperature	No information available
Decomposition temperature	No information available
Viscosity of Product	No information available
VOC Content (%)	Products comply with US state and federal regulations for VOC content in consumer products.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	None under normal use conditions.
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Hazardous polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Hazardous Reactions	None under normal processing.
Conditions to Avoid	None under normal processing.
Materials to avoid	None in particular.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	None under normal use.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	No known effect.
Skin contact	No known effect.
Ingestion	No known effect.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Acute toxicity	No known effect.
Skin corrosion/irritation	No known effect.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin sensitization	No known effect.
Respiratory sensitization	No known effect.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No known effect.
Neurological Effects	No known effect.
Reproductive toxicity	No known effect.
Developmental toxicity	No known effect.
Teratogenicity	No known effect.
STOT - single exposure	No known effect.
STOT - repeated exposure	No known effect.
Target Organ Effects	No known effect.
Aspiration hazard	No known effect.
Carcinogenicity	No known effect.

Component Information

Chemical Name	CAS-No	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Benzenesulfonic acid,	68081-81-2	1090.00 mg/kg (rat)	-	-

mono-C10-16-alkyl derivs., sodium salts				
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-sulfo-omega-hydroxy-, C10-16-alkyl ethers, sodium salts	68585-34-2	>2001 mg/kg	-	-
Benzenesulfonic acid, (1-methylethyl)-, sodium salt (1:1)	28348-53-0	5160.00 mg/kg (rat)	-	-
Ethanol	64-17-5	10470 mg/kg bw (OECD 401)	> 15800 mg/kg bw (Rabbit)	116.9 mg/L air (//OECD 403)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment.

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential No information available.

Mobility No information available.

Other adverse effects No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment

Waste from Residues / Unused Products Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Contaminated packaging Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

California Hazardous Waste Codes (non-household setting) 331

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Not regulated

IMDG Not regulated

IATA Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

California Proposition 65

This product is not subject to warning labeling under California Proposition 65.

Ethanol is only considered a Proposition 65 developmental hazard when it is ingested as an alcoholic beverage.

U.S. State Regulations (RTK)

Chemical Name	CAS-No	New Jersey
Ethanol	64-17-5	X

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Massachusetts
Ethanol	64-17-5	X

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Pennsylvania
Ethanol	64-17-5	X
Sulfuric acid sodium salt (1:2)	7757-82-6	X

International Inventories

United States

All intentionally-added components of this product(s) are listed on the US TSCA Inventory.

Canada

This product is in compliance with CEPA for import by P&G.

Legend

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act

16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS Ratings

Health hazard	2
Flammability	2
Physical hazard	0

Health hazard	2
Flammability	2
Instability	0

Issuing Date: 15-Jan-2015

Revision Date: 07-Apr-2015

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS



Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Section 1 – Identification

1(a) Product Identifier Used on Label: Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube

1(b) Other Means of Identification: Casing, Line Pipe, or Coupling Stock. See section 16 for other synonyms.

1(c) Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restrictions on Use: None

1(d) Name, Address, and Telephone Number:

Vallourec Star
2669 Martin Luther King Jr Blvd
Youngstown, Ohio 44510

Phone number: 330-742-6300

1(e) Emergency Phone Number: 330-742-6300

Section 2 – Hazard(s) Identification

2(a) Classification of the chemical: Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube is considered an article under Reach regulation (REACH REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006) and is not subject to classification under CLP regulation (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008). However, Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube is not exempt as an article under OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) due to its downstream use, thus this product is considered a mixture and a hazardous material. Therefore, the categories of Health Hazards as defined in "GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM OF CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING OF CHEMICALS (GHS), Third revised edition ST/SG/AC.10/30/Rev. 3" United Nations, New York and Geneva, 2009 have been evaluated. Refer to Section 3, 8 and 11 for additional information.

2(b) Signal word, hazard statement(s), symbols and precautionary statement(s):

Hazard Symbol	Hazard Classification	Signal Word	Hazard Statement(s)
	Carcinogenicity - 2 Reproductive Toxicity - 2 Single Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) Repeat Exposure - 1	Danger	Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to lungs and central nervous system through prolonged or repeated inhalation exposure.
	Acute Toxicity-Oral - 4 Skin Sensitization - 1 STOT Single Exposure - 3		Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful in contact with skin. May cause respiratory irritation.
NA	Eye Irritation - 2B		Causes eye irritation.

Precautionary Statement(s):

Prevention	Response	Storage/Disposal
Do not breathe dusts / fume / gas / mist / vapor / spray. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Use only outdoors or in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.	If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If exposed, concerned or feel unwell: Get medical advice/attention. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue Rinsing. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.	Dispose of contents in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

2(c) Hazards not otherwise classified: None Known

2(d) Unknown acute toxicity statement (mixture): None Known

Section 3 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

3(a-c) Chemical name, common name (synonyms), CAS number and other identifiers, and concentration:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	EC Number	% weight
Iron	7439-89-6	231-096-4	>50 - 99.9
Chromium	7440-47-3	231-157-5	0.0-1.5
Manganese	7439-96-5	231-105-1	0.0-2.0

Section 3 – Composition/Information on Ingredients (continued)

3(a-c) Chemical name, common name (synonyms), CAS number and other identifiers, and concentration (continued):

Chemical Name	CAS Number	EC Number	% weight
Molybdenum	7439-98-7	231-107-2	0.0-1.5
Nickel	7440-02-0	231-111-4	0.0-1.0

EC - European Community

CAS - Chemical Abstract Service

- Commercial steel products contain small amounts of various elements in addition to those listed. These small quantities are frequently referred to as “trace” or “residual” elements that generally originate in the raw materials used. Steel products may contain the following trace or residual elements including typical percentages for the elements identified: aluminum ≤0.1%, carbon ≤0.5%, copper ≤0.5%, phosphorous ≤0.05%, silicon ≤0.5%, boron ≤0.01%, cobalt ≤0.01%, lead ≤0.01%, niobium (columbium) ≤0.01%, sulfur ≤0.05%, nitrogen ≤0.2%, titanium ≤0.2%, tellurium ≤0.01%, tungsten ≤0.05%, vanadium ≤0.10% and zirconium ≤0.05%
- Percentages are expressed as maximum concentrations of trace elements for the purpose of communicating the potential hazards of the finished product. Consult product specifications for specific composition information.
- Product surfaces may be treated with small amounts of corrosion-inhibiting oil that may contain mineral oil or petroleum distillates, or paints, epoxies, laminates, etc., generally applied at the customer's request. Refer to the coating manufacturer's MSDS for hazards associated with coatings. Refer to the following table for additional information.

Metallic Coating (if applicable)¹

Chemical Name	CAS Number	EC Number	% weight ²
Zinc	7440-66-6	231-175-3	0 - 85

Other Coatings (if applicable)

Non Metallic Coatings	Varies	231-111-4	<0.05 total
Stencil Ink	Varies	Varies	<0.05 total

- Refer to product specifications for coating applicability.
- Percentages are expressed as typical ranges or maximum concentrations of trace elements in the coating, for the purpose of communicating the potential hazards of the finished product. Consult product specifications for specific composition information.

Section 4 – First-aid Measures

4(a) Description of necessary measures:

- Inhalation: Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as sold/shipped is not a likely form of exposure. However during further processing (welding, grinding, burning, etc.), if inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If exposed, concerned or feel unwell: Get medical advice/attention.
- Eye Contact: Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as sold/shipped is not a likely form of exposure. However during further processing (welding, grinding, burning, etc.), if in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue Rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice attention. If exposed, concerned or feel unwell: Get medical advice/attention.
- Skin Contact:** If on skin: Wash thoroughly after handling.
- ng. Wash with plenty of water. If irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If exposed, concerned or feel unwell: Get medical advice/attention.
- Ingestion: Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as sold/shipped is not a likely form of exposure. However during further processing (welding, grinding, burning, etc.), if swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If exposed, concerned or feel unwell: Get medical advice/attention.

4(b) Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed (chronic):

- Inhalation: Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as sold/shipped is not likely to present an acute or chronic health effect.
- Eye: Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as sold/shipped is not likely to present an acute or chronic health effect.
- Skin: Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as sold/shipped is not likely to present an acute or chronic health effect.
- Ingestion: Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as sold/shipped is not likely to present an acute or chronic health effect.

However during further processing (welding, grinding, burning, etc.) individual components may illicit an acute or chronic health effect. Refer to Section 11-Toxicological Information.

4(c) Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment: None Known

Section 5 – Fire-fighting Measures

5(a) Suitable (and unsuitable) Extinguishing Media: Not Applicable for **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as sold/shipped. Use extinguishers appropriate for surrounding materials.

5(b) Specific Hazards arising from the chemical: Not Applicable for **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as sold/shipped. When burned, toxic smoke, fume and vapor may be emitted.

Section 5 – Fire-fighting Measures (continued)

5(c) Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters: Self-contained NIOSH approved respiratory protection and full protective clothing should be worn when fumes and/or smoke from fire are present. Heat and flames cause emittance of acrid smoke and fumes. Do not release runoff from fire control methods to sewers or waterways. Firefighters should wear full face-piece self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing with thermal protection. Direct water stream will scatter and spread flames and, therefore, should not be used.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

6(a) Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures: Not Applicable for **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as sold/shipped. For spills involving finely divided particles, clean-up personnel should be protected against contact with eyes and skin. If material is in a dry state, avoid inhalation of dust.

6(b) Methods and materials for containment and clean up: Not Applicable for **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as sold/shipped. Collect material in appropriate, labeled containers for recovery or disposal in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Follow applicable OSHA regulations (29 CFR 1910.120) and all other pertinent state and federal requirements

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

7(a) Precautions for safe handling: Not Applicable for **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as sold/shipped, however further processing (welding, burning, grinding, etc.) with the potential for generating high concentrations of airborne particulates should be evaluated and controlled as necessary. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use only outdoors or in well ventilated areas. Practice good housekeeping. Avoid breathing metal fumes and/or dust. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Cut resistant gloves and sleeves should be worn when working with steel products. Use lifting and work devices, e.g., crane, hoist, etc., within rated capacities and in accordance with manufacturer's instructions when handling these products.

7(b) Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store away from acids and incompatible materials.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

8(a) Occupational Exposure Limits (OELs): **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as sold/shipped in its physical form does not present an inhalation, ingestion or contact hazard, nor would any of the following exposure data apply. However, operations such as burning, welding (high temperature), sawing, brazing, machining, grinding, etc. may produce fumes and/or particulates. The following exposure limits are offered as reference for an experienced industrial hygienist to review.

Ingredients	OSHA PEL ¹	ACGIH TLV ²	NIOSH REL ³	IDLH ⁴
Iron	10 mg/m ³ (as iron oxide fume)	5.0 mg/m ³ (as iron oxide dust and fume)	5.0 mg/m ³ (as iron oxide dust and fume)	2,500 mg Fe/m ³
Chromium	0.5 mg/m ³ (as Cr II & III, inorganic compounds) 1.0 mg/m ³ (as Cr, metal) 0.005 mg/m ³ (as Cr VI, inorganic compounds & certain water insoluble) “AL” 0.0025 mg/m ³ (as Cr VI, inorganic compounds & certain water insoluble)	0.5 mg/m ³ (as Cr III, inorganic compounds) 0.5 mg/m ³ (as Cr, metal) 0.05 mg/m ³ (as Cr VI, inorganic compounds) 0.01 mg/m ³ (as Cr VI, inorganic compounds & certain water insoluble)	0.5 mg/m ³ (as Cr II & III, inorganic compounds) 0.5 mg/m ³ (as Cr, metal) 0.001 mg/m ³ (as Cr VI, inorganic compounds & certain water insoluble)	250 mg/m ³ (as Cr II & metal) 25 mg/m ³ (as Cr III) 15 mg/m ³ (as Cr VI)
Manganese	(C) 5.0 mg/m ³ (as Fume & Mn compounds)	0.2 mg/m ³	(C) 5.0 mg/m ³ 1.0 mg/m ³ (as fume) (STEL) 3.0 mg/m ³	500 mg Mn/m ³
Molybdenum	15 mg/m ³ (as total dust, PNOR ⁵) 5.0 mg/m ³ (as respirable fraction, PNOR)	10 mg/m ³ (as Mo insoluble compounds, inhalable fraction ⁶) 3.0 mg/m ³ (as Mo insoluble compounds, respirable fraction ⁷) 0.5 mg/m ³ (as Mo soluble compounds, respirable fraction)	NE	NE
Nickel	1.0 mg/m ³ (as Ni metal & insoluble compounds)	1.5 mg/m ³ (as inhalable fraction Ni metal) 0.2 mg/m ³ (as inhalable fraction Ni inorganic only insoluble and soluble compounds)	0.015 mg/m ³ (as Ni metal & insoluble and soluble compounds)	10 mg/m ³ (as Ni)

NE - None Established

1. OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) are 8-hour TWA (time-weighted average) concentrations unless otherwise noted. A (C) designation denotes a ceiling limit, which should not be exceeded during any part of the working exposure unless otherwise noted. A Peak is defined as the acceptable maximum peak for a maximum duration above the ceiling concentration for an eight-hour shift. A skin notation refers to the potential significant contribution to the overall exposure by the cutaneous route, either by contact with vapors or, of probable greater significance, by direct skin contact with the substance. A Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL) is defined as a 15-minute exposure, which should not be exceeded at any time during a workday. An Action level (AL) is used by OSHA and NIOSH to express a health or physical hazard. They indicate the level of a harmful or toxic substance/activity, which requires medical surveillance, increased industrial hygiene monitoring, or biological monitoring. Action Levels are generally set at one half of the PEL but the actual level may vary from standard to standard. The intent is to identify a level at which the vast majority of randomly sampled exposures will be below the PEL.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection (continued)

8(a) Occupational Exposure Limits (OELs) (continued):

2. Threshold Limit Values (TLV) established by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) are 8-hour TWA concentrations unless otherwise noted. A Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL) is defined as the maximum concentration to which workers can be exposed for a short period of time (15 minutes) for only four times throughout the day with at least one hour between exposures. A "skin" notation refers to the potential significant contribution to the overall exposure by the cutaneous route, either by contact with vapors or, of probable greater significance, by direct skin contact with the substance. ACGIH-TLVs are only recommended guidelines based upon consensus agreement of the membership of the ACGIH. As such, the ACGIH TLVs are for guideline use purposes and are not legal regulatory standards for compliance purposes. The TLVs are designed for use by individuals trained in the discipline of industrial hygiene relative to the evaluation of exposure to various chemical or biological substances and physical agents that may be found in the workplace.
3. The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Recommended Exposure Limits (NIOSH-REL)- Compendium of Policy and Statements. NIOSH, Cincinnati, OH (1992). NIOSH is the federal agency designated to conduct research relative to occupational safety and health. As is the case with ACGIH TLVs, NIOSH RELs are for guideline purposes only and as such are not legal, regulatory limits for compliance purposes.
4. The "immediately dangerous to life or health air concentration values (IDLHs)" are used by NIOSH as part of the respirator selection criteria and were first developed in the mid-1970's by NIOSH. The Documentation for Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations (IDLHs) is a compilation of the rationale and sources of information used by NIOSH during the original determination of 387 IDLHs and their subsequent review and revision in 1994.
5. PNOR (Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated). All inert or nuisance dusts, whether mineral, inorganic, or organic, not listed specifically by substance name are covered by a limit which is the same as the inert or nuisance dust limit of 15 mg/m³ for total dust and 5 mg/m³ for the respirable fraction.
6. Inhalable fraction. The concentration of inhalable particulate for the application of this TLV is to be determined from the fraction passing a size-selector with the characteristics defined in the ACGIH 2013 TLVs[®] and BEIs[®] (Biological Exposure Indices) Appendix D, paragraph A.
7. Respirable fraction. The concentration of respirable dust for the application of this limit is to be determined from the fraction passing a size-selector with the characteristics defined in ACGIH 2013 TLVs[®] and BEIs[®] Appendix D, paragraph C.

8(b) Appropriate Engineering Controls: Use controls as appropriate to minimize exposure to metal fumes and dusts during handling operations. Provide general or local exhaust ventilation systems to minimize airborne concentrations. Local exhaust is necessary for use in enclosed or confined spaces. Provide sufficient general/local exhaust ventilation in pattern/volume to control inhalation exposures below current exposure limits.

8(c) Individual Protection Measures:

- **Respiratory Protection:** Seek professional advice prior to respirator selection and use. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and, if necessary, use only a NIOSH-approved respirator. Select respirator based on its suitability to provide adequate worker protection for given working conditions, level of airborne contamination, and presence of sufficient oxygen. Concentration in air of the various contaminants determines the extent of respiratory protection needed. Half-face, negative-pressure, air-purifying respirator equipped with P100 filter is acceptable for concentrations up to 10 times the exposure limit. Full-face, negative-pressure, air-purifying respirator equipped with P100 filter is acceptable for concentrations up to 50 times the exposure limit. Protection by air-purifying negative-pressure and powered air respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure-demand, full-face, supplied air respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for concentrations above 50 times the exposure limit. If exposure is above the IDLH (Immediately dangerous to life or health) for any of the constituents, or there is a possibility of an uncontrolled release or exposure levels are unknown, then use a positive-demand, full-face, supplied air respirator with escape bottle or SCBA.

Warning! Air-purifying respirators both negative-pressure, and powered-air do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

- **Eyes:** Wear appropriate eye protection to prevent eye contact. For operations which result in elevating the temperature of the product to or above its melting point or result in the generation of airborne particulates, use safety glasses to prevent eye contact. Contact lenses should not be worn where industrial exposures to this material are likely. Use safety glasses or goggles as required for welding, burning, sawing, brazing, grinding or machining operations.
- **Skin:** Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to prevent skin contact. Cut resistant gloves and sleeves should be worn when working with steel products. For operations which result in elevating the temperature of the product to or above its melting point or result in the generation of airborne particulates, use protective clothing, and gloves to prevent skin contact. Protective gloves should be worn as required for welding, burning or handling operations. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
- **Other protective equipment:** An eyewash fountain and deluge shower should be readily available in the work area.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

9(a) Appearance (physical state, color, etc.): Solid, Gray, bluish, silvery

9(b) Odor: Odorless

9(c) Odor Threshold: NA

9(d) pH: NA

9(e) Melting Point/Freezing Point: Base metal - Above 2500 °F

9(f) Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range: ND

9(g) Flash Point: NA

9(h) Evaporation Rate: NA

9(i) Flammability (solid, gas): Non-flammable, non-combustible

NA - Not Applicable

ND - Not Determined for product as a whole

9(j) Upper/lower Flammability or Explosive Limits: NA

9(k) Vapor Pressure: NA

9(l) Vapor Density (Air = 1): NA

9(m) Relative Density: 7.85

9(n) Solubility(ies): Insoluble

9(o) Partition Coefficient n-octanol/water: ND

9(p) Auto-ignition Temperature: NA

9(q) Decomposition Temperature: ND

9(r) Viscosity: NA

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

- 10(a) Reactivity:** Not Determined (ND) for product in a solid form. Do not use water on molten metal.
- 10(b) Chemical Stability:** Steel products are stable under normal storage and handling conditions.
- 10(c) Possibility of hazardous reaction:** None Known
- 10(d) Conditions to Avoid:** Storage with strong acids or calcium hypochlorite
- 10(e) Incompatible Materials:** Will react with strong acids to form hydrogen. Iron oxide dusts in contact with calcium hypochlorite evolve oxygen and may cause an explosion.
- 10(f) Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Thermal oxidative decomposition of steel products can produce fumes containing oxides of iron and manganese as well as other alloying elements.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

11(a-e) Information on toxicological effects: The following toxicity data has been determined for **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** when further processed using the information available for its components applied to the guidance on the preparation of an SDS under the GHS requirements of OSHA and the EU CPL:

Hazard Classification	Hazard Category		Hazard Symbols	Signal Word	Hazard Statement
	EU	OSHA			
Acute Toxicity Hazard (covers Categories 1-4)	NA*	4 ^a		Warning	Harmful if swallowed.
Eye Damage/ Irritation (covers Categories 1, 2A and 2B)	NA*	2B ^c	No Pictogram	Warning	Causes eye irritation.
Skin/Dermal Sensitization (covers Category 1)	NA*	1 ^d		Warning	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Carcinogenicity (covers Categories 1A, 1B and 2)	NA*	2 ^g		Warning	Suspected of causing cancer.
Toxic Reproduction (covers Categories 1A, 1B and 2)	NA*	2 ^h		Warning	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) Following Single Exposure (covers Categories 1-3)	NA*	3 ⁱ		Warning	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT following Repeated Exposure (covers Categories 1 and 2)	NA*	1 ^j		Danger	Causes damage to lungs and central nervous system through prolonged or repeated inhalation exposure.

* Not Applicable - Semi-formed steel products are considered articles under Reach regulation (REACH REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006) and are not subject to classification under CLP regulation (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008).

Toxicological data listed below are presented regardless to classification criteria. Individual hazard classification categories where the toxicological information has met or exceeded a classification criteria threshold are listed above.

a. No LC₅₀ or LD₅₀ has been established for **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube**. The following data has been determined for the components:

- Iron:** Rat LD₅₀ = 98.6 g/kg (REACH)
Rat LD₅₀ = 1060 mg/kg (IUCALID)
Rat LD₅₀ = 984 mg/kg (IUCALID)
Rabbit LD₅₀ = 890 mg/kg (IUCALID)
Guinea Pig LD₅₀ = 20 g/kg (TOXNET)
- Nickel:** LD₅₀ > 9000 mg/kg (Oral/Rat)
- Manganese:** Rat LD₅₀ > 2000 mg/kg (REACH)
Rat LD₅₀ > 9000 mg/kg (NLM Toxnet)

b. No Skin (Dermal) Irritation data available for **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as a mixture. The following Skin (Dermal) Irritation information was found for the components:

- Molybdenum:** May cause skin irritation.

c. No Eye Irritation data available for **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as a mixture. The following Eye Irritation information was found for the components:

- Iron and Molybdenum:** Causes eye irritation.
- Nickel:** Slight eye irritation from particulate abrasion only.

d. No Skin (Dermal) Sensitization data available for **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as a mixture. The following Skin (Dermal) Sensitization information was found for the components:

- Nickel:** May cause allergic skin sensitization.

e. No Respiratory Sensitization data available for **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as a mixture or its components.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information (continued)

11 Information on toxicological effects (continued):

- f. No Germ Cell Mutagenicity data available for **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as a mixture. The following Mutagenicity and Genotoxicity information was found for the components:
- **Iron:** IUCLID has found some positive and negative findings in vitro.
 - **Nickel:** EU RAR has found positive results in vitro and in vivo but insufficient data for classification.
- g. Carcinogenicity: IARC, NTP, and OSHA do not list **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as carcinogens. The following Carcinogenicity information was found for the components:
- **Welding Fumes** - IARC Group 2B carcinogen, a mixture that is possibly carcinogenic to humans.
 - **Chromium (as metal and trivalent chromium compounds)** – IARC Group 3 carcinogens, not classifiable as to their human carcinogenicity.
 - **Nickel and certain nickel compounds** – Group 2B - metallic nickel Group 1 - nickel compounds ACGIH confirmed human carcinogen. Nickel – EURAR Insufficient evidence to conclude carcinogenic potential in animals or humans; suspect carcinogen classification Category 2 Suspected of causing cancer.
- h. No Toxic Reproduction data available for **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as a mixture. The following Toxic Reproductive information was found for the components:
- **Nickel:** Effects on fertility.
- i. No Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) following a Single Exposure data available for **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as a mixture. The following STOT following a Single Exposure data was found for the components:
- **Iron and Molybdenum:** Irritating to Respiratory tract.
- j. No Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) following Repeated Exposure data was available for **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as a whole. The following STOT following Repeated Exposure data was found for the components:
- **Nickel:** Rat 4 wk inhalation LOEL 4 mg/m³ Lung and Lymph node histopathology. Rat 2 yr inhalation LOEL 0.1 mg/ m³ Pigment in kidney, effects on hematopoiesis spleen and bone marrow and adrenal tumor. Rat 13 Week Inhalation LOAEC 1.0 mg/m³ Lung weights, and Alveolar histopathology.
 - **Manganese:** Inhalation of metal fumes - Degenerative changes in human Brain; Behavioral: Changes in motor activity and muscle weakness (Whitlock *et al.*, 1966).

The above toxicity information was determined from available scientific sources to illustrate the prevailing posture of the scientific community. The scientific resources includes: The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienist (ACGIH) Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) and Biological Exposure indices (BEIs) with Other Worldwide Occupational Exposure Values 2009, The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), The National Toxicology Program (NTP) updated documentation, the World Health Organization (WHO) and other available resources, the International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID), European Union Risk Assessment Report (EU-RAR), Concise International Chemical Assessment Documents (CICAD), European Union Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (EU-SCOEL), Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR), Hazardous Substance Data Bank (HSDB), and International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS).

The following health hazard information is provided regardless to classification criteria and is based on the individual component(s) and potential resultant components from further processing:

Acute Effects:

- **Inhalation:** Excessive exposure to high concentrations of metal dust may cause irritation to the eyes, skin and mucous membranes of the upper respiratory tract. Excessive inhalation of fumes of freshly formed metal oxide particles sized below 1.5 micrometer and usually between 0.02-0.05 micrometers from many metals can produce an acute reaction known as “metal fume fever”. Symptoms consist of chills and fever (very similar to and easily confused with flu symptoms), metallic taste in the mouth, dryness and irritation of the throat followed by weakness and muscle pain. The symptoms come on in a few hours after excessive exposures and usually last from 12 to 48 hours. Long-term effects from metal fume fever have not been noted. Freshly formed oxide fumes of manganese and copper have been associated with causing metal fume fever.
- **Eye:** Excessive exposure to high concentrations of metal dust may cause irritation to the eyes.
- **Skin:** Skin contact with metal dusts may cause irritation or sensitization, possibly leading to dermatitis. Skin contact with metallic fumes and dusts may cause physical abrasion.
- **Ingestion:** Ingestion of harmful amounts of this product as distributed is unlikely due to its solid insoluble form. Ingestion of metal dust may cause nausea or vomiting.

Acute Effects by component:

- **Iron and iron oxides:** Iron is harmful if swallowed, causes skin irritation, and causes eye irritation. Contact with iron oxide has been reported to cause skin irritation and serious eye damage. Particles of iron or iron compounds, which become imbedded in the eye, may cause rust stains unless removed fairly promptly.
- **Chromium, chromium oxides and hexavalent chrome:** Hexavalent chrome causes damage to gastrointestinal tract, lung, severe skin burns and eye damage, serious eye damage, skin contact may cause an allergic skin reaction. Inhalation may cause allergic or asthmatic symptoms or breathing difficulties.
- **Manganese and manganese oxides:** Manganese and Manganese oxide are harmful if swallowed.
- **Molybdenum and Oxides:** Molybdenum causes skin and eye irritation. Molybdenum oxide is toxic if swallowed, and causes eye irritation
- **Nickel and nickel oxides:** Nickel may cause allergic skin sensitization. Nickel oxide may cause an allergic skin.

Delayed (chronic) Effects by component:

- **Iron and iron oxides:** Chronic inhalation of excessive concentrations of iron oxide fumes or dusts may result in the development of a benign pneumoconiosis, called siderosis, which is observable as an X-ray change. No physical impairment of lung function has been associated with siderosis. Inhalation of excessive concentrations of ferric oxide may enhance the risk of lung cancer development in workers exposed to pulmonary carcinogens. Iron oxide is listed as a Group 3 (not classifiable) carcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Section 11 - Toxicological Information (continued)

Delayed (chronic) Effects by component (continued):

- **Chromium, chromium oxides and hexavalent chromium:** The health hazards associated with exposure to chromium are dependent upon its oxidation state. The metal form (chromium as it exists in this product) is of very low toxicity. The hexavalent form is very toxic. Repeated or prolonged exposure to hexavalent chromium compounds may cause respiratory irritation, nosebleed, ulceration and perforation of the nasal septum. Industrial exposure to certain forms of hexavalent chromium has been related to an increased incidence of cancer. NTP (The National Toxicology Program) Fourth Annual report on Carcinogens cites "certain Chromium compounds" as human carcinogens. ACGIH has reviewed the toxicity data and concluded that chromium metal is not classifiable as a human carcinogen. Hexavalent chromium may cause genetic defects and is suspected of damaging the unborn child. Developmental toxicity in the mouse, suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- **Manganese and manganese oxides:** Chronic exposure to high concentrations of manganese fumes and dusts may adversely affect the central nervous system with symptoms including languor, sleepiness, weakness, emotional disturbances, spastic gait, mask-like facial expression and paralysis. Animal studies indicate that manganese exposure may increase susceptibility to bacterial and viral infections. Occupational overexposure (Manganese) is a progressive, disabling neurological syndrome that typically begins with relatively mild symptoms and evolves to include altered gait, fine tremor, and sometimes, psychiatric disturbances. May cause damage to lungs with repeated or prolonged exposure. Neurobehavioral alterations in worker populations exposed to manganese oxides include: speed and coordination of motor function are especially impaired.
- **Molybdenum and Oxides:** Certain handling operations, such as burning and welding, may generate both insoluble molybdenum compounds (metal and molybdenum dioxide) and soluble molybdenum compounds (molybdenum trioxide). Molybdenum compounds generally exhibit a low order of toxicity with the trioxide the more toxic. However, some reports indicate that the dust of the molybdenum metal, molybdenum dioxide and molybdenum trioxide may cause eye, skin, nose and throat irritation in animals. Also has been reported to cause induction of tumors in experimental animals, suspected of causing cancer. Molybdenum oxide is suspected of causing cancer in humans.
- **Nickel and nickel oxides:** Exposure to nickel dusts and fumes can cause sensitization dermatitis, respiratory irritation, asthma, pulmonary fibrosis, edema, and may cause nasal or lung cancer in humans. Nickel causes damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated inhalation exposure. IARC lists nickel and certain nickel compounds as Group 2B carcinogens (sufficient animal data). ACGIH 2013 TLVs® and BEIs® lists insoluble nickel compounds as confirmed human carcinogens. Nickel is suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

12(a) Ecotoxicity (aquatic & terrestrial): No Data Available for **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as sold/shipped. However, individual components of the product when processed have been found to be toxic to the environment. Metal dusts may migrate into soil and groundwater and be ingested by wildlife as follows:

- **Iron Oxide:** LC₅₀: >1000 mg/L; Fish 48 h-EC₅₀ > 100 mg/L (Currenta, 2008k); 96 h-LC₀ ≥ 50,000 mg/L Test substance: Bayferrox 130 red (95 – 97% Fe₂O₃; < 4% SiO₂ and Al₂O₃) (Bayer, 1989a)
- **Hexavalent Chrome:** EU RAR listed as category 1, found acute EC₅₀ and LD₅₀ to algae and invertebrates < 1 mg.
- **Nickel Oxide:** IUCLID found LC₅₀ in fish, invertebrates and algae > 100 mg/l.

12(b) Persistence & Degradability: No Data Available for **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as sold/shipped or individual components.

12(c) Bioaccumulative Potential: No Data Available for **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as sold/shipped or individual components.

12(d) Mobility (in soil): No data available for **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as sold/shipped. However, individual components of the product have been found to be absorbed by plants from soil.

12(e) Other adverse effects: None Known

Additional Information:

Hazard Category: Not Reported

Signal Word: No Signal Word

Hazard Symbol: No Symbol

Hazard Statement: No Statement

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Disposal: Steel scrap should be recycled whenever possible. Product dusts and fumes from processing operations should also be recycled, or classified by a competent environmental professional and disposed of in accordance with applicable federal, state or local regulations.

Container Cleaning and Disposal: Follow applicable federal, state and local regulations. Observe safe handling precautions. European Waste Catalogue (EWC): 16-01-17 (ferrous metals), 12-01-99 (wastes not otherwise specified), 16-03-04 (off specification batches and unused products), or 15-01-04 (metallic packaging).

Please note this information is for Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube in its original form. Any alterations can void this information.

Section 14 - Transport Information

14 (a-g) Transportation Information:

US Department of Transportation (DOT) under 49 CFR 172.101 does not regulate Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube as a hazardous material. All federal, state, and local laws and regulations that apply to the transport of this type of material must be adhered to.

Shipping Name: Not Applicable (NA) Shipping Symbols: NA Hazard Class: NA UN No.: NA Packing Group: NA DOT/IMO Label: NA Special Provisions (172.102): NA	Packaging Authorizations a) Exceptions: NA b) Group: NA c) Authorization: NA	Quantity Limitations a) Passenger, Aircraft, or Railcar: NA b) Cargo Aircraft Only: NA Vessel Stowage Requirements a) Vessel Stowage: NA b) Other: NA DOT Reportable Quantities: NA

International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) and the Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID) classification, packaging and shipping requirements follow the US DOT Hazardous Materials Regulation.

Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) does not regulate Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube as a hazardous material.

Shipping Name: Not Applicable (NA) Classification Code: NA UN No.: NA Packing Group: NA ADR Label: NA Special Provisions: NA Limited Quantities: NA	Packaging a) Packing Instructions: NA b) Special Packing Provisions: NA c) Mixed Packing Provisions: NA	Portable Tanks & Bulk Containers a) Instructions: NA b) Special Provisions: NA

International Air Transport Association (IATA) does not regulate Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube as a hazardous material.

Shipping Name: Not Applicable (NA) Class/Division: NA Hazard Label (s): NA UN No.: NA Packing Group: NA Excepted Quantities (EQ): NA	Passenger & Cargo Aircraft Limited Quantity (EQ) Pkg Inst: NA Max Net Qty/Pkg: NA	Cargo Aircraft Only Pkg Inst: NA Max Net Qty/Pkg: NA	Special Provisions: NA ERG Code: NA

Pkg Inst – Packing Instructions

Max Net Qty/Pkg – Maximum Net Quantity per Package

ERG – Emergency Response Drill Code

Transport Dangerous Goods (TDG) Classification: Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube does not have a TDG classification.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Regulatory Information: The following listing of regulations relating to a Vallourec Star product may not be complete and should not be solely relied upon for all regulatory compliance responsibilities. .

This product and/or its constituents are subject to the following regulations:

OSHA Regulations: Air Contaminant (29 CFR 1910.1000, Table Z-1, Z-2, Z-3): The product, Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube as a whole is not listed. However, individual components of the product are listed: Refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

EPA Regulations: The product, Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube is not listed as a whole. However, individual components of the product are listed:

Components	Regulations
Chromium	CERCLA, CWA, SARA 313, RCRA, SDWA
Manganese	CAA, SARA 313, SDWA
Nickel	CAA, CERCLA, CWA, SARA 313

SARA 311/312 Potential Hazard Categories: Immediate Acute Health Hazard; Delayed Chronic Health Hazard

Regulations Key:

CAA	Clean Air Act (42 USC Sec. 7412; 40 CFR Part 61 [As of: 8/18/06])
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (42 USC Secs. 9601(14), 9603(a); 40 CFR Sec. 302.4, Table 302.4, Table 302.4 and App. A)
CWA	Clean Water Act (33 USC Secs. 1311; 1314(b), (c), (e), (g); 136(b), (c); 137(b), (c) [as of 8/2/06])
RCRA	Resource Conservation Recovery Act (42 USC Sec. 6921; 40 CFR Part 261 App VIII)
SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (42 USC Secs. 11023, 13106; 40 CFR sec. 372.65) and Section 313 Toxic Chemicals (42 USC Secs. 11023, 13106; 40 CFR Sec. 372.65 [as of 6/30/05])
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act (15 U.S.C. s/s 2601 et seq. [1976])
SDWA	Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. s/s 300f et seq. [1974])

Section 15 - Regulatory Information (continued)

Section 313 Supplier Notification: The product, **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act and 40 CFR part 372:

CAS #	Chemical Name	Percent by Weight
7440-47-3	Chromium	26 max
7439-96-5	Manganese	10 max
7440-02-0	Nickel	22 max

State Regulations: The product, **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** as a whole is not listed in any state regulations. However, individual components of the product are listed in various state regulations:

Pennsylvania Right to Know (RTK):	Contains regulated material in the following categories: - Hazardous Substances: Manganese and Molybdenum - Environmental Hazards: Chromium, Manganese and Nickel - Special Hazardous Substance: Chromium and Nickel
California Prop. 65:	Contains elements known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity. This includes chromium compounds and nickel.
New Jersey:	Contains regulated material in the following categories: - Hazardous Substance: Chromium, Manganese, and Nickel - Special Health Hazard Substances: None Listed
Minnesota:	Chromium, Manganese, Molybdenum, and Nickel
Massachusetts:	Chromium, Manganese, Molybdenum, and Nickel

Other Regulations:

WHMIS Classification (Canadian): The product, **Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube** is not listed as a whole. However individual components are listed.

Ingredients	WHMIS Classification
Iron	B4, D2B
Manganese	B4, D2A
Molybdenum	B4, D2B
Nickel	D2A, D2B

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Section 16 - Other Information

Prepared By: AM Health and Safety

Revision History:

11/01/2003 - Original
02/21/2014 - Convert to SDS format

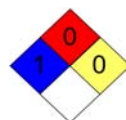
Additional Information:

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS) Classification

Health Hazard	1
Fire Hazard	0
Physical Hazard	0

HEALTH= 1, Denotes possible chronic hazard if airborne dusts or fumes are generated Irritation or minor reversible injury possible.
FIRE= 0, Materials that will not burn
PHYSICAL HAZARD= 0, Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosives.

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



HEALTH = 1, Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual injury even if no treatment is given.
FLAMMABILITY = 0, Materials that will not burn
INSTABILITY = 0, Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.

ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS:

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	NIF	No Information Found
BEIs	Biological Exposure Indices	NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	NTP	National Toxicology Program
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act	ORC	Organization Resources Counselors
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
CNS	Central Nervous System	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit

Section 16 - Other Information (continued)

ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS (continued):

GI, GIT	Gastro-Intestinal, Gastro-Intestinal Tract	PNOR	Particulate Not Otherwise Regulated
HMIS	Hazardous Materials Identification System	PNOC	Particulate Not Otherwise Classified
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	PPE	Personal Protective Equipment
LC50	Median Lethal Concentration	ppm	parts per million
LD50	Median Lethal Dose	RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
LD_{Lo}	Lowest Dose to have killed animals or humans	RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit	SARA	Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act
LOEL	Lowest Observed Effect Level	SCBA	Self-contained Breathing Apparatus
LOAEC	Lowest Observable Adverse Effect Concentration	SDS	Safety Data Sheet
µg/m³	microgram per cubic meter of air	STEL	Short-term Exposure Limit
mg/m³	milligram per cubic meter of air	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
mppcf	million particles per cubic foot	TWA	Time-weighted Average
MSHA	Mine Safety and Health Administration	UEL	Upper Explosive Limit
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association		

Disclaimer: This information is taken from sources or based upon data believed to be reliable. However, Vallourec Star makes no warranty as to the absolute correctness or sufficiency of any of the foregoing or that additional or other measures may not be required under particular conditions.

Synonyms for Carbon and Low Alloy Steel Pipe and Tube

Casing	Line Pipe	Coupling Stock
Liner	Tubing	Structural Pipe
Structural Tubing	Fittings Pipe	Standard Pipe
OCTG	Seamless Pipe	Mechanical Tubing

OSHA-Required Health And Safety Information!

This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) was requested moments ago from Hercules Automated Fax Information System. Please forward it immediately to the person in charge of MSDS's, or retain it at the machine until claimed.

Section 1**MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET # 7**
Tape Dope®**Date Prepared:** 3/3/1994 **Last Reviewed:** 7/28/2011

Meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200

**MATERIAL
SAFETY
INFORMATION
SERVICE**

Hercules Chemical Company Inc.
111 South Street
Passaic NJ 07055
Phone (800) 221-9330
Fax (800) 333-3456

Section 2 - Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information**Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical Identity;
Common Name(s), CAS Numbers)****OSHA PEL****ACGIH TLV****Other Limits****Upper Bound
Limit if SARA
Reportable**

PTFE Tape as an article is not a hazardous material. It is a processed solid polymer.

Polytetrafluoroethylene CAS 9002-84-0

N/A

N/A

>97

Titanium Dioxide CAS 13463-67-7

15 mg/m³10 mg/m³

>3

HMIS Hazard Rating: Health: 0 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0 Personal Protection: A**Section 3 - Physical/Chemical Characteristics****Boiling Point (°F):****Specific Gravity
(H₂O = 1):****Vapor Density
(Air = 1):****Vapor Pressure
(mm Hg):**

N/A

1.5 to 1.9

N/A

N/A

Melting Point (° F):**Evaporation Rate:
(Butyl Acetate = 1)****Solubility in Water:**

642° (347°C)

Not Soluble

VOC Level (g/l): 0**Appearance And Color:**

White tape

Odor: None**Section 4 - Fire And Explosion Hazard Data****Flash Point:****Flammable Limits:****LEL:****UEL:**

N/A (Non-Burning)

N/A

N/A

Extinguishing Media: Use media suitable for surrounding fire.**Special Firefighting Procedures:**

Use self contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing. Use methods suitable for surrounding fire if involved with other chemicals.

Unusual Fire And Explosion Hazards:

Product will emit toxic fumes at high temperatures. Above 800°F Tetrafluoroethylene; Above 825°F Hexafluoropropylene; Above 885°F Perfluoroisobutylene; Above 930°F Carbonyl Fluoride
Toxic fumes of Hydrogen Fluoride may be released in a fire. Hydrogen Fluoride may react with water to form Hydrofluoric Acid.

Continued on Next Page

Section 5 - Reactivity Data

Stability: Stable **Conditions To Avoid:** Heating above 500°F for prolonged periods.

Incompatibility (Materials To Avoid): Molten alkali metals; Interhalogen compounds.

Hazardous Decomposition: See section 4 of MSDS

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

Section 6 - Health Hazard Data

Routes of Entry: **Inhalation** N/A **Skin** N/A **Ingestion** N/A

Health Hazards:

Inhalation: N/A

Eyes: Mechanical irritation

Skin: Not likely to cause skin irritation and is not likely to be absorbed through the skin

Ingestion: PTFE has been shown to be inert when ingested by rats. The effects of pigmented PTFE are unknown.

Carcinogenicity: **NTP** NO **IARC** NO **OSHA Regulated** NO

Signs And Symptoms of Exposure:

Inhalation of fumes from overheated or burning PTFE may cause Flu like transient sickness with fever and chills. Symptoms typically recede within 48 hours. If symptoms occur, consult a physician.

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated By Exposure:

Respiratory inflammation

Emergency And First Aid Procedures:

If exposed to fumes, move to fresh air. Get medical attention.

Continued on Next Page

Section 7 - Precautions For Safe Handling And Use:**Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled:**

Sweep up. Material can be slippery, especially when wet.

Waste Disposal Method:

Dispose of as harmless organic waste. Burning not recommended. Follow local, state and federal regulations.

Precautions To Be Taken In Handling And Storing:

No unusual precautions. Storage at or below 70°F suggested.

Other Precautions:

None

Section 8 - Control Measures:**Respiratory Protection:**

N/A except as above

Ventilation: Local Exhaust N/A
Mechanical N/A

Special N/A

Gloves: None required

Other: N/A

Eye Protection: Goggles, if contact with eye is probable.

Other Protective
Clothing: N/A

Work/Hygienic Practices: N/A



FACTS
axed
AST!

For Hercules Material Safety Data Sheets by fax anytime, day or night, just call 1-800-942-INFO (1-800-942-4636) from any Touch-Tone phone. Have your fax number ready. Checking the product label for the correct MSDS # will save time.

Material Safety Data Sheet

Used to comply with OSHA's Hazard
Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

SECTION I - NAME AND PRODUCT

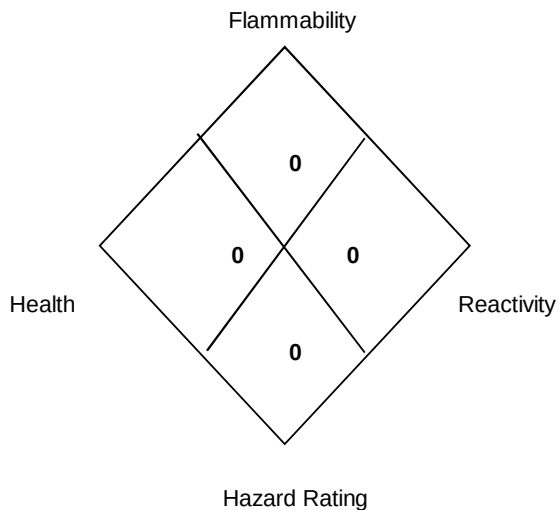
Company Name: Flexovit Abrasives

Address: 1305 Eden-Evans Road
Angola, NY 14006

Phone: 1-800-689-3539

Date Updated: 11/1/2011

Product: Vitrified Bench Grinder Wheels



NFPA HAZARD RATING CODE

SECTION II - COMPOSITION

Ingredient	% By Weight	OSHA Regulate	Cas #	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other Limits	Carcinogen
Aluminium Oxide	+ .50%	N/A	1344-28-1	15 mg/m ³	10 mg/m ³	N/A	No
A, 28A, 29A, 59A, 83A, 13A, WA, PA, RA							
Silicon Carbide	+ .50%	N/A	409-21-2	10 mg/m ³	10 mg/m ³	N/A	No
72C, 74C, C, GC							
Structural Claws	+6%		N/A				

SECTION III - PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Physical State	N/A	Boiling Point	N/A	Specific Gravity (H ₂ O=1)	1.7-2.5
Vapor Pressure (mm HG)	N/A	Freezing Point	N/A	Odor Threshold	N/A
Vapor Density (Air=1)	N/A	Melting Point	N/A	pH	N/A
Solubility in Water	N/A	% Volatile	N/A	Evaporation Rate	N/A
Odor/Appearance	Solid, may give off slight odor in use		Coefficient of Water/Oil Distribution		N/A

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

Means Of Extinction	Water	Lower And Upper Explosion Limits	N/A
Flammable Limits	N/A	Special Fire Fighting Procedures	None
Flash Point	N/A	Unusual Fire or Explosion Hazards	None, does not burn or explode

SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Stable

FLEXOVIT USA, INC

Incompatibility (Materials To Avoid): Avoid strong acids of all types with pH<4.0

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

Hazardous Byproducts: Grinding dust may produce respiratory hazard

SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Route(s) of Entry	Signs and Symptoms of Exposure	Emergency & First-Aid Procedures
Inhalation	May affect breathing capacity Inhalation, coughing, shortness of breath	-Inhalation overexposure: remove to fresh air and contact physician if needed
Skin	Irritation	-Skin contact: wash affected areas with soap and water, obtain medical assistance if needed
Eyes	Irritation	-Eye contact: wash with water, obtain medical assistance if needed
Ingestion	N/A	-Ingestion: no known adverse affects, but advisable to obtain medical assistance

SECTION VII- STORAGE HANDLING AND USE PROCEDURES

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled: Ventilate area and collect material in safe manner

Waste disposal method: Standard landfill methods with federal, state, and local laws

Precautions to be taken in handling and storage: Avoid mechanic damage, handle and store in accordance with ANSI B7.1,

Inspect wheel prior to mounting, Make sure machine speed is compatible to speed of wheel

Other precautions: Follow ANSI Safety Code B7.1 for the use, care, and protection of abrasive wheels

SECTION VIII- CONTROL MEASURES

Protection	Requirements and Referrals
Respiratory	Approved dust respirators required, see OSHA 29 CFR 1910-134
Ventilation	Local exhaust required; Mechanical (general) recommended
Protective Gloves	As desired by operator
Eye Protection	Required, see OSHA CFR 1910-133
Hearing Protection	Where required, see OSHA 29CFR 1910-134
Hygienic Practices	N/A
Other	If applicable (apron), face shield, machine guards

COMPANY USE

The information and recommendations set forth herein are taken from sources and references believed to be accurate and complete as of the date hereof. However, Flexovit® U.S.A., Inc. makes no expressed or implied warranty with respect to the accuracy of the information or the suitability of the recommendations, and assumes no liability to any user thereof.



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
Vitrified Grinding Wheels
MSDS #3

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identity / Trade Name: Vitrified Grinding Wheels, Including Surface Grinding Wheels (Type 1) and Mounted Points.

Product Use: Abrasive materials used for cutting and grinding of metals, concrete, masonry and building materials.

Manufacturer: Mailing Address
United Abrasives, Inc.
P.O. Box 75
Willimantic, CT 06226

Physical Address
United Abrasives, Inc.
185 Boston Post Road
North Windham, CT 06256

Internet: www.unitedabrasives.com

Information Phone: (860) 456-7131 **Emergency Phone:** (860) 456-7131

MSDS Date of Preparation: December 1, 2009

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This product is a black, brown or reddish colored solid wheel with no odor.

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Dust may cause eye and respiratory irritation. Dust particles may cause abrasive injury to the eyes.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Component	CAS #	%
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	0-100
and/or		
Silicon Carbide	409-21-2	0-100

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Ingestion: If grinding dust is swallowed, seek medical attention.

Inhalation: If overexposed to grinding dust, remove victim to fresh air and get medical attention.

Eye Contact: Flush eyes thoroughly with water, holding open eyelids. Get medical attention if irritation persists. Obtain immediate medical attention for foreign body in the eye.

Skin Contact: Wash dust from skin with soap and water. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Use any media that is appropriate for the surrounding fire.

Special Firefighting Procedures: None needed.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: This product is not combustible, however, consideration must be given to the potential fire/explosion hazards from the base material being processed. Many materials create flammable/explosive dusts or turnings when machined or ground.

Hazardous Combustion Products: None known.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Pick up, sweep up or vacuum and place in a container for disposal. Minimize generation of dust. Notify authorities as required by local, state and federal regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Recommended Work Practices: Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly after handling and use, especially before eating, drinking or smoking. Refer to ANSI B7.1, Safety Requirements for the Use, Care and Protection of Abrasive Wheels for additional information. Consider potential exposure to components of the base materials or coatings being ground. Refer to OSHA's substance specific standards for additional work practice requirements where applicable.

Storage: Store in accordance with ANSI B7.1. Protect abrasive wheels from damage.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines:

Hazardous Component	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Aluminum Oxide	15 mg/m ³ (total dust)	1 mg/m ³ (respirable) (as Al metal)
Silicon Carbide	15 mg/m ³ (total dust)	10 mg/m ³ (Inhalable fraction)

Note: Consider also components of base materials and coatings being ground.

Ventilation: Use local exhaust or general ventilation as required to minimize exposure to dust and maintain the concentration of contaminants below the TLVs.

Respiratory Protection: Use NIOSH approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or where dust exposures are excessive. Consider the potential for exposure to components of the coatings or base material being ground in selecting proper respiratory protection. Refer to OSHA's specific standards for lead, cadmium, etc. where appropriate. Selection of respiratory protection depends on the contaminant type, form and concentration. Select and use respirators in accordance with OSHA 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice.

Gloves: Cloth or leather gloves recommended.

Eye Protection: Safety goggles or face shield over safety glasses with side shields.

Other: Protective clothing as needed to prevent contamination of personal clothing. Hearing protection may be required.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: Not Applicable

Solubility in Water: Insoluble

Specific Gravity: Not Applicable

Melting Point: Not Applicable

Flammable Limits: LEL: Not Applicable

Vapor Pressure: (mm Hg) Not Applicable

Vapor Density: (Air = 1) Not Applicable

Evaporation Rate: Not Applicable

Flash Point: Non-Combustible

UEL: Not Applicable

Appearance and Odor: Black, gray, brown or reddish colored solid wheel, no odor.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable

Incompatibility: None known.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Dust from grinding could contain ingredients listed in Section 3 and other, potentially more hazardous components of the base material being ground or coatings applied to the base material.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

HEALTH HAZARDS:

Ingestion: None expected under normal use conditions. Swallowing large pieces may cause obstruction of the gastrointestinal tract.

Inhalation: Dust may cause respiratory irritation.

Eye: Dust may cause eye irritation. Dust particles may cause abrasive injury to the eyes.

Skin: None expected under normal use conditions. Rubbing product across the skin may cause mechanical irritation or abrasions.

Sensitization: This material is not known to cause sensitization.

Chronic: Long-term overexposure to respirable dust may cause lung damage (fibrosis) with symptoms of coughing, shortness of breath and diminished breathing capacity. Chronic effects may be aggravated by smoking. Prolonged exposure to elevated noise levels during operations may affect hearing. A greater hazard, in most cases, is the exposure to the dust/fumes from the material or paint/coatings being ground. Most of the dust generated during grinding is from the base material being ground and the potential hazard from this exposure must be evaluated.

Carcinogenicity: None of the components is listed as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA, NTP or IARC.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Employees with pre-existing respiratory disease may be at risk from exposure.

Acute Toxicity Values:

This product and its components are not acutely toxic. No specific toxicity data is available for this product or its components.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No ecological data is available for this product. No hazards to the environment are expected from this product. However, consideration must be given to potential environment effects of the base material being processed.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose in accordance with all applicable local, state/provincial and federal regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional and national requirements. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical characteristics of the material to determine the proper waste identification and disposal in compliance with applicable regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Hazardous Materials Description:

Proper Shipping Name: Not Regulated

UN Number: None

Hazard Class/Packing Group: None

Labels Required: None

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories: Not Applicable

SARA Section 313: This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372 (Toxic Chemical Release Reporting):

None

California Proposition 65: WARNING You create dust when you cut, sand, drill or grind materials such as wood, paint, cement, masonry or metal. This dust often contains chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Canadian WHMIS Classification: Not a controlled product. This product meets the definition of a "manufactured article" under the WHMIS regulations.

This product has been classified under the CPR and this MSDS discloses information elements required by the CPR.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Hazard Rating: Health: 1
Fire: 0
Reactivity: 0

Date Previous Revision: 12/13/2006

Date This Revision: 12/1/09

Revision Summary: Section 3 Components; Section 5 Removed Flammable Limits; Section 8 Exposure Limits; Comprehensive Review

Prepared By: Denese A. Deeds, CIH IH&SC Inc., Woodbridge, CT 06525

The preceding information is believed to be correct and current as of the date of preparation of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use of this product are not within the control of United Abrasives, Inc., it is the user's obligation to assure safe use of this product.



Safety Data Sheet

1 - Identification

Product Name: WD-40 Multi-Use Product Aerosol <i>NOT FOR SALE IN CALIFORNIA</i>	Manufacturer: WD-40 Company Address: 1061 Cudahy Place (92110) P.O. Box 80607 San Diego, California, USA 92138 -0607
Product Use: Lubricant, Penetrant, Drives Out Moisture, Removes and Protects Surfaces From Corrosion	Telephone: Emergency only: 1-888-324-7596 (PROSAR) Information: 1-888-324-7596 Chemical Spills: 1-800-424-9300 (Chemtrec) 1-703-527-3887 (International Calls)
Restrictions on Use: None identified	
SDS Date Of Preparation: 07/20/2014	

2 – Hazards Identification

Hazcom 2012/GHS Classification:

Flammable Aerosol Category 1

Gas Under Pressure: Compressed Gas

Aspiration Toxicity Category 1

Note: This product is a consumer product and is labeled in accordance with the US Consumer Product Safety Commission regulations which take precedence over OSHA Hazard Communication labeling. The actual container label will not include the label elements below. The labeling below applies to industrial/professional products.

Label Elements:



DANGER!

Extremely Flammable Aerosol.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Prevention

Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces – No smoking.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Response

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage

Store locked up.

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local and national regulations.

3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS #	Weight Percent	US Hazcom 2012/ GHS Classification
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	45-50	Flammable Liquid Category 3

			Aspiration Toxicity Category 1
Petroleum Base Oil	64742-56-9 64742-65-0 64742-53-6 64742-54-7 64742-71-8	<25	Not Hazardous
LVP Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	12-18	Aspiration Toxicity Category 1
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	2-3	Simple Asphyxiant Gas Under Pressure, Compressed Gas
Non-Hazardous Ingredients	Mixture	<10	Not Hazardous

Note: The exact percentages are a trade secret.

4 – First Aid Measures

Ingestion (Swallowed): Aspiration Hazard. DO NOT induce vomiting. Call physician, poison control center or the WD-40 Safety Hotline at 1-888-324-7596 immediately.

Eye Contact: Flush thoroughly with water. Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes and continue flushing for several more minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention.

Inhalation (Breathing): If irritation is experienced, move to fresh air. Get medical attention if irritation or other symptoms develop and persist.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: May cause eye and respiratory irritation. Inhalation may cause coughing, headache and dizziness. Skin contact may cause drying of the skin.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention/Special Treatment Needed: Immediate medical attention is needed for ingestion.

5 – Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable (and unsuitable) Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam. Do not use water jet or flooding amounts of water. Burning product will float on the surface and spread fire.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical: Contents under pressure. Keep away from ignition sources and open flames. Exposure of containers to extreme heat and flames can cause them to rupture often with violent force. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along surfaces to remote ignition sources and flash back. Combustion will produce oxides of carbon and hydrocarbons.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-Fighters: Firefighters should always wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. Cool fire-exposed containers with water. Use shielding to protect against bursting containers.

6 – Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures: Wear appropriate protective clothing (see Section 8). Eliminate all sources of ignition and ventilate area.

Methods and Materials for Containment/Cleanup: Leaking cans should be placed in a plastic bag or open pail until the pressure has dissipated. Contain and collect liquid with an inert absorbent and place in a container for disposal. Clean spill area thoroughly. Report spills to authorities as required.

7 – Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling: Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged contact with skin. Avoid breathing vapors or aerosols. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, sparks, pilot lights, hot surfaces and open flames. Unplug electrical tools, motors and appliances before spraying or bringing the can near any source of electricity. Electricity can burn a hole in the can and cause contents to burst into flames. To avoid serious burn injury, do not let the can touch battery terminals, electrical connections on motors or appliances or any other source of electricity. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Keep containers closed when not in use. Keep out of the reach of children. Do not puncture, crush or incinerate containers, even when empty.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Store in a cool, well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials Do not store above 120°F or in direct sunlight. U.F.C (NFPA 30B) Level 3 Aerosol. Store away from oxidizers.

8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical	Occupational Exposure Limits
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	1200 mg/m3 TWA (manufacturer recommended)
Petroleum Base Oil	5 mg/m3 TWA, 10 mg/m3 STEL ACGIH TLV 5 mg/m3 TWA OSHA PEL
LVP Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	1200 mg/m3 TWA (manufacturer recommended)
Carbon Dioxide	5000 ppm TWA (OSHA/ACGIH), 30,000 ppm STEL (ACGIH)
Non-Hazardous Ingredients	None Established

The Following Controls are Recommended for Normal Consumer Use of this Product

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Use in a well-ventilated area.

Personal Protection:

Eye Protection: Avoid eye contact. Always spray away from your face.

Skin Protection: Avoid prolonged skin contact. Chemical resistant gloves recommended for operations where skin contact is likely.

Respiratory Protection: None needed for normal use with adequate ventilation.

For Bulk Processing or Workplace Use the Following Controls are Recommended

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Use adequate general and local exhaust ventilation to maintain exposure levels below that occupational exposure limits.

Personal Protection:

Eye Protection: Safety goggles recommended where eye contact is possible.

Skin Protection: Wear chemical resistant gloves.

Respiratory Protection: None required if ventilation is adequate. If the occupational exposure limits are exceeded, wear a NIOSH approved respirator. Respirator selection and use should be based on contaminant type, form and concentration. Follow OSHA 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2 and good Industrial Hygiene practice.

Work/Hygiene Practices: Wash with soap and water after handling.

9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Light amber liquid	Flammable Limits: (Solvent Portion)	LEL: 0.6% UEL: 8%
Odor:	Mild petroleum odor	Vapor Pressure:	95-115 PSI @ 70°F
Odor Threshold:	Not established	Vapor Density:	Greater than 1 (air=1)
pH:	Not Applicable	Relative Density:	0.8 – 0.82 @ 60°F
Melting/Freezing Point	Not established	Solubilities:	Insoluble in water
Boiling Point/Range:	361 - 369°F (183 - 187°C)	Partition Coefficient; n-octanol/water:	Not established
Flash Point:	122°F (49°C) Tag Closed Cup (concentrate)	Autoignition Temperature:	Not established
Evaporation Rate:	Not established	Decomposition Temperature:	Not established
Flammability (solid, gas)	Flammable Aerosol	Viscosity:	2.79-2.96 cSt @ 100°F
VOC:	412 grams/liter (49.5%)	Pour Point:	-63°C (-81.4°F) ASTM D-97

10 – Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Not reactive under normal conditions

Chemical Stability: Stable

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: May react with strong oxidizers generating heat.

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition. Do not puncture or incinerate containers.

Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

11 – Toxicological Information

Symptoms of Overexposure:

Inhalation: High concentrations may cause nasal and respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects such as headache, dizziness and nausea. Intentional abuse may be harmful or fatal.

Skin Contact: Prolonged and/or repeated contact may produce mild irritation and defatting with possible dermatitis.

Eye Contact: Contact may be irritating to eyes. May cause redness and tearing.

Ingestion: This product has low oral toxicity. Swallowing may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. This product is an aspiration hazard. If swallowed, can enter the lungs and may cause chemical pneumonitis, severe lung damage and death.

Chronic Effects: None expected.

Carcinogen Status: None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by IARC, NTP, ACGIH or OSHA.

Reproductive Toxicity: None of the components is considered a reproductive hazard.

Numerical Measures of Toxicity:

The oral toxicity of this product is estimated to be greater than 5,000 mg/kg and the dermal toxicity greater than 2,000 mg/kg based on an assessment of the ingredients. This product is not classified as toxic by established criteria. It is an aspiration hazard.

12 – Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: No specific aquatic toxicity data is currently available, however components of this product are not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms

Persistence and Degradability: Component are readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative Potential: Bioaccumulation is not expected based on an assessment of the ingredients.

Mobility in Soil: No data available

Other Adverse Effects: None known

13 - Disposal Considerations

If this product becomes a waste, it would be expected to meet the criteria of a RCRA ignitable hazardous waste (D001). However, it is the responsibility of the generator to determine at the time of disposal the proper classification and method of disposal. Do not puncture or incinerate containers, even empty. Dispose in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

14 – Transportation Information

DOT Surface Shipping Description:

UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1 Ltd. Qty (Note: Shipping Papers are not required for Limited Quantities unless transported by air or vessel – each package must be marked with the Limited Quantity Mark)

IMDG Shipping Description: Un1950, Aerosols, 2.1, LTD QTY

ICAO Shipping Description: UN1950, Aerosols, flammable, 2.1 NOTE: WD-40 does not test aerosol cans to assure that they meet the pressure and other requirements for transport by air. We do not recommend that our aerosol products be transported by air.

15 – Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA 103 Reportable Quantity: This product is not subject to CERCLA reporting requirements, however, oil spills are reportable to the National Response Center under the Clean Water Act and many

states have more stringent release reporting requirements. Report spills required under federal, state and local regulations.

SARA TITLE III:

Hazard Category For Section 311/312: Acute Health, Fire Hazard, Sudden Release of Pressure

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: This product contains the following chemicals subject to SARA Title III

Section 313 Reporting requirements: None

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (TPQ): None

EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Status: All of the components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

VOC Regulations: This product complies with the consumer product VOC limits of the US EPA and states adopting the OTC VOC rules but does not comply with CARB.

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65): This product does not contain chemicals regulated under California Proposition 65.

Canadian Environmental Protection Act: One of the components is listed on the NDSL. All of the other ingredients are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List or exempt from notification.

Canadian WHMIS Classification: Class A (Compressed gas), Class B-5 (Flammable Aerosol)

This MSDS has been prepared according to the criteria of the Controlled Products Regulation (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

16 – Other Information:

HMIS Hazard Rating:

Health – 1 (slight hazard), Fire Hazard – 4 (severe hazard), Reactivity – 0 (minimal hazard)

Revision Date: July 20, 2014

Supersedes: May 23, 2014

Revision Summary: Convert to Hazcom 2012. Changes in all sections.

Prepared by: Industrial Health & Safety Consultants, Inc. Shelton, CT, USA

APPROVED By: I. Kowalski

Regulatory Affairs Dept.

5049000/No.0015205

IRWIN Chalk – White, Standard	October 23, 2013
	Revision 1

1. PRODUCT and COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Commercial Product Name: IRWIN Chalk – White, Standard

Company: IRWIN Tools

Use of product: Snap line, mark

Emergency contact: 1-800-464-7946 8:00am-5:00pm Monday-Friday

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:** Non-combustible white solid powder with no odor. Irritating to eyes, skin, and respiratory system. Exposure to large quantities of this material may cause acute irritation of eyes and difficulty breathing.**OSHA GHS Hazard Statements (Warning Label)****DANGER – May cause cancer (lung) (Category 1A)****Hazard Ratings:****Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS):**

Health 1*, Flammability 0, Reactivity 0 *chronic effects

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):

Health 1, Flammability 0, Reactivity 0

Eye: May cause irritation. Chalk dust is discomforting and abrasive to the eyes.**Skin:** Prolonged skin contact may cause irritation. When the product is used as intended, it is unlikely to cause discomfort.**Ingestion:** Ingestion of large amounts may cause gastrointestinal irritation. Ingestion is considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial or industrial environments.**Inhalation:** Low hazard when the product is used as intended.**Chronic:** Repeated and prolonged inhalation exposure to crystalline silica dust above exposure limits may cause delayed, chronic lung injury (silicosis). When the product is used as intended, dust levels should not exceed exposure limits. See Sections 8 and 11.

Obtain special instructions before use. May cause cancer by inhalation. Avoid breathing dust or fume. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes mild skin irritation. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance name	Value (%)	CAS No.	EC No.
Calcium carbonate	99-99.9	471-34-1	207-439-9
Silica (crystalline quartz) ¹	0.1 - 1	14808-60-7	238-878-4

¹ Calcium carbonate may contain crystalline silica at levels between 0.1 and 1.0 % and varies naturally.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

IRWIN Chalk – White, Standard

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. Encourage the patient to blow nose to ensure clear breathing passages. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid if cough or other symptoms appear.

Skin contact: Wet clothing first to minimize dust generation, then; remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Launder contaminated clothing before wearing again. Wash affected area with water (and soap if available) Get medical aid in the event of irritation.

Eye contact: Do not rub eyes, rubbing may cause abrasions. Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid.

Ingestion: Wash mouth out with plenty of water. Get medical aid.

Additional advice: Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Substance is noncombustible.

Explosion: No information found.

Specific hazards: Not considered to be a significant fire risk, however; the containers may burn, releasing carbon monoxide, and carbon dioxide.

Special protective equipment for Firefighters: As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8.

Environmental precautions: Do not allow this material to be released to the environment without proper governmental permits.

Methods for cleaning up: Recover the product whenever possible. Avoid generating dust when sweeping/shoveling up. If required, wet the material with water to prevent creating dust. Pick up and place in a suitable container for reclamation or disposal. Follow applicable OSHA regulations (29 CFR 1910.120)

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Storage: Store this product in a tightly-closed container in a dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances.

Handling: Avoid creating, or breathing dust. Practice good personal hygiene, (hand washing, etc.) after using this product. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Packaging material: No information found.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

IRWIN Chalk – White, Standard

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Component	CAS No.	% by weight	Exposure Limit 8-Hour TWA ¹ (mg/m ³)		
			OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH REL
Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	471-34-1; (1317-65-3)	99-99.9	15 ² 5 ³	10 ²	10 ² 5 ³
Silica-Crystalline Quartz ⁴	14808-60-7	0.1-1.0	10 ^{2,5} , 3.3 ^{3,5}	0.05 ³	0.05 ³

¹ TWA = Time-weighted average

² Total dust.

³ Respirable dust.

⁴ Calcium carbonate may contain crystalline silica at levels between 0.1 and 1.0 % and varies naturally.

⁵ Using the OSHA quartz formula, this PEL was calculated assuming crystalline silica content of 1.0% in this ingredient.

Exposure and Engineering Controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should have potable water available for washing eyes and skin. Use sufficient general area (or outdoor) ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation should be used if airborne concentrations of dust exceed limits cited in Section 8.

Personal protective equipment:

Hand protection: Wear protective gloves

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses, or chemical goggles in windy conditions or where eye contact is possible.

Hygiene measures: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Environmental exposure controls: No information found.

Respiratory protection: When engineering controls are not sufficient to reduce exposure, seek professional advice prior to respirator selection and use. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Always use a NIOSH or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator when necessary.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Powder
Color:	White
Odor:	Odorless.
pH (at 10% solids):	8.5-9.5.
Boiling point/range:	No data available.
Melting point/range:	Decomposes at 1,517 °F (825°C).
Flash point:	No data available.
Evaporation rate:	No data available.
Vapor density:	No data available.
Solubility in water:	<0.0002 (Trace)
Explosive properties:	No data available.
Oxidizing properties:	No data available.
Vapor pressure:	No data available.
Relative density (H ₂ O=1):	2.70-2.71.
Viscosity:	No data available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	No data available.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

IRWIN Chalk – White, Standard

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, calcium oxide.

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidizing agents, acids, aluminum, fluorine, magnesium

Conditions to avoid: Incompatible materials, moisture.

Hazardous Polymerization: Does not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Note: Toxicological effects described in this section are those that would be expected based on data from the components of this product.

Acute toxicity: Calcium carbonate (CAS# 471-34-1): Draize test, rabbit, eye: 750 ug/24H Severe; Draize test, rabbit, skin: 500 mg/24H Moderate; Oral, rat: LD50 = 6,450mg/kg.

Inhalation: (Silica, crystalline quartz) Human: LC_{Lo}: 300 µg/m³/ intermittent exposure over a 10-year period produced pulmonary system effects.

Skin contact: (Calcium carbonate) Rabbit: 500mg administered for 24 hours produces moderate skin irritation.

Eye contact: (Calcium carbonate) Rabbit: 0.750 mg administered for 24 hours produced severe irritation.

Ingestion: (Calcium carbonate) Rat: LD₅₀: 6,450 mg/kg.

Chronic toxicity/Carcinogenicity: Repeated and prolonged inhalation exposure to crystalline silica dust above exposure limits may cause delayed, chronic lung injury (silicosis). When the product is used as intended, dust levels should not exceed exposure limits.

Quartz – crystalline silica:

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has designated this substance Group 1, "carcinogenic to humans".

The National Toxicology Program (NTP) has designated this substance: Group K "known to be a human carcinogen"

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has designated this substance A2; suspected human carcinogen. The agent is carcinogenic in experimental animals at dose levels, by route of administration, at sites of histologic type(s) or by mechanism(s) considered relevant to worker exposure. Available epidemiologic studies are conflicting or insufficient to confirm an increased risk of cancer in exposed humans.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Bioaccumulation: No information found.

Ecotoxicity effects: No information found.

Limestone (which is primarily composed of calcium carbonate) is not classified as a "Toxic pollutant" or a "hazardous substance under Section 307 and 311 of the United States Clean Water Act.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from residues of this product is not a hazardous waste according to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulations. Disposal by landfill may be acceptable.

Consult an expert on the disposal of recovered material for compliance with state, provincial, and/or local regulations.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

IRWIN Chalk – White, Standard

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT: Not regulated

ADR/RID: Not regulated

IMDG: Not regulated

ICAO/IATA: Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal Regulations

OSHA: Ingredients are listed as air contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000).

Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act): All components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

CERCLA: Hazardous Substance, (40 CFR 302.4): Not Listed.
Extremely Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 355): Not Listed.

SARA Hazard Category: This product has been reviewed according to the EPA "Hazard Categories" promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following category:

"An immediate (acute) and chronic health hazard."

Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of SARA and 40 CFR Part 372: None.

STATE REGULATIONS:

California's "Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986" (Proposition 65)

This product contains the following Proposition 65 regulated materials known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm. The listed typical amounts are a result of their natural presence in the raw materials from which this product is produced.

Silica-crystalline quartz	equal to, or less than 1.0 percent

CANADA WHIMS: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulation (CPR), and the SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

WHIMS Classification: D2A

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The contents and format of this SDS are in accordance with the U.S. Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200; the Canadian CPR, and Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS); and EEC Commission Directive 1999/45/EC, and EEC

SAFETY DATA SHEET

IRWIN Chalk – White, Standard

Commission Regulation 1907/2006/EC (REACH) Annex II.

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY The information in this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable. However, the information is provided without any warranty, express or implied, regarding its correctness. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use or disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product. This SDS was prepared and is to be used only for this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.

End of document

Safety Data Sheet

according to Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR 1910.1200



WINDEX® MULTI-SURFACE ANTIBACTERIAL

Version 1.2

Print Date 03/04/2015

Revision Date 02/25/2015

SDS Number 350000004960

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product information

Product name : WINDEX® MULTI-SURFACE ANTIBACTERIAL

Recommended use : Disinfectant

Manufacturer, importer, supplier : S.C. Johnson & Son, Inc.
1525 Howe Street
Racine WI 53403-2236

Telephone : +18005585252

Emergency telephone number : 24 Hour Medical Emergency Phone: (866)231-5406
24 Hour International Emergency Phone: (703)527-3887
24 Hour Transport Emergency Phone: (800)424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Globally Harmonized System (GHS) Classification

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in any hazard class according to regulation OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Labelling

Precautionary statements

Other hazards : None identified

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight percent
Isopropanol	67-63-0	1.00 - 5.00
Ethyleneglycol Monohexylether	112-25-4	1.00 - 5.00
Lactic Acid	79-33-4	0.10 - 1.00

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

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For additional information on product ingredients, see www.whatsinsidescjohnson.com.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye contact	: No special requirements
Skin contact	: No special requirements
Inhalation	: No special requirements.
Ingestion	: No special requirements

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Specific hazards during firefighting	: Container may melt and leak in heat of fire.
Further information	: Although this product has a flash point below 200 Deg F, it is an aqueous solution containing an alcohol and does not sustain combustion. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Standard procedure for chemical fires. Wear full protective clothing and positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions	: Wash thoroughly after handling.
Environmental precautions	: Outside of normal use, avoid release to the environment.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	: Dike large spills.

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7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Precautions for safe handling : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
For personal protection see section 8.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AND PETS.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Storage

Requirements for storage areas and containers : Keep container closed when not in use.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	mg/m3	ppm	Non-standard units	Basis
Isopropanol	67-63-0	980 mg/m3	400 ppm	-	OSHA TWA
Isopropanol	67-63-0	-	400 ppm	-	ACGIH STEL
Isopropanol	67-63-0	-	200 ppm	-	ACGIH TWA

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : No special requirements.

Hand protection : No special requirements.

Eye protection : No special requirements.

Skin and body protection : No special requirements.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash thoroughly after handling.

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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form	: liquid
Color	: clear
Odor	: characteristic
Odour Threshold	: No data available
pH	: 2.3 - 3.3
Melting point/freezing point	: No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: No data available
Flash point	: 51 °C 123.8 °F Method: Tag Closed Cup (TCC)
Evaporation rate	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Does not sustain combustion.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: similar to water
Vapour density	: No data available

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Relative density	: 0.996 g/cm3	
Solubility(ies)	: completely soluble	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: No data available	
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available	
Decomposition temperature	: No data available	
Viscosity, dynamic	: similar to water	
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available	
Oxidizing properties	: No data available	
Volatile Organic Compounds Total VOC (wt. %)*	: 3 % - additional exemptions may apply *as defined by US Federal and State Consumer Product Regulations	
Other information	: None identified	:

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Conditions to avoid	: Direct sources of heat.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidizing agents

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Hazardous decomposition products : Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapours.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Emergency Overview : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in any hazard class according to regulation OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Acute oral toxicity : LD50
estimated
> 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50
estimated
> 5.59 mg/l

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50
estimated
> 5,000 mg/kg

GHS Properties	Classification	Routes of entry
Acute toxicity	No classification proposed	-
Skin corrosion/irritation	No classification proposed	-
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	No classification proposed	-
Skin sensitisation	No classification proposed	-
Respiratory sensitisation	No classification proposed	-
Germ cell mutagenicity	No classification proposed	-
Carcinogenicity	No classification proposed	-
Reproductive toxicity	No classification proposed	-
Specific target organ	No classification proposed	-

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toxicity - single exposure		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	No classification proposed	-
Aspiration hazard	No classification proposed	-

Aggravated Medical Condition : None known.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product : The product itself has not been tested.

Toxicity

The ingredients in this formula have been reviewed and no adverse impact to the environment is expected when used according to label directions.

Toxicity to fish

Components	End point	Species	Value	Exposure time
Isopropanol	LC50	Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)	9,640 mg/l	96 h
Ethyleneglycol Monohexylether	static test LC50	Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)	140 mg/l	96 h
Lactic Acid	static test LC50	Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	100 - 180 mg/l	96 h

Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Components	End point	Species	Value	Exposure time
Isopropanol	EC50	Daphnia magna (Water flea)	13,299 mg/l	48 h

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Ethyleneglycol Monohexylether	static test EC50	Daphnia magna (Water flea)	145 mg/l	48 h
Lactic Acid	static test EC50	Daphnia magna (Water flea)	130 mg/l	48 h

Toxicity to aquatic plants

Components	End point	Species	Value	Exposure time
Isopropanol	EC50	Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)	> 1,000 mg/l	72 h
Ethyleneglycol Monohexylether	static test EC50	Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)	147.128 mg/l	96 h
Lactic Acid	static test EC50	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)	> 2,800 mg/l	72 h

Persistence and degradability

Component	Biodegradation	Exposure time	Summary
Isopropanol	53 %	5 d	Readily biodegradable
Ethyleneglycol Monohexylether	96.8 %	20 d	Readily biodegradable
Lactic Acid	67 %	20 d	

Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Partition Coefficient n- Octanol/water (log)

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Isopropanol	0.96 estimated	0.05
Ethyleneglycol Monohexylether	5.8 estimated	1.97
Lactic Acid	No data available	-0.62

Mobility

Component	End point	Value
Isopropanol	No data available	
Ethyleneglycol Monohexylether	Koc	10 estimated
Lactic Acid	log Koc	< 1.32

PBT and vPvB assessment

Component	Results
Isopropanol	Not fulfilling PBT and vPvB criteria
Ethyleneglycol Monohexylether	Not fulfilling PBT and vPvB criteria
Lactic Acid	Not fulfilling PBT and vPvB criteria

Other adverse effects : None known.**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Consumer may discard empty container in trash, or recycle where facilities exist.
For disposal information, please read and follow Disposal instructions on the pesticide label.
Consumer may discard empty container in trash, or recycle where facilities exist.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Please refer to the Bill of Lading/receiving documents for up-to-date shipping information.

Land transport

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Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

Sea transport

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

Air transport

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

FIFRA Labeling

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals.

Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

CAUTION:

Causes slight eye irritation.

Notification status : All ingredients of this product are listed or are excluded from listing on the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

Notification status : All ingredients of this product comply with the New Substances Notification requirements under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA).

California Prop. 65 : This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Registration # / Agency
4822-549/EPA

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS Ratings

Health	1
Flammability	2
Reactivity	0

NFPA Ratings

Health	1
Fire	2
Reactivity	0
Special	-

This information is being provided in accordance with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulation (29 CFR 1910.1200). The information supplied is designed for workplaces where product use and frequency of exposure exceeds that established for the labeled consumer use.

Further information

This document has been prepared using data from sources considered to be technically reliable. It does not constitute a warranty, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy of the information contained herein. Actual conditions of use are beyond the seller's control. User is responsible to evaluate all available information when using product for any particular use and to comply with all Federal, State, Provincial and Local laws and regulations.

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